The Bombay Gazette,

AND INDIAN DAILY NEWS.

No. 4,045. New Series.] BOMBAY: TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 24, 1863. Annual Subscription in advance...Rupees Fifty-two.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

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Is published *twice a month*—namely, on the departure of every Overland Mail from Bombay for Europe. It consists of such Indian and other Eastern Intelligence as has transpired throughout the previous fortnight, and is known to be of general interest in Europe, including all important changes in the disposition of H. M.'s Indian Army and Navy. Reports of the Markets, Shipping, Register of Births, Deaths, and Marriages, &c.

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FOR LONDON.

(To sail early in January 1864.)



MESSRS. SOMES, favorite Ship STAR OF INDIA, A 1 14 years, 1045 Tons register, H. Morris, Commander. This fine vessel has very superior accommodation for Passengers, and carries an experienced Surgeon. For particulars apply to

Bombay, 14th Oct. 1863. W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

FOR LONDON.

(To sail early in January 1864, calling at Cannanore if sufficient inducement offer.)



MESSRS. GREEN'S favorite Passenger Ship the "WINDSOR CASTLE," 1250 Tons, W. Broughton Pryce, Commander. This fine Vessel has excellent accommodation for Passengers, and carries an experienced Surgeon. For particulars apply to

RITCHIE, STEUART & Co.

Bombay, 7th October 1863.

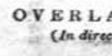
FOR LONDON DIRECT.



THE GLORIANA will positively sail in the beginning of December. All Passages must be engaged on or before the 28th November.

A few Upper Deck Cabins are still vacant. For passages apply to Captain Vaile or to Messrs. EWART, LATHAM & Co.

FOR HAVRE AND BORDEAUX.



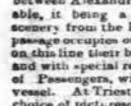
THE first-class fast sailing Ship BERTHE ET LOUISE of 438 Tons Register, having a greater part of her Cargo engaged for Havre, will take a few tons of dead-weight for the above Ports, apply to

DOSSABHOY MERWANJEE & Co.

No. 7, Parsee Bazaar Street.

OVERLAND ROUTE *via* TRIESTE.

(In direct communication with the P. and O. Co.'s Steamers to Suez.)



THE AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S MAIL STEAMERS leave Alexandria direct for Trieste weekly, immediately after the arrival of the Bombay and Calcutta Mails and Passengers from Suez. The distance between Alexandria and Trieste is 200 miles shorter than that between Alexandria and Marseilles and is much more agreeable, it being a coasting trip full of variety of beautiful scenery from the Island of Candia to the port of Trieste. The passage occupies only 4½ to 5 days and the Company employ on this line their best Steamers, built expressly for this service, and with special reference to the accommodation and comfort of Passengers, with an experienced Surgeon on board each vessel. At Trieste the traveller to England has an extensive choice of picturesque and interesting routes, occupying from 3 days 6 hours to 5 days to London at an expense varying from £7 to £13.

The railway between Trieste, Calais and Ostend, is complete throughout.

The Custom-house and Pass-port systems have been considerably modified and need not cause any apprehension of being vexatious or troublesome.

Passengers by the P. and O. Company's Steamers to Suez can have their baggage forwarded by that Company's Steamers to Southampton at a charge of 10s. per cwt., to which the Austrian Lloyd's Agent at Suez will attend.

The undersigned Agents are prepared to grant passage tickets for the Steamers plying between Alexandria and Trieste and for the railway between Suez and Alexandria.

Rates of passage money, including a *liberal* table and steward's fees from Alexandria to Trieste, *first-class* £15; *second-class* £10; *children* under 10 years at *half fare*; under 2 years *free*. *Reduced fares for* FAMILIES, consisting of no less than three members travelling together: *first-class* £12 7/3 per head; *second class* £8-5 per head. Railway tickets from Suez to Alexandria with all the privileges of Passengers by the P. and O Co., *first-class* £7, *second-class* £3 10.; *children* over 3 and under 10 years at *half fare*. For further particulars, apply to

A. H. HUSCHKE & Co.,
Agents for the Austrian Lloyd.

Bombay, 27, Medow Street.

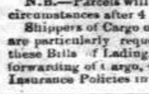
NOTICE.

Travellers by the Overland route *via* Trieste can have their Pass-ports *visèd* for Austria and Prussia by the undersigned

A. C. GUMPERT,
Consul for Austria and Prussia.

Bombay, 27, Medow Street.

STEAM COMMUNICATION TO SUEZ.



THE Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company's Screw Steam-ship JEDDO, (1,632 Tons and 450 H.P.,) Captain J. G. Gribble, will be despatched for Aden and Suez on SUNDAY, the 29th November at 10 A.M., carrying Mails and Passengers for England.

Last Shipping day, Thursday, the 26th instant, after which no Cargo will be received on board.

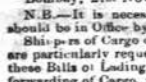
THOMAS BLACK, Superintendent.

P. and O. S. N. Company's Office,
Bombay, 21st November 1863.

N.B.—Parcels will not be received in this Office under any circumstances after 4 P.M. on Thursday, the 26th instant.

Shippers of Cargo on the Company's Black Bills of Lading are particularly requested to note the terms and conditions of these Bills of Lading, with reference to the transhipment and forwarding of Cargo, with a view to the adequateness of their Insurance Policies in respect of the same.

STEAM COMMUNICATION TO POINT DE GALLE, PENANG, SINGAPORE, AND HONGKONG.



THE Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company's Screw Steam-ship CHINA, (2,010 Tons and 400 H.P.,) Captain R. Curling, will be despatched for the above ports on SUNDAY, the 29th November, at 9 A.M., from Mazagon, taking also cargo, and Passengers for Madras and Calcutta.

Last Shipping day, Thursday, the 26th instant. No brokerage will be allowed on any chest of opium not in the ship on the 26th instant.

THOMAS BLACK, Superintendent.

P. and O. S. N Company's Office,
Bombay, 21st November 1863.

N.B.—It is necessary that Bills of Lading and Receipts should be in Office by noon of 27th instant.

Shippers of Cargo on the Company's Black Bills of Lading are particularly requested to note the terms and conditions of these Bills of Lading, with reference to the transhipment and forwarding of Cargo, with a view to the adequateness of their Insurance Policies in respect of the same.

STEAMER FOR GALLE, SINGAPORE, AND HONGKONG.

(Calling at Colombo if sufficient inducement offers.)



THE China Merchant Steam Navigation Company's Screw Steamship UNITED SERVICE, Captain J. S. Gaine, will be despatched for the above Ports on Wednesday the 25th November, instant.

Last shipping day, Monday, the 23rd instant, after which no cargo will be received on board.

For Freight and Passage apply to

BYRAMJEE CURSETJEE Manager.

China Merchant Steam Navigation Co.'s Office,
Bombay, 16th November 1863.

STEAM TO MALABAR COAST AND MADRAS.

THE British India Steam Navigation Company's (Limited) Screw Steam ship MAHARAJ, Captain Kidder, will be despatched to the Malabar Coast on SATURDAY, the 28th instant, at 4 P.M., with Cargo and Passengers, calling at Rutnagherry, Vingorla, Goa, Sudashivghur, Mangalore Cannanore, Calicut, and Cochin, returning by the same route in ten days time.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

N. B.—Goods and Passengers can be conveyed to Madras *via* Beypore by this opportunity.

STEAM TO KURRACHEE.



THE British India Steam Navigation Company's (Limited) Screw Steam Ship TILLY, Captain Taunton, will be despatched to Kurrachee, with Mails, Passengers and Cargo twelve hours after arrival of the Overland Mail.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

FOR SURAT.



THE fast sailing Steamer VICTORIA G. Ahmed, Commander, will sail for the above Port, THIS DAY, TUESDAY, the 24th instant, at 3 P.M. positively.

For Freight and Passage apply to the Manager at the Steamer's Office, Bazar Gate Street.

FOR SURAT.



THE well-known and fast sailing Steamer SIR J. R. CARNAC, T. VanWullen, Commander, will leave for the above Port, THIS DAY, TUESDAY, the 24th instant, at 9 A.M., precisely.

It is requested that Passengers will not go on board without a shipping order from the Office.

For Freight or Passage, apply at the Office, Bazar Gate Street, Fort.

Notices.

BROKER'S LOAN, DISCOUNT, AND BANKING COMPANY (LIMITED).

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that in pursuance of clause XXX. of the Articles of Association, an Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the Bank's Office, on WEDNESDAY, the 2nd December next, at 2 o'clock P. M., to receive and consider the Directors Report

ARDASEER BOMANJEE, Manager.

Bombay, 16th November 1863.

BOMBAY JOINT STOCK BANK.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that a Second Call of Rupees 5 per Share is made payable on or before 10th November, and a Third Call of Rupees 50 per Share on or before 24th November, proximo, both into the hands of Messrs. Ritchie, Steuart and Co.

Any Shares on which the above Calls shall not have been paid within one week from the specified dates will be liable to forfeiture in terms of the 5th Clause of the Preliminary Deed, and if not forfeited, interest on the unpaid Calls will be charged at 12 per cent. per annum.

MICHAEL H. SCOTT.
COWASJEE JEHANGHIER.
G. STEEL.

Bombay, 24th October 1863.

THE ORIGINAL CHRISTY'S MINSTRELS.

PATRONISED BY HER MOST GRACIOUS MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA,

THE NOBILITY OF ENGLAND, AND THE EMPEROR AND EMPRESS OF THE FRENCH.

THE LAST CONCERT BUT TWO.

GRANT ROAD THEATRE,
ON TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 24TH, 1863.

FOR THE BENEFIT OF W. P. COLLINS

BRUDDER BONES, HAVE YOU SEEN SIMPSON?

Burlesque Operatic Dancer, Prima Donna, and late Proprietor of the Original Christy's Minstrels.

First appearance of W. P. Collins in his Musical recitations, with a Laughable Solo on the Japanese Fiddle.

THE MOCKING BIRD, & COME WHERE MY LOVE LIES DREAMING, FOR THE LAST TIME,

First time of the Corn Shucking Song and Dance, entitled,

GOING ROUND THE HORN,

By J. Brown

THE HUTCHINSONS TO-NIGHT FOR THE LAST TIME.

PROGRAMME.

PART I.—MUSICAL.

Medley Overture ... Christy's Minstrels.
Operatic Chorus (Coon Hunt) ... Do. do.
Tell the Bell or Lilly Dale ... C. W. Rayner.
Hen Convention ... W. P. Collins.
Do they think of me at home ... H. Herberte.
Tapioca ... Joe Brown.
Mocking Bird ... W. H. Caster.
Going Home to Dixie ... W. P. Collins.
Come Where My Love Lies Dreaming ... Collins, Rayner, Herberte, & Caster.
Phantom Chorus (from the Opera of La Sonnambula) ... Christy's Minstrels

AN INTERVAL OF TEN MINUTES.

PART II.—MISCELLANEOUS.

Burlesque Highland Fling ... W. P. Collins.

WE'RE A BAND OF BROTHERS.

A Burlesque on the Hutchinson Family represented by Messrs. La Feuillade, Rayner, Caster, and Herberte.

Japanese Fiddle Solo ... W. P. Collins.
Ballad (Select) ... C. W. Rayner.
Going Round the Horn (Original) ... Joe Brown.
Violin Solo ... A. La Feuillade.

TEN MINUTES AT LA SCALA.

By Messrs. Brown, La Feuillade, and Signora Collins.

PART III.

To conclude with a Laughable, Quizzical, and Ludicrous Sketch, entitled

PHOTOGRAPHICO PAR EXCELLENCIO,

OR THE ARTIST'S STUDIO, WITH LIGHTS AND SHADES OF THE PROFESSION.

Mr. Under-the-Sun, A Photographic Artist of easy manners, particularly pleasing and attentive to his Customers ... A La Feuillade.
James Francis Adolphus, an Apprentice in the first branch of the profession ... Joe Brown.
Mr. Jeems Bluffum, a Coloured Lecturer on Astronomy and the Terrestrial Globe. Just arrived from Poona by the Train ... W. P. Collins.

VISITORS, NEGROES, &c. &c. &c.

FINALE.

Plantation Festival ... Johnny Roche.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.

Dress Circle* ... Rs. 5 | Gallery ... Rs. 2
Stalls ... „ 3 | Pit ... „ 1

Seats secured at the "Times of India" office.

NO HALF PRICE.

Seats secured for the Dress Circle, and Books of the words can be obtained at the *Times of India* Office

Doors open at 7½, commence at 8½.

On WEDNESDAY, the last Concert but One, a selected Programme for the Benefit of J. W. Smith, Director.

All Communications respecting Business to be addressed to John W. Smith, Director, Adelphi Hotel

COTTON CLEANING AND PRESSING MACHINE AGENCY.

MANCHESTER COTTON COMPANY, (LIMITED.)

GENERAL BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

HUGH MASON, Ashton-under-Lyne, Cotton Spinner, Chairman.

John Cheetham, Stalybridge, Cotton Spinner.
Thomas Barton, Manchester, do.
James Marshall, Stockport, do.
Thomas Emmott, Oldham, do.
E. C. Howard, Stockport, do.
Thomas Woods, Wigan, do.
Robert Platt, Stalybridge, do.
H. Littledale, Liverpool, Cotton Merchant.
Fred Steiner, Accrington, Turkey Red Dyer.
J. Buckley, Ashton-under-Lyne, Cotton Spinner.
John Mayall, Mossley, do.
Josiah Radcliffe, Oldham, do.
John Walker, Bury, do.
William Wild, Bury, do.
Joseph Schofield, Middleton, do.
James Barlow, Bolton, do.
Joseph Thompson, Manchester, do.
Wright Turner, Manchester, do.
Thos. Mosley, Manchester, Merchant.
Wm. Morris, Manchester, Cotton Spinner.
Wm. Wanklyn, Bury, do.
John Taylor, Oldham, do.
J. F. Cheetham, Stalybridge, do.

G. R. HAYWOOD, Secretary and Manager.

Important to Home and Foreign Governments, Cotton Companies, Capitalists, Merchants, and Cotton Growers.

THE DIRECTORS OF THE MANCHESTER COTTON COMPANY, (Limited,) are prepared to receive orders for the SUPPLY of all descriptions of the most approved COTTON-GINS, HYDRAULIC and HAND-PRESSES, HORSE OR BULLOCK POWER MACHINES, BAND-DRIVING WHEELS, AND AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

The experience and information acquired by the Directors will enable them to supply Machinery of the best construction, with the latest improvements and on the most economical terms.

The Directors will execute such orders on commission, and all Machinery will be inspected by the Company's Engineer prior to shipment or delivery.

G. R. HAYWOOD, Secretary and Manager.

Hertford Chambers, Francis Square, Manchester, 12th Dec. 1862.

HUNTLEY LODGE.—BOMBAY YOUNG LADIES' INSTITUTION.—Mrs. Fraser's Institution, hitherto located in the Fort, was opened at Huntley Lodge, Byculla, on the 25th March 1861. Mrs. Fraser's method and course of study are designed to *develop* and *discipline*, rather than to fill the mind; to illustrate the art, and to exhibit the sources of self-education; and to afford the opportunity of combining, reviewing or resuming special branches in rudimental or accomplished scholarship. The great business of the instructors in the Institution is to let nothing pass through the mind of the child or young lady without her reflecting upon it, or without drawing out her mind by questions or preparatory remarks, to *think* and *reason* on the facts she is treasuring up. The neglect of the minds of young ladies in this particular, through their whole progress, indeed melancholy and astonishing. Programme containing a rational of the course of study, the names of referees, terms, &c. &c., may be had on application at the Institution, or to R. T. Crossley, Esquire, Agent for Messrs Smith, Elder & Co., Bombay.

Notices.

A SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING OF THE SHAREHOLDERS OF THE MOFUSSIL COTTON PRESS Co. LIMITED, will be held at the Office of Messrs. RITCHIE, STEUART & Co., on WEDNESDAY the 25th November 1863, at noon, for the purpose of considering the following Resolutions:—

That it is desirable that an amalgamation should be effected with the Cotton Ginning Co. Limited, and with the view of carrying out this object, a Committee of two Directors be appointed to conduct negotiations with that Company.

That thereafter should the Directors approve of the arrangements which may be formed practicable, they be empowered to carry them into effect without further reference to the Shareholders.

By order of the Directors,
H. BROOKE, Secretary.

Bombay, 5th November 1863.

FORT PRESS COMPANY, (LIMITED.)

ફોરટ પરેસ કમપની (લીમીટેડ.)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the following Calls will be payable by the Shareholders of the above Company, at the Office of the undersigned on the dates specified below, and that interest at the rate of 9 per cent. per annum, will be charged on all calls unpaid after those dates.

3rd Call Rs. 500 to be paid on or before 15th November 1863.
4th „ „ 500 do. do. 31st December 1863.

By order of the Directors,
EWART LATHAM & Co.

12th September 1863. Secretaries and Treasurers.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

AT A SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING OF THE PROPRIETORS OF THE BANK, held under Section XL of Act X. of 1863, on MONDAY, the 21st September, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon.

Present.—George Foggo, Esq., Cowasjee Jehangeer, Esq., George Inverarity, Esq., Limjee Manockjee, Esq., Hon'ble Michael H. Scott, Major Haggard, Cursetjee Pallonjee Powalla, Esq., F. F. Lidderdale, Esq., Gavin Steel, Esq., Cursetjee Hormusjee Chinoy, Esq., and Jehangeer Hormusjee Chinoy, Esq.

It was proposed by Cowasjee Jehangeer, Esq., seconded by the Hon'ble Michael H. Scott, and carried unanimously,—"That George Foggo, Esq., do take the Chair."

The Secretary having read the Notice as published in the *Government Gazette* and newspapers, calling the Meeting, also the Section of the Bank Charter, under which it was convened.

It was proposed by Cowasjee Jehangeer, Esq., seconded by Limjee Manockjee, Esq., and carried unanimously,—"That the Capital of the Bank be increased by the issue of Five thousand two hundred and twenty-five new Shares of Rupees One thousand each.

The Chairman then informed the Meeting that in accordance with the powers vested in the Directors by Section V. of Act X of 1863, they have determined to raise the new Capital by issuing new shares in the following manner.

That the new shares be offered to the Proprietors at par, and that each Proprietor be entitled to take up one new share for every old share he holds at the close of business on the 31st December 1863, and that the Transfer Books be closed from that date, until the 14th January 1864, inclusive.

That any Proprietor failing to pay for the new shares on or before the 14th January 1864, shall be charged interest thereon at the rate of 12 per cent. per annum, from the 14th January 1864 until the 14th February 1864, and that all new shares not so paid up on 14th February 1864, shall be considered forfeited and disposed of at the discretion of the Directors.

That the holders of the new shares shall be entitled to dividend from 1st January 1864. It was then proposed by F. F. Lidderdale Esq., seconded by Major Haggard, and carried unanimously,—"That the course of action determined on by the Directors be approved by this meeting.

Proposed by Cursetjee Pallonjee Powalla, Esq., seconded by Cursetjee Hormusjee Chinoy, Esq.,—"That a Copy of these Proceedings be sent to each Shareholder, and that they be also advertized."

Proposed by Cowasjee Jehangeer, Esq., and seconded by Limjee Manockjee, Esq.,—"That the thanks of the meeting be offered to the Chairman for his conduct in the Chair.

The meeting then dissolved.

By order of the Board of Directors,
JAMES BLAIR, Secretary and Treasurer.

BANK OF BOMBAY.—NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that with reference to the advertisement published notifying the increase in the Capital of the Bank, the Directors have resolved that upon all new shares paid up before the 31st December 1863, interest up to that date be allowed at the rate of seven per cent. per annum from the date of payment.

By order of the Board of Directors,
JAMES BLAIR, Secretary and Treasurer.

Bank of Bombay, 16th October 1863.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

NOTICE,

CARTAGE OF GOODS IN BOMBAY BY THE GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY.—The Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company undertake the Collection and Delivery of Goods in Bombay (within a circuit of 3 miles from the Boree Bunder or Byculla Station) from or to the residences or godowns of the Consignor or Consignee.

The charge for the extra service will be 1 anna and 6 pies per Maund which will be added to the Company's charge for Carriage &c.

COTTON will be received for conveyance only on the condition that it be delivered in Bombay by the Company's Carts; but the sender may at his own option consign other Goods to be removed from the Stations by the Consignee's own Carts, or to be delivered by the Company's Cart. The rate will or will not include cartage according to the Sender's directions at the time of booking.

It is imperative that the full name and surname, street, residence, of the Consignee be given by the Consignor at the time of booking his Goods.

The Goods, consigned for delivery by the Company's Carts, will, on arrival at Bombay, be delivered at the address of the Consignee at any time between the hours of 6 o'clock A. M. and 6 o'clock P. M. and the same will be despatched from the Stations for this purpose, if possible, the same day or before 12 o'clock at noon of the day after arrival.

The Consignee must provide Porters to remove the Goods into his godown or warehouse and pay the freight and other charges on delivery and sign the cart notes; otherwise the Cartmen are instructed to bring back the articles to the Stations.

The Consignee will not be allowed to cart the Goods from the Stations nor to interfere with them until delivery is made as above expressed.

Consignees are requested to write across the cart notes the cause of refusal when they return Goods to the Stations, and the Railway Company give notice that articles brought back for insufficient reasons will be subject to an additional charge for back cartage and for second delivery if sent out a second time, as well as the usual charge for wharfage during detention at the Stations.

Goods Consigned to be carted in Bombay by the Consignee's own carts must be removed from the Boree Bunder Byculla Station before 6 o'clock P.M. of the day of arrival or before 12 o'clock noon of the following day otherwise they will be subject to a charge of 3 pies per maun per diem for wharfage, or the Company (at their own option) will proceed to deliver the Goods by their own carts at the Consignee's door at his risk and cost.

Orders for collection of Goods in Bombay must be left at the Boree Bunder or Byculla Stations or at the Branch Offices in the Fort or Mandavie road, &c.,

W. R. HOARE,
Secretary.

Traffic Manager's Office Bombay Terminus, Oct. 29th 1863

NOTICE.

THE CHARTERED MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LONDON, AND CHINA.

ISSUE OF 10,000 NEW SHARES.

AT a full Meeting of the Court of Directors held in London, on 17th October 1863, the following Resolutions were passed unanimously:—

1st.—That, for the purposes of the Bank it is deemed by this Court necessary to increase the Capital of the Company to the sum of £750,000 by the creation of further capital to the extent of £250,000 in 10,000 shares of £25 each to be paid up in full as hereinafter mentioned, and (the requisite assent of the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury having been obtained) that such further capital be created accordingly.

2nd.—That such shares be, and the same are hereby issued at a premium of £10 sterling per share (such premiums to be added to the reserved fund of the Bank) and allotted at such premium to the shareholders appearing on the registers in London and Bombay, on the 30th day of November next, (two days previously to which the Registers are to be closed) in the proportion of one share for two existing shares held by them, and on or before the 31st of December next a written notice must be given to the Directors by the several shareholders, of their intention to accept such allotment, and the premium of £10, together with the first instalment of £5 per share must be paid, failing which acceptance and payment the allotment will become void.

3rd.—That the amount payable in respect of such shares be paid by the following instalments, viz., the premium of £10 and first instalment of £5 per share on the 31st December 1863 a further instalment of £7 10s. per share on the 1st July 1864, and a further instalment of £12 10s. per share on the 1st January 1865 such payments to be made in London or Bombay according as the shares are respectively registered.

4th.—That in respect of the first instalment of the new capital, the proprietors be entitled to share in the profits of the Bank for the half year ending the 30th June 1864; in respect of the second instalment, for the half year ending 31st December 1864; and in respect of the third instalment for the half year ending 30th June 1865.

5th.—That shareholders shall have the option of prepaying the last instalments on the first of January or 1st July 1864, and be thereupon entitled to a dividend for the half year commencing from such day of payment.

6th.—That interest at the rate of £10 per cent. per annum shall be paid on the second and third instalments from the time they respectively become due until payment thereof.

7th.—That for any odd shares held by any proprietor on the 30th November next a memorandum entitling the holder to "one half interest in a new share" will be issued on application at the Offices of the Bank in London or Bombay, and a provision is to be endorsed thereon that the same must be presented at the Bank together with a similar memorandum, on or before the 31st December next, thereby entitling the holders of such two memorandums to one new share and on which day the premium and first instalment in respect of such new share are to be paid otherwise the right to such share will become absolutely forfeited.

8th.—That all shares, not allotted as above provided for, are to be disposed of for the benefit of the Bank at the discretion of the Court.

9th.—That on payment of the first instalment of £5 per share the holder of each share shall sign such a Deed of accession to the Company's Deed of settlement as the Directors shall require, and shall be thereupon registered as Shareholder.

By order of the Court of Directors,
D. T. ROBERTSON, Chief Manager.

Separate Notices will be forwarded to the Shareholders on the Bombay Register.

H. J. MARSDEN, Acting Agent.

Bombay, 12th November 1863.

Wanted.

WANTED.—By a female of experience, a Situation as ASSISTANT TO A MILLINER. Address stating salary, "A. T.," *Bombay Gazette* Office.

Books, &c., for Sale.

ST. ANDREW'S LIBRARY, BOMBAY,
THACKER, VINING & Co.

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New Advertisements.

TELEGRAPHIC COMMUNICATION WITH EUROPE.

NOTICE.—The undersigned having made arrangements with Mr. H. de Conde, late Superintendent Telegraph to India Company at Suez, for facilitating the despatch of Telegrams to and from Europe, Messages will be received at their office up to 8 A.M. on the morning of the departure of every English Mail Steamer. Telegram Forms and any information required can be obtained on application to

CROSSLEY & Co.

No. 15, Rampart Row, Bombay, 23rd Nov. 1863.

REQUIRED A HOUSEKEEPER AND MATRON for the Girls. School Byculla, under the control of the Mistress, but who will be charged with the care and preservation of the buildings, premises, furniture, and dead stock, linen and every thing connected with the domestic care of the Girls. She will also be held Responsible for their moral conduct and general behaviour at all times when not under the immediate charge of the Mistress. None but well educated persons need apply. A liberal salary will be given and an Under-Matron allowed.

J. D. GIBSON. Secretary, Bombay Education Society.

Byculla, 23rd November 1863.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that application has been made to the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, that probate of the last Will and Testament of GUNGA ROOPA, late of Bombay, Hindoo Inhabitant, deceased, may be granted to Anundrow Gunput of Bombay, Hindoo, Inhabitant and Wamonrow Juggonathjee also of Bombay, Hindoo, Inhabitant, the Executors appointed by the said Will. —Dated this 23rd day of November 1863.

BICKERSTETH, CLEVELAND & PEILE.
Applicant's Proctors.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY.

CONTRACT FOR TEAK SLEEPERS.

THE COMMITTEE OF DIRECTORS will receive Tenders for the supply of EIGHTY THOUSAND TEAK SLEEPERS, to be delivered at the Company's Depot, Byculla, such sleepers to be of the dimensions, quality, and description stated in the Engineer's specification, a copy of which will be furnished on application at this Office, where information as to conditions of the Contract can also be obtained.

Tenders sealed up and marked outside "Tenders for Teak-sleepers must be lodged with the undersigned before 12 o'clock at noon, on Tuesday the 1st proximo.

The Directors do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.

By Order,
G. A. BARNETT, Assistant Secretary.

Secretary's Office, Byculla 23rd November 1863.

BOMBAY LAUDABLE SOCIETY.

Established in 1829.

Directors.

T. T. Lidderdale Esq. C. M. Keir Esq.
Gavin Steel Esq. Framjee Nusserwanjee Esq.
Medical Referee.—Dr. G. R. Ballingall.
Secretaries and Treasurers.—W. Nicol & Co.

THE DIRECTORS OF THE LAUDABLE SOCIETY are desirous of drawing the attention of the public to this institution, feeling that as it becomes better known, the benefits it offers will be more generally appreciated by persons wishing to insure their lives.

The object of the Society is to provide a fund for the insurance of lives, and it is conducted somewhat on the principle of mutual insurance offices.

The fund is divided into shares and eighths of shares, and an individual may subscribe for a certain number of shares or parts of shares, but not exceeding four entire shares. Shares may be on the life of the subscriber or on that of another person, and the interest in the Society may at any time be transferred or assigned, due notice to that effect being given to the Secretaries and Treasurers.

The principle of the Society is the equal division of the fund accumulated during the period over which each Society extends to the holders of policies which have lapsed through the death of persons whose lives were insured.

Each Society lasts for a period of five years, and the institution is permanent by establishing a new Society in succession to each Society as it expires to which existing policies are transferred.

The value of the shares in the Societies already closed were as follows.

First Society ending	31st December	1833	Rs.	7,469
Second	do.	do. 1838	„	7,476
Third	do.	do. 1843	„	9,708
Fourth	do.	do. 1848	„	9,545
Fifth	do.	do. 1853	„	9,133
Sixth	do.	do. 1858	„	8,636

and the Directors confidently expect that the value of shares in the Seventh Society terminating on the 31st December will be fully equal to the average previous Societies.

Any persons desirous of entering the Society will receive full particulars by applying to the Secretaries and Treasurers.

W. NICOL & Co.

Bombay, 23rd November 1863.

ST. ANDREW'S LIBRARY, BOMBAY,
THACKER, VINING & Co.

NEW MUSIC JUST RECEIVED.

Vocal and Instrumental.

RICHARD CŒUR DE LION.

VOCAL.

	Rs.	As.
An Hundred Years Ago. (Romance)	2	0
I Wander in Search of a Treasure. (Ballad)	2	4
Haste while Freedom lies before The (Trio)	2	4
Song of the Page. (Cantata)	2	0
One Beauteous Image Near Me Stays. (Air)	2	0
Gentle Shade. (Air)	2	0
May is into Prison Cast (Ballad)	2	0
The Load upon My Heart Grows Lighter. (Air)	2	0
Out on this Weary Listless Life. (Scena)	2	4
I heard the Song. (Duet)	2	4
The complete Cantata in one Book	12	0
Of Love they Say. (Grand Scena)	3	0
Soldier's Chorus	3	0
O Ciel! quanti gioiel! Eun sogno incantator, from Faust	2	0
INSTRUMENTAL.		
Favourite Airs from Benedict's Cantata of Cœur de Lion, in two Books. Each	4	8
Fantasia on Airs from Gounods,—Faust	2	12
Brindley Richard's Soldier's Chorus from Faust—(Duet)	2	12
Winterbottom's first Fantasia from Faust (Duet for Piano and Cornet-a-Piston)	3	0
Le Parlate d'Amor, from Faust—Kiehe	2	4
Repertoire, from Faust; by Fred Beyer	2	4
Mendelssohn's Trois Caprices, by C. Hallé. Each	2	4

THE FOLLOWING SELECTION IS ALSO NOW AVAILABLE.

FAUST:

OPERA IN FOUR ACTS. Music by Ch. Gounod.

	Rs.	As.
OPERA COMPLETE, Voice and Piano, with Italian words	40	0
Or the separate pieces as follows:—		
STROFE—Dio dell' or del mondo signor	2	0
CANZONE.—Nei di di riposo e di festa	1	8
VALZA.—Ah! Ridda leggera Ebbrezza folle	2	4
ROMANZA (Mez. Sop. o Barit.).—Parlate le d'amor, o cari fior	2	0
CAVATINA.—Salve! dimora casta pura	2	0
CAVATINA (Mez. Sop. e Barit.).—Salve! dimora casta pura	2	0
BALLATA E ARIA.—Come vorrei saper del giovin ch'hoibeon	3	0
BALLATA.—C'era un re, un re di Thule	1	8
ARIA.—O ciel! quanti gioiel! Eun sogno incantator	2	0
ARIA.—(Mezzo. Sopran.) O ciel! quanti gioiel! Eun sogno incantator	2	0
DUETTO.—Dammi ancor, dammi ancor contemplar il tuo viso	3	0
ROMANZA.—Versar nel mio cor il tuo duolo	1	8
VALZA (Mezzo. Soprano).—Ah! Ridda leggera Ebbrezza folle	2	4
VALZA.—Ah! Ridda leggera Ebbrezza folle	2	0
ROMANZA.—Parlate le d'amor, cari fior	2	0
ROMANZA.—Versar nel mio cor il tuo duolo	8	0
CORO (dei soldati).—Gloria immortale Cinta d'allor	2	0
CORO (Baritono).—Gloria immortale Cinta d'allor	2	0
SERENATA.—Tu che fai l'addormentata	2	0
TERZETTO.—Che fa te qui signor!	2	4
DUETTO.—Ah! la sua voce il cor suono	3	0
THE WALTZ with French words	2	0
AIR DE BIJOUX, with French words	2	0
RECIT. AND BIJOUX SONG, with English words	2	4

Rampart Row. THACKER VINING & Co.

WHITBY JET ORNAMENTS.—Just received by Messrs. TREACHER & Co., a splendid variety of JET ORNAMENTS, consisting of Necklaces, Necklets Brooches, Bracelets, Waist Belt Buckles, Pins, Sleeve Links, &c. &c.

Jewellery received by every mail—The largest selection in Bombay.

TREACHER & Co., (LIMITED.)

Medical Hall, Byculla and Fort.

CAUTION!!!

WITH reference to an Advertisement which appeared in the *Bombay Gazette* of the 4th August 1863, signed by VENKOBA JAYWONT KHOTE, of the firm of DORABJEE & Co. (without the consent of Dorabjee and myself,) I hereby give notice, that the advertisement in question is "clandestinely, maliciously, and with combination" got up, and is consequently, to be considered "null and void." Venkoba was formerly a "menial" in the Firm of Dorabjee & Co., on a small pittance, but, subsequently, his repeated earnest solicitations induced myself and Dorabjee to retain some share of his in the concern. But, when the said Venkoba Jaywont Khote, without Dorabjee's and my knowledge and free consent, commenced to appropriate large sums of money as well as goods to himself and to his advantage, I discharged him from the Partnership, and again appointing him my servant, left for Surat, when, taking undue advantage of my absence, he considered it right upon his part to give publicity to the notice above mentioned.

I furthermore do hereby give notice to both the European and Native gentry and others concerned, that they should regard and consider the said Venkoba Jaywont Khote merely as a "menial" in the firm of Dorabjee & Co., as he has nothing whatever to do with the concern in any other capacity, "myself" being the sole owner and proprietor of the shop. Any one, therefore, paying the said Venkoba Jaywont Khote any sum of money, or receiving from him any Draft Receipt, Order, Security Bond, &c., &c., &c., after the date of this advertisement, will do so at his own risk and responsibility.

More particulars concerning this affair will be published hereafter, and legal proceedings against the said Venkoba Jaywont Khote, for the said false advertisement and for other misdemeanors upon his part, will shortly be commenced by me.

આ. એદલજી કરશેદજી ચીનીમીની.

EDULJEE CURSETJEE CHINEYMINEY.

[Sole owner and Proprietor of the shop, conducted under the name and style of Dorabjee & Co.]

12th Nov. 1863.

Commercial.

BOMBAY DAILY BILL, SHARE, STOCK, AND FREIGHT LIST.

BOMBAY GAZETTE OFFICE,
Tuesday, 24th November 1863.

EXCHANGE.

On what Place.	Terms.	Rates.
London Banks	6 months' sight	2s. 1½d
Do. Credits	Do. do.	2s. 2d.
Do. Documents	Do. do.	2s. 2 ½d.
Calcutta	At sight	97
Madras	30 days' sight	97
China	60 Do. do.	220 per $100.

SHARES.

Names.	Paid up	Last Half-yearly Dividend.	Rates.
BANKS.	Rs.		
Agra Bank	500	5 pr. ct.	136 prem.
Bombay Bank	1,000	4½ do.	235 prem.
Bank of India	25	......	99½.
Broker's Banking Co.	20	12 do.	8½ prem.
Central Bank	250	2½ do.	37½ ex-div.
Commercial Bank	500	4 do.	65 prem. [ex div
Chartered Bank of India, A. & China	200	2½ do.	80 prem.
Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China	250	5 do.	160 prem.
Joint Stock Bank	20	......	40 prem.
Oriental Bank Corporation	250	8 do.	160 pr. ct. pm.
Madras Bank	1,000	4½ do.	112 prem.
Royal Bank of India	75	......	5 prem. [ex-div
Comptoir d'Escompte de Paris	200	4½ do.	53 pr. ct. pm. [ex-div.
PRESS COS.			
Apollo Press Co.	11,000	1,800 per share	Rs. 28,000 p. sh.
Colaba Press Co.	2,700	300 do.	Rs. 25,000 p. sh
Fort Press Co.	3,667	575 per share	Rs. 9,500 p. sh
Hydraulic Press Co.	4,000	550 per share	Rs. 1,500 pm. p. [share.
Elphinstone Land & Press Co. A Share	6,000	250 per share	Rs.27,000
Do. B ,,	5,000	......	[per share } pm.
Frere Press Co.	250	......	
Victoria Land and Press Co.	4,000	......	Rs. 2,3500 pm.
Bombay Press Co.	1,200	......	Rs. 400 prem.
RAILWAY COS.			
G. I. P. Railway Co. Consolidated Stock	218-3-0	pr. ct.	Rs. 5 prem.
Do. New £20 shares	130.14.6	2½ do.	Rs. 12 prem.
Bombay, Baroda & C. I. R. Co.	1,000	2½ do.	Rs. 6 prem. nml.
SPINNING & WEAVING COS.			
Bombay Spinning & Weaving Co.	5,000	500 per share.	Rs. 3,000 prem.
Great Eastern Spinning & Weaving Co.	1,100	......	Rs. 75 prem.
Manockji Pittys Spinning & Weaving Co.	850	......	50 dis.
Oriental Spinning & Weaving Co.	2,500	140 Rs. p. share.	Rs. 150 prem.
Royal Spinning and Weaving Co.	1,500	......	Rs. 200 prem.
Victoria Spinning Co.	5,000	......	Rs. 2,000 prem.
Coorla Spinning Co.	5,000	3 per. cent.	Rs. 800
Bombay United Spinning and Weaving Company	1,000	5 per. cent.	Rs. 75 prem.
Colaba Land Co.	10,000	Rs. 12,000	Rs. 45,000.
Bonded Warehouse	600	......	Par.
House and Land Investment Company	300	......	Par.
Bombay Shipping Co.	1,500	......	1000 prem.
Iron Ship Co.	1,000	......	300 discount.
Oriental Ship Owning Association	250	......	50.
Prince of Wales Ship Company	1,000	......	200 dis.
Western India Ship Company	1,000	......	100 discount.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Four Per Cent. Transfer Loan		102½
,, Loan 1835-36	}	95
,, Loan 1842-43	}	95
,, Loan 1854-55	}	95
New Five per Cent. Loan		104
Five-and-a-Half Per Cent. Loan		112 prem.

PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

Sovereigns, each	Rs.	10-3-3
Bank of England Notes	,,	10-2-0
Spanish Dollars	,,	240
Carolus	,,	300
Mexican Dollars	,,	225
German Crowns	,,	213
Five-Franc Pieces	,,	208 per 100 pieces.
Bar Silver	,,	106½
Gold Leaf	,,	16-9-0

FREIGHTS.

To Liverpool	(Cotton)	£3 2s. 6d. to £3 12s. 6d.
,,	(Seed)	£2 0s. 0d. to £2 2s. 6d.
To London	(Cotton)	£3 2s. 6d. to £3 5s. 0d.
,,	(Seed)	£2 15s. 0d. to £2 17s. 6d.
To China	} No offers.	
To Clyde	} No offers.	
To Hull	} No offers.	
To Calcutta and back		Rs. 17 to 18

PRICES CURRENT (23rd Nov. 1863.)

COTTON at Colaba		Per candy.
Broach and Surat New (ready)	Rs	650 to 660
New Dhollera, (ready)	,,	660 to 66
New Bhownuggur, (ready)	,,	660 to 66
New Oomravuttee	,,	640 to 64.
New Compta, (ready)	,,	640 to 64.
New Dharwar Sawginned	,,	720 to 72
New Barsee and Nuggur	,,	635 to 64
New Veeravul	,,	635 to 64
New Khandeish	,,	625 to 63
New Pora chee	,,	640 to 64
New Accote	,,	445 to 650
New Mangalore	,,	445 to 646
OPIUM—Malwa, Rs. 1,550 to Rs. 1,560		
SEED—Linseed, Khandeish...at Rs. 7 3 to 7 4 per cwt		
Rapeseed, Guzerat ... ,, 6 9 to 6 10		
Gingelly mixed (Black.. ,, 32 to 33		
and White) ,, 37 to 38		
Niger ,, 27 to 28		

Shipping.

BOMBAY.

ARRIVALS.

DATE.	SHIPS.	COMMANDERS.	FROM.
Nov. 23	Victoria (s)	Nacoda	Surat 22 Nov.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per Steamer *Victoria*, from Surat.—One European lady; and 175 natives.

PORT CLEARANCE.

The following vessels obtained their port clearances yesterday :—
Ship *Lady Havelock* J. O'Neill bound to Liverpool.
Steamer Sir J. R. *Carnac*, Van Wullen bound to Surat.

COMMENCED LOADING.

The following vessels began to load yesterday :—
The P. & O. Co's Steamer *Jeddo*, for Aden and Suez.
The P. & O. Co's Steamer *China*, for China.
Steamer *Victoria*, for Surat.
Steamer Sir J. R. *Carnac*, for Surat.

DAILY EXPORTS.

BOMBAY, SATURDAY, 21ST NOVEMBER 1863.

For London.

Gloriana.—1 bale cotton, 3¼ cwt., Killick Nixon and Co.

For Liverpool.

Helen Scott.—100 bales cotton, 350 cwt., Royjy Lalljee 250 bales Cotton, 875 cwt., Jairam Sewjee; 250 bales cotton, 875 cwt., Virjee Nursy and Co.

Camperdown—55 bales cotton, 192½ cwt., Bhimjee Jewraz; 101 bales cotton, 353½ cwt., R. Sarba and Co.

Minihaha.—60 bales cotton, 210 cwt., Nesserwanjee Bomonjee Mody; 25 bales cotton, 87½ cwt., Babajee Ludha; 105 bales cotton, 367½ cwt., Futtaychund Dewchund.

Bates Family.—70 bales cotton, 245 cwt., Hurgovundass Pranjeevundass; 117½ bales cotton, 411½ cwt., Bappoo Visram.

City of Shanghai.—79 bales cotton, 262 cwt. 2 qrs. 4 lbs., Stoehr Prieger and Co.; 700 bales cotton, 2,450 cwt., B. H. Cama.

Jane Jack Mitchell.—160 bundles hemp, 140 cwt., Mozjee Mooljee and Co.; 650 bundles coir yarn, 72 cwt., Munjee Ramjee.

Merchant Prince.—28 bales wool, 84 cwt., S. Narayen & Co.

Japanese.—100 bales cotton, 350 cwt., Lyon Brothers & Co.

Tythonus.—100 bales wool, 300 cwt., Kessow Wagjee; 150 bales cotton, 525 cwt., Khan Mahomed Hubibbhoy.

Indian Queen.—110 bales cotton, 385 cwt., Hirjee Khimjee.

Pera.—250 bales cotton, 875 cwt., W. Nicol and Co.; 125 bales cotton, 437½ cwt., Hurjeevun Vulubdass.

Maharatha.—51 bales cotton, 178¼ cwt., Tackersy Dewjee; 125 bales cotton, 438 cwt., B. F. Cama Sons and Co.

Hahnemann.—300 bales cotton, 1,050 cwt., Wallace and Co.

India.—100 bales cotton, 350 cwt., Varsey Mailjee.

Inkerman.—50 bales cotton, 175 cwt., Mailjee Ruttunsy.

Missouri.—100 bales cotton, 350 cwt., Ticumjee Velljee and Co.

Flying Venus.—500 bales cotton, 1,750 cwt., Ludha Cullianjee.

Charger.—50 bales cotton, 175 cwt., Pemchund Curumchund.

Glasgow.—450 bales Cotton, 1,575 cwt., Canjee Gindhar; 475 bales cotton, 1,662½ cwt., Canjee Soonderjee; 461 bales cotton, 1,607 cwt., Coober Hurruckchund; 500 bales Cotton 1,750 cwt., Maneckchund Nathoo.

Athene.—600 bags Linseed, 900 cwt., Sudasew Marteen.

Canova.—600 bags Linseed, 900 cwt., Fulcher Cooper & Co.

Robina.—260 bales cotton, 910 cwt., Gourdhun Konchore; 310 bales cotton, 1,085 cwt., Hergovun Pursotum; 225 bales cotton, 787½ cwt., Dhurumsy Virjee; 205 bales cotton, 717½ cwt., Lal jee Daveedass; 600 bags linseed, 90 cwt., Sudasive Marteen.

For Havre.

Roxana.—150 bales cotton, 350 cwt., F. Chambers; 45 bales cotton, 157½ cwt., Nooremomed Datoobhoy Sun and Co.

Naval Brigade.—110 bales cotton, 385 cwt., Ranjee Khatey.

Duc de Malakoff.—98 bags pepper, 98 cwt., J. Siegfried and Co.

For Hongkong.

Steamer *Viola.*—36 bundles fishmaws, 86½ cwt., 100 bundles sharkfins, 31½ cwt., Fazul Momud Dama; 93 bundles fishmaws, 30½ cwt., 136 bundles sharkfins, 42¼ cwt., 12 bundles sigula, 3½ cwt., Casum Munjee; 100 packages cloves, 1 9¼ cwt., Futtaybhoy Ameerjee.

BOMBAY, MONDAY, 23RD NOVEMBER 1863.

For London.

Gloriana.—3 packages wearing apparels, M. Rogers and Co.; 1 table linen, old country toys, J. E. Hough; 47 bags sursee seed, 70¼ cwt., Jairam Visram; 56 chests olibanum, 123 cwt., Rana Roysy; 5 packages fishmaws, 9¼ cwt., Momun Pecara and Co.

For Liverpool.

Bates Family.—250 bales cotton, 875 cwt., Dyall Jairaz.

Missouri.—300 bales cotton, 1,050 cwt., Jaitha Sewjee and Co.; 500 bundles linseed, 250 cwt., Khimjee Visram and Co.; 110 bales cotton, 330 cwt., Ahmedbhoy Hubbibhoy.

India.—56 bales wool, 186 cwt., Bhimjee Purshotum; 500 bags linseed, 250 cwt., V. Ramchunder and Co.

Camperdown.—400 bales cotton, 1,400 cwt., Merwanjee Framjee and Co.; 100 bales cotton, 350 cwt., Dulputbhoy Bhugoobhoy.

Oriental.—35 bales cotton, 122½ cwt., Bharmull Purbutt.

Flying Venus.—7 cases sundries, W. Johns.

Japanese.—113 bales cotton, 395½ cwt., Manockjee and Muncherjee Heerjee and Co.; 1,280 bundles coir yarn, 94½ cwt., Mowjee Jaitha.

Sara Sands.—50 bales wool, 150 cwt., Runchorlass Canjee; 18 bales cotton, 63 cwt., Sorabjee Hormusjee; 100 bales cotton, 350 cwt., D. Byramjee and Co.

Elizabeth Ann Bright.—175 bales cotton, 612½ cwt., Dulputbhoy Bhugoobhoy; 800 bags linseed, 1,200 cwt., V. Ramchunder and Co.; 510 bundles coir yarn, 126 cwt., Kessow dass Gocul dass.

Minihaha.—80 bales cotton, 280 cwt., Narrayenjee Sewjee; 37 bales cotton, 136 cwt., Khatow Khimjee.

Inkerman.—500 bags linseed, 250 cwt., V. Ramchunder and C.; 200 bales cotton, 700 cwt., Nesserwanjee Manockjee

Pera.—50 bales cotton 175 cwt., Meer Sassoon Moosay; 40 bales wool, 210 cwt., Dinshaw Bhicajee: 150 bales cotton, 525 cwt. Gellabhoy Heerjee and Co.

Merchant Prince.—500 bales cotton, 1,750 cwt., Souza, Pinto and Co.; 47 bales wool 141 cwt., Gellabhoy Khanbhoy; 15 bales cotton, 52½ cwt., 15 bales wool, 45 cwt., Lalldass Damodhur.

Clyde.—100 bales coston, 350 cwt., Bhicoo Babaiee and Co.; 25 bales cotton, 87½ cwt., V. Ramchunder and Co.

Canova.—300 bales cotton, 1,050 cwt., Jewraz Balloo.

Athene.—1,280 bundles coir yarn, 94½ cwt., Mowjee Jaitha.

Orissa.—105 bales cottod, 357½ cwt., Ragoo Jairaz; 150 bales cotton, 525 cwt., Jaithaqhoy Cullianjee; 76 bales cotton, 266 cwt., M. B. agoe.

Indian Queen.—1,000 bundles linseed, 500 cwt., Khimjee Visram and Co.; 500 bales cotton, 1,750 cwt., Damodur Jaychund; 475 bales cotton, 1 662½ cwt., Narrayen Permanund; 475 bales cotton, 1,962½ cwt. Dhurrumsey Veerjee; 50 bales cotton, 175 cwt., Roopchund Dwarkadass.

Jane Jack Mitchel.—75 bales cotton, 262¼ cwt., Nagurdass Permanund; 1,000 bags linseed, 400 cwt., V. Ramchunder and Co.

Maharatha.—1 case platedware, and silver cup, Forbes and Co.

Tythonus.—10½ bales cotton, 36¼ cwt., Dinshaw Maneckjee.

City of Shanghai.—75 bales cotton, 262¼ cwt., Jewraz Megjee and Co.; 100 bales cotton, 350 cwt., Framjee Sands and Co.; 29 bales cotton, J. N. Wadia's Sons and Co.

James Smith.—125 bales cotton, 437 cwt., Dhunjee Maneck; 100 bales cotton, 350 cwt., Woomersy Cumma; 100 bales cotton, 350 cwt., Woomersy Cumma.

For Havre.

Duc de Malakoff.—200 bags pepper, 200 cwt., 200 bags jingelly, seed, 391 cwt. 3 qrs. 12 lbs., J. Siegfried and Co.

Berthe St. Louise.—200 bales cotton, 700 cwt., Hormusjee and Jamsetjee.

Naval Brigade.—200 bales cotton, 700 cwt., Runchore Megjee; 150 bales cotton, 525 cwt., F. Chambers.

Roxana.—200 bales cotton, 700 cwt., Nesserwanjee Cooverjee; 130 bales cotton, 455 cwt., Nursey Kessowjee and Co.

For Hongkong.

Steamer *United Service.*—25 chests M. opium, 140 lbs. each, Tarrachund Sittaram.

Steamer *China.*—7 chests M. opium, 140 lbs., Tarrachund Ramchund.

For Shanghae.

Steamer *China.*—53 chests M. opium, 140 lbs. each, Cullianda ss, Nesserwanjee and Co.

VESSELS EXPECTED AT BOMBAY.

FROM LONDON.

964	Ann Buckle, Lyle.	
1408	Birmingham, Caroline.	Sept. 11
510	Caroline Agnes, Croft—W. Nicol & Co.	
	Charente (s).	
815	City of Carlisle, Pentreath—Peel, Cassels & Co.	July 31
710	Coleroon, Hall—Peel, Cassels & Co.	July 15
578	Colonist, Gibson.	Sept. 4
1499	Cospatrick, Elmslie—W. Nicol & Co.	June 30
850	Confidence, Heily—W. Nicol & Co.	
441	Dorothy, Bruce.	
1153	East, Boyd.	Aug. 28
927	Edmund Graham, McIntyre.	July 22
848	Edwin Fox, Maclean—Blackwell & Co.	Aug. 29
1066	Egeria, Pollock—Martin, Young & Co.	Aug. 14
480	Empress, Piers.	
949	Gertrude, Spedding.	Sept. 26
1061	Gilbert Thompson, Cooper—E. Bates & Co.	Aug. 11
1598	H. M. St. Assave.	Oct. 24
1221	King Arthur, Grigs.	Oct. 9
900	Lepanto, Martin.	Oct. 9
1036	Marian Moore, Monce.	Aug. 17
701	Monarchy, Day.	Oct. 12
731	Percy Douglas, Humon.	
956	Preston, Wakem—Lyon Brothers & Co.	July 4
1169	Pride of the Ocean, Kyle.	Sept. 11
824	Queen of the North, Crombie—A. H. Huschke & Co.	July 24
2346	Rangoon (s), Burns—P. & O. Co.	Aug. 31
861	Salamanca, Livesay—W. Nicol & Co.	Oct. 24
893	Sebastean Cabot, Morgan.	Oct. 24
1231	Stalwart, Crawford—Ritchie, Steuart & Co.	Aug. 21
799	Sir Ralph Abercrombie, Macdonald.	
1045	Star of India, Morris—W. Nicol & Co.	July 31
980	Southampton, Linstrong.	Aug. 27
1001	St. Hilda, Clark—A. H. Huschke & Co.	July 3
722	Sultans, Sharp.	Sept. 11
1744	Tweed, Stuart.	Sept. 4
1064	Walmer Castle, Ormsby—Wallace & Co.	Sept. 8
1047	Windsor Castle, Pryce—Ritchie, Steuart & Co.	Aug. 10
805	Yarra, Nairn.	Sept. 22
	FROM LONDON VIA TABLE BAY.	
890	Stamboul, Towar—Wallace & Co.	July 30
	FROM LONDON VIA PERSIAN GULF.	
184	Fairy Rock, Robilliard—Rennie & Co.	July 25
346	Jumna, Phillips.	July 15
1061	Kirkham, Routledge.	
	FROM LONDON VIA ZANZIBAR.	
169	Enfield, Reid.	
	FROM LIVERPOOL.	
824	Adriatic, Scott.	Oct. 1
1091	Algiers, Buchannan.	Aug. 15
1209	Alsagar,—Souza, Pinto and Co.	Sept. 29
861	Ambrose, Daniel.	Oct. 9
847	Anonyma, Cuthbertson—W. Nicol & Co.	Aug. 31
1249	Aremedel,—Ritchie Steuart & Co.	Sept. 25
1324	Belgravia, Pentecost—Lyon Brothers & Co.	July 25
1326	Bosphorus, Anderson—W. Nicol & Co.	Sept. 29
1547	Black Eagle, Basset.	Oct. 6
766	Coromandel, Smith—Souza Pinto and Co.	July 17
590	Ceylon, Latham—E. Bates & Co.	July 20
713	Charles Horsfall, Thompson.	
1120	Cicero, Alexander.	Oct. 1
1478	Cimber, Copperholdt.	July 31
1073	City of Agra, Sleigh—Coupland & Co.	
972	Concordia, Ross.	Oct. 8
760	Dorothy—G. S. King & Co.	Aug. 7
1163	Duncarian, Finlay.	Oct. 6
1015	Ellen Bates, Lowrie—E. Bates & Co.	Aug. 7
1094	Elizabeth Fry, Wemyss.	July 18
937	Flower of the Forest, Bansley—Coupland & Co.	Aug. 2
1154	Frenchmen, Galloway.	Sept. 11
1346	Harmon des Moran—Dady and Sorabjee.	Sept. 20
1124	Havelock, Gandy—Rennie, Scovell and Co.	Sept. 25
845	Havering, Parker—Stewart & Co.	Aug. 27
843	Jamsetjee Cursetjee, Foster—E. Bates & Co.	
1196	Inconstant, Culliton—Lawrence & Co.	Aug. 9
636	Iduna, Sandberg.	July 28
1445	James Seddon, Jiffaris.	Oct. 8
1707	King of Algeria, Curphy.	Oct. 6
1665	Lillies, Bell.	Sept. 23
428	Malvern, Clarkston.	July 17
965	Margaret, Faulkner.	
	Mariata, Brown.	
747	Miletus, Shaw.	
1240	Mistress of the Seas, Orkney.	Sept. 29
	Montrose—Remington & Co.	
643	Moreo, Whiting.	
697	Morning Star, Taverner—Canjee Liladhur & Co.	July 28
1061	Otago, Masterton.	Sept. 25
1082	Palinurus, Tegan.	Aug. 1
1328	Princess Alexandra, White.	Sept. 24
1117	Protector, Clark.	Aug. 1
1337	Queen of the Seas, Peters.	Aug. 29
727	Radnagore, Cook—A. H. Huschke & Co.	Aug. 20
641	Robert Ritson, Brough—A. H. Huschke & Co.	Aug. 25
1000	Roodee.	
1053	Sam Mendel, Ellwood—Coupland and Co.	Sept. 28
1101	Shannon.	Aug. 13
1533	South Carolina, Shapcott.	Sept. 28
264	Sturdy (s), Ritchie, Steuart & Co.	
776	Superb, Bonner.	Aug. 13
697	Tomogonops, Poe—Cardwell Parsons & Co.	
982	Trenton, Walker.	Aug. 26
1349	Uncas, Greely.	Aug. 2
1250	Victoria Cross—Coupland & Co.	
1011	Vicksbergh, Scott.	Oct. 9
837	Vittoria, Martin.	Sept. 24
1131	War Cloud, Logan.	Aug. 1
1015	William Carvill, Copeland.—Rennie, Scovell & Co.	
1073	Zambia, Miller—Rennie, Scovell & Co.	Aug. 10
	FROM LIVERPOOL VIA ADEN.	
989	Algiers, Buchanan.	Oct. 1
	Baron Macauley, Cunningham.	July 3
1132	Caroline, Atheridge.	Oct. 1
1598	Clasmerden, Gibson.	Sept. 29
1998	Diadem.	
919	Etna, Graham—Ritchie, Steuart and Co.	Sept. 24
843	George A. Holt, Robinson.	May 22
1051	Glenalva, William—W. Nicol and Co.	Sept. 24
1067	May Queen, Penny—Merwanjee, Mellissa.	Sept. 29
	FROM LIVERPOOL VIA PERSIAN GULF.	
909	Khimjee Odowjee, Salt—E. Bates & Co.	June 25
	FROM NEWPORT VIA ADEN.	
1100	Eldorado, Hayes.	
560	Tallulas, Percival.	June 28
	FROM BANGKOK.	
890	Prince of Wales, Winklers.	
	FROM CARDIFF.	
427	Enterprise, Hayes.	
510	Fort Regent.	Oct. 1
	FROM CARDIFF VIA ADEN.	
1197	Africana, Hatfield.	
1055	Englishman, Hardwick.	May 22
1134	Epaminondas, Heasley.	
960	Falkland, Pender.	
346	Jane Francis, McIntosh.	May 28
1072	Jane Parker, Davis.	
533	Neptune, Veary.	
	Statelie, Banks—Coupland & Co.	July 18
	FROM BRISTOL VIA ADEN.	
750	Martha Bowker, Goodburn.	
538	Shamrock, Gilley.	
	FROM SYDNEY.	
1204	Princess of Wales—Grey & Co.	
	FROM SUNDERLAND.	
1057	Gladstone.	
1724	Eagle, Cuthbert.	Aug. 1
428	Malvern	
867	Mogul.—Stoehr Prieger & Co.	July 3
	FROM SUNDERLAND VIA ADEN.	
1047	Beaumonde.	
1047	Euxine, Henderson—Ritchie, Steuart & Co.	
	FROM NEWCASTLE VIA ADEN.	
630	Agincourt.	
1199	Baden.	July 3
460	Chasley.	
780	Manlius	
	FROM NEWCASTLE VIA BEYROUT.	
471	Aos.	
1127	Earl of Elgin.	July 31
	FROM THE CLYDE.	
782	Assaye, Andrews.	July 15
1180	Birmah (s) B. I. S. N. Co.	
813	City of Delhi, Muir—W. & A. Graham & Co.	
698	City of Benares, McMillan—Finlay Clark & Co.	Sept 26
883	City of Peking—Finlay Clark & Co.	
680	Euphrates (s)—B. I. S. N. Co.	
1254	Europa, Clark—Fleming & Co.	
364	Helen Morrow—Fleming & Co.	June 28
599	Index, McLeod—Fleming & Co.	
781	Martaban, Hepburn.	
1072	Merwanjee Framjee, Pike—Fleming & Co.	July 15
781	Myrtle, Warden.	Sept. 25
	Outram (s)—B. C. & R. S. N. & Co.	
	FROM BOSTON VIA KURRACHEE.	
820	Moonlight—Farnham & Co.	
	FROM GLASGOW.	
781	Martaban, Hepburn.	Oct. 2
990	Montrose, Crossley.	Oct. 5
	FROM CHINA.	
477	Good Success.	
	FROM CALCUTTA.	
1094	Africa, Bowie.	
690	Aristidei.	
467	Astero d, Gardener.	
1278	Celestial Empire, Murray—W. Nicol & Co.	
1402	Clydesdale.	
826	Clymene.	
1056	Day Dream	
	Eliza Bencke, Jackson—Souza, Pinto and Co.	
368	Faluca Sadan.	
1010	Latona.—Comber Sons & Co.	
664	Mary Ann.	
1494	Renown (s), Siegger—Stearns, Hobart & Co.	
1239	Royal Alfred—Lawrence & Co.	Oct. 19
2065	Red Jacket, Harley—Lawrence & Co.	Oct. 20
905	Southern Rights, Nortin—Lawrence & Co.	Oct. 16
1499	Slieve Donard, Merwanjee Melissa.	
	FROM MOULMEIN.	
1020	Eagle, Murphy—Ritchie, Steuart & Co.	Sept. 30
785	Minnehaha, Henderson—W. Nicol & Co.	
1049	Ocean Belle, Cohen & Co.	Sept. 14
426	Peter Clinton, Bragdon.	Sept. 30
790	W. M. Peek—Cohen & Co.	
	FROM SINGAPORE.	
765	Faize Allum.	
	FROM BEISEDORE.	
	Kildare W. John.	

VESSELS EXPECTED AT KURRACHEE.

FROM LONDON.

275	Ann Jenkins, Jones.	
738	Akbar, Pizzey.	Aug. 8
477	Albion, Hughes.	
	Chimera, Mott.	Aug. 1
336	F. Bazil, Laws.	
467	Fanny, Chase.	
336	Frederick Bassil, Laws.	
1459	Herefordshire, Walker.	July 28
	Mudge, Stewart.	
672	Scindo, Schrewsbury—Fleming & Co.	
357	Telegraph, Jones.	
	FROM LIVERPOOL.	
461	Richard Cobden, Randall.	Aug. 7
	FROM SUNDERLAND.	
811	Alipore—Fleming & Co.	

BENGAL.

The telegraph of November 10, announced the arrival of the *St. Lawrence*, and *Goldfinder*, particulars not received.

Military.

BOMBAY.

ARRIVALS.—NOVEMBER 23.

Stewart, Lieutenant A. F., 25th Native Light Infantry, on duty, from Rajkote.
Baugh, Major C R., 9th N. I., on leave, from Mhow.
Turner, Lieutenant S. G., Royal Artillery, on duty, from Kirkee to Rajkote.
Crichton, Major C. B., Madras Staff Corps, medical certificate, from Naghur.

GARRISON ORDERS.—NOV. 23RD 1863.

BY BRIGADIER GENERAL T. TAPP, C.B.

1. With reference to Garrison Orders para 3 of the 21st instant, the Native General Invaliding Committee therein ordered, will reassemble at the Office of the Deputy Inspector General of Hospitals, instead of the Grand Arsenal.

2. The proceedings of the Native Garrison Court Martial held for the trial of Fifer Sewnae Jannal 21st Regiment N. I., having through the excess of punishment awarded by the Court, been rendered null and void, the prisoner is returned to his duty.

3. The 21st Regiment N. I., will furnish a guard of one Naique and three Privates to mount this evening at sunset and until further orders, at the residence of the Hon'ble W. Frere.

4. Under instructions received from the Assistant Adjutant General Royal Artillery Lieutenant Geary, Royal Artillery, will proceed to join his Battery at Ahmedabad.

GENERAL ORDERS.

BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.
Adjutant General's Office, Poona, 21st Nov. 1863.

The following General Orders by His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India, is republished.

The Commander-in-Chief in India, accepts the retirement, from the service by the resignation of his Commission of Lieutenant H. C. H. Hastings, of the 109th Foot, subject to approval by Her Majesty, dated the 3rd October 1863.

Under instructions from His Royal Highness, the Field Marshal, Commanding in Chief, Captain Stokes, 1st Battalion 4th Foot, will be sent to England, to do duty, at the Depot of his Regiment, and will be employed on duty with Troops.

The following orders are confirmed, dated 9th November 1863, by Lieutenant Colonel B. R. Powell, appointing Lieutenant J. T. Furguson, Adjutant and Ensign G. R. B. Drummond General List, Quarter Master and Interpreter to the 26th Regiment N. I., vice Anderson.

Dated 9th November 1863.—By the Officer Commanding at Kolapore, appointing Lieut. J. T. Furguson, Adjutant 26th Regiment N. I., Staff Officer at that station, vice Anderson.

Dated 12th November 1863.—By Captain Langston, appointing Lieutenant Edwards, Adjutant to the Left Wings 4th Rifles, during its separation from Head Quarters.

With the sanction of Government compensation in lieu of clothing for the year 1862-63 is granted to Serjeant T. Tabar of the Adjutant General's Department.

His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India, has been pleased to grant leave of absence as follows.

44th Foot Major the Hon'ble R. Baillie Hamilton, (Aide-de-Camp, to the Commander-in-Chief from 1st November 1863 to 1st November 1864, England on private affairs.

The undermentioned Officers have obtained leave of absence.

4th Foot Assistant Surgeon, J. V. Lane, from 15th to 30th November 1863 to remain at Poorundhur on medical certificate.

9th Regiment N. I. Brevet Major C. R. Baugh, from 14th November 1863 to 14th February 1864 to proceed to Bombay for the purpose of studying the Native Language.

13th Regiment N. I., Lieutenant F. P. Worthy, from 25th November 1863 to 31st January 1864 to proceed to Bombay, for the purpose of appearing before the Examination Committee.

16th Regiment N. I., Lieutenant F. H. Segrave from 27th November 1863 to 15th January 1864 to remain in Bombay, for the purpose of studying the Hindoostanee Language.

16th Regiment N. I., Lieutenant L. Russell, from 27th November 1863 to 15th January 1864 to remain in Bombay, for the purpose of studying the Hindoostanee Language.

SQUADRON ORDERS.

BY CAPTAIN J. W. YOUNG, C.B.
Superintendent's Office, Bombay Marine, 23rd Nov. 1863.

Mr. Edward Elton is appointed Acting 3rd Officer of the *Coromandel*.

Charles Hart Quarter Master of the *Berenice* is to be discharged the service at his own request.

BENGAL.

Head Quarters, Simla, 17th October 1863.

At a General Court Martial assembled at Dinapore, on Saturday, the 19th of September 1863, No. 453, James Young, Private, Her Majesty's 38th Regiment of Foot, was arraigned on the following charges:

CHARGES.

1st Charge.—For having, at Dinapore, on the 28rd of July 1863, whilst a prisoner under the sentence of a District Court Martial, disobeyed the lawful Command of his superior officer, Acting Provost Sergeant George Frost, of the same Regiment, by not turning out to drill when duly ordered to do so.

2nd Charge.—For having, at the place, and shortly after the time, specified in the 1st charge, offered violence against the same Acting Provost Sergeant Frost, his superior officer, being in the execution of his office, by striking at him with his regimental waist-belt.

Finding.—The Court finds the Prisoner, No. 459, James Young, Private, Her Majesty's 38th Regiment of Foot, Guilty of the charges brought against him.

Sentence.—The Court sentences the Prisoner, No. 459, James Young, Private, Her Majesty's 38th Regiment of Foot, to penal servitude for a period of (4) four years.

R. C. GERMAN, Major,
16th Regiment Native Infantry, President.

Benares, 19th September 1863.
Approved and confirmed.
HUGH ROSE, General,
Commander-in-Chief in India.

Simla, 1st October 1863.
By order of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief,
E. HAYTHORNE, Colonel,
Adjutant General.

(*Calcutta Gazette, Nov.* 14.)

Camp Meean Meer, the 2nd November 1863.

Lieutenant W. J. Carroll R. E., Assistant Engineer, First Class, is appointed to officiate as Assistant to the Chief Engineer and Secretary to the Chief Commissioner, Oudh, in the Public Works Department, as a temporary arrangement, with effect from 28th September 1863.

The 3rd November 1863.

Captain S. R. J. Owen, Staff Corps, Assistant Engineer, First Class, North-Western Provinces is permitted to resign his appointment in the Public Works Department, and his services are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department.

Fort William, the 13th November 1863.

Major J. St. J. Hovenden, R. E., Executive Engineer, Third Class, Public Works Department, now Officiating in the North-Western Provinces as a Deputy Consulting Engineer, is transferred to the Bengal (Railway Department), where he will officiate as a Deputy Consulting Engineer until further orders.

The 10th November 1863.

The following list of extra prises offered for the agricultural show to be held at Alipore, Calcutta in January next, is published for general information :—

EXTRA PRIZES.

Presented by John Kerr, Esq., Sunderbun Grantee.
Rs. 30 for the second best pair of Sunderbun ploughing bullocks.
Rs. 12 for the second best specimen of Sunderbun rice in maunds.
Rs. 8 for the second best specimen of paddy in husk.

FROM BACKERGUNGE.

Presented by Meer Tajummul Ali.
Rs. 20 for the best rice grown in Backergunge.
Presented by the Revd. J. C. Page.
Rs. 16 for the best specimen of Tobacco.
Presented by T. Martin, Esq.
Rs. 10 for the best Jute.
Presented by E. Brown Esq.
Rs. 15 for the best Goose.
,, 10 for the best Jute.
Presented by F. H. Pellew, Esq.
Rs. 25 for the best Sheep.
,, 25 for the best Cotton.

Allahabad, the 23rd October 1863.

An Agricultural Exhibition will be held at Benares in January 1864 under the direction of the Government with the assistance and cooperation of the Agricultural and Horticultural Society of Benares.

The undermentioned gentlemen have been appointed as a Committee of Management to arrange preliminaries and to carry out the object of the Exhibition :—

Major-General Sir Stuart Corbett, K.C.B.
Major Synge.
Major Bishop.
Major Nelson.
Maha Rajah of Benares.
Rajah of Vizianagram.
Rajah Deo Narain Singh.
Nawab Mahomed Hoosein Khan of Soonwanee.
A. Shakespear, Esq.
C. Horne, Esq.
J. H. Bax, Esq., C.B.
W. S. Halsey, Esq.
A. H. Cheke, Esq., M.D.
H. Aubert, Esq.
W. Fergusson, Esq.
R. H. Smith, Esq.
Mr. W. S. Halsey, *Honorary Secretary.*

The Exhibition will be arranged in two Departments:—

I.—Cattle and Poultry.
II.—Produce.

The first Department will include
(1) Bulls, Cows, Bullocks and Buffaloes.
(2) Mares and Ponies.
(3) Sheep and Goats.
(4) Fowls, Guinea Fowls, &c.
(5) Turkeys.
(6) Geese and Ducks.
(7) Pigeons.
(8) Rabbits.

The second Department will include—
(1) Pulse and Tubers.
(2) Fibres.
(3) Cotton and Dyes.
(4) Oil Seeds.
(5) Indigo.
(6) Tobacco.

The Exhibition will be held at Benares, and commence Monday, 4th January 1864, and end on Thursday, 7th idem. On the last day there will be a show of flowers, fruits, and vegetables, and the prizes will be publicly distributed.

A list of the prizes to be awarded for the best specimens of every kind exhibited is subjoined.

Judges will be appointed for each Department, and the prizes will be adjudged on the first day.

To provide means towards defraying the necessary expences of the Exhibition a charge will be made on the admission of visitors. The terms of charge will be duly published.

No charge will be made for the admission of Live Stock and articles intended for Exhibition.

The committee will be prepared to receive Live Stock at the show yard on Thursday, 31st December 1863, and will grant admission until 4 P.M., Friday 1st January 1864, after which no Live Stock will be received. Country produce must be sent in on or before 30th December 1863, and Dairy produce before 9 A.M., 4th January 1864.

The principal object in giving prizes for cattle and other Live Stock is to promote improvement in breed, and the Judges in making their award will decide according to that view.

Local Committees will be formed at the different stations in the division.

Births, Marriages, & Deaths.

No notice of a Domestic Occurrence can be inserted unless authenticated by the name and address of the sender.

BIRTHS.

At Bangalore, on the 12th November, the wife of Surgeon J. Brett, M.D., of a son.

At Shahjehanpore, on the 13th November, the wife of H. D. Willock, Esq., C S., of a daughter.

At the Rectory, Mussoorie, on the 12th November, the wife of Mr. William Hobson, of a daughter.

At Madras, on the 14th November, the wife of Mr. W. A Venant, of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

At Christ Church, Byculla, on the 23rd November, by the Revd. J. D. Gibson, Mr. J. H. Irvine, Mint, to Mary, youngest daughter of Mr. Joseph Thompson.—No Cards.

At St. Paul's Cathedral, Calcutta, on the 10th November, by the Revd. F. Otway Mayne, Garrison Chaplain, Fort William, Frederick John Fergusson, to Maria Theresa, third daughter of R. C. Bell, Esq., of Muddenderie, Jessore.—No cards.

At Black Town Church, on the 18th November, Mr. J. W. Paterson, to Miss Jessie Hill, youngest daughter of Store Serjeant J. Hill, R. A.

DEATHS.

At Poodoocottah, on the 12th November, Maria, the wife of Mr. T. S. Rouse.

At Hazareebaugh, on the 11th November, of Croup, Garrett, the beloved son of Apothecary and Mrs G. Hogan, 52nd Light Infantry, aged 4 years, 9 months, and 17 days.

Letter to the Editor.

THE GOVERNMENT MARINE TRANSPORT SERVICE.

SIR,—Permit me to make a few remarks in your columns, regarding an article that appeared in the *Times of India* of this date, supporting the abolition of the Government Marine Transport Service, and urging the employment of private vessels to convey troops.

I question the verity of this statement of the Editor of that paper, " when tenders were first called in the first week of October, (at Calcutta), two of the finest transport steamers in these seas were immediately equipped, stored, coaled, and ready to start at an hour's notice to embark troops from any point Government might direct," especially as he says, that after waiting for a fortnight without any answer to their tenders being received from the Government of India, they were despatched by their owners on their usual lines, it being " concluded that their services were not required." I submit that no owner of a private trading steamer will have his vessel equipped and otherwise got ready for carrying troops until his tender is accepted by the Government, and further that if the two steamers in question after waiting a fortnight in readiness to embark troops at an hour's notice, were ready to be sent away on their usual lines of business, I apprehend, they could not have been fitted for conveying troops, as he would have us believe. In this very circumstance will be seen the inconvenience that Government will suffer by having to employ private steamers, when troops are required to be shifted. Tenders are sent in, and Government must make haste, even at the risk of contradictory orders, which occur daily in every department, and accept them, which they will be compelled to do, if they had no vessels of their own. Thus will Government be left to the tender mercies of a Ship Company, who fancy themselves, if not more, at least as independent as the Government, a picture of the dignified position Government will assume by not being their own carriers.

From what I can glean, it would appear that the owners of the " Australian" realize the amount with which they purchased her from the Government, by this trip that she makes to New Zealand. It is clear that by this transaction Government are exactly one steamer minus.

Again, the Editor says, " the far seeing and able administrators of our Indian affairs have wisely disposed of all the old-fashioned, stowsteaming, coal consuming tubs which composed the Bengal and Madras Marines," now the Australian, and Sydney both belonged to the Bengal Marine until lately. It is very amusing to hear him further stating, " Troops were required to be conveyed to New Zealand and China; and as soon as this was known, the services of the following steamers were tendered to Government. *Golden Fleece, Nubia, Columbian, Sydney, Australian, Arratoon Apcar*, and *Armenian*, seven powerful first class steamers, &c., thus has he in one breath, told us, that the *Australian* and *Sydney* were disposed of by the Government as being old-fashioned, slow steaming coal consuming tubs, and that five months after, they are two powerful first class steamers and tendered to Government as such for conveying troops to New Zealand and China. The Editor has a capital idea of a powerful first class steamer, when he calls the *Armenian* one. I have seen this vessel, perhaps that is what he has not done. She steams four knots without canvas, and when assisted with the sails at the very most six knots an hour.

I have been employed in a transport for the last six years, and when the Editor of the *Times of India* includes the " *Coromandel*" and " *Dalhousie*," under the head of a lot of " old fashioned worn out tubs unfit for the duties that they have to perform, and yet most costly, I say he has evidently written about two vessels that he is perfectly ignorant of, or has willingly told us an untruth. The *Coromandel*" is perfect as a troop ship, this commendation was bestowed upon her by Rear Admiral Sir James Hope K. C. B, when he inspected her in China. I think his opinion is to be accepted before what the Editor of the *Times of India* in ignorance has to say about her, Yours obediently,

H. G. A. C.

Bombay, 21st Nov. 1863.

Post Office Notices.

OVERLAND MAIL.

The Overland Mail per P. and O. Company's Steamer *Jeddo*, will be closed on SUNDAY, the 29th November 1863, at 7 o'clock A.M. An After-Packet will be kept open, on payment of the usual fee of 8 annas (which must be prepaid by Stamps), until 8 o'clock A.M. Registered Letters will be received until 6 P.M. of the previous day.

POSTAGE:—

		Via Marseilles.	*Via Southampton.*
Weight under ½ ounce	...	Rs. 0 6 8	Rs. 0 4 0
,, 1 ,,	...	,, 0 13 4	,, 0 8 0
,, 2 ,,	...	,, 1 10 8	,, 1 0 0
,, 3 ,,	...	,, 2 8 0	,, 1 8 0

CHINA MAIL.

The Post Office Packets for Ceylon, Penang, Singapore, and Hongkong, per P. & O. Co.'s Steamer *China*, will be closed on SATURDAY, the 28th November 1863. at 6 o'clock P.M. A Packet for a Letters will be kept open, on payment of the usual free, until 7 A.M. on the 29th idem.

Letters, &c., for Australia will be despatched by this opportunity.

ZANZIBAR MAIL.

A Mail for Zanzibar will be made up at this Office and despatched *via* Aden by the last Overland Steamer of each month. The usual Steam postage must be prepaid.

MAILS TO MUSCAT, VIA KURRACHEE.

Mails from Bombay for Muscat will in future be sent *via* Kurrachee by the Mid-monthly and other Steamers to that place, and thence forwarded by Bugla to Muscat, when Steamers are not available.

POSTAL NOTICE.

THE public are informed that the East India and London Steam Navigation Company's Steamers leave Calcutta and Madras for the United Kingdom, *via* the Cape, once a month i. e. from the former Station between the 12th and 20th, and the latter about the 25th. Letters, &c., for the Cape if forwarded by the above Steamers reach earlier than those sent *via* Aden and Mauritius; the latest safe dates from Bombay will be, for Calcutta 4th and Madras 17th of the month. The postage to be charged is the ordinary Indian Inland rates which must be prepaid. Letters for the United Kingdom if sent by the above Vessels will, of course, be liable to the usual rates of steam postage.

CALENDAR—NOV.—1863.

Full Moon ....Wednesday 25d. 1h. 52.5m. P.M.

Days.	Date.	Sundays, Festivals, &c.	Sun Rises	Sun Sets	High Water Bombay Harbour Morn.	High Water Bombay Harbour Even.	Evening Gun-Fire.
			h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	
Tues	24	Twilight end at 6.37.	6 14	5 20	10 6	10 29	Date 19th November. Time—6h. 1m. 57s 5
Wed	25	St Catherine, V.	6 14	5 20	10 5	11 12	
Thur	26	Jupiter rises at 4.34	6 15	5 20	11 32	11 51	
Fri.	27	Jupiter sets at 3 55	6 16	5 20	0 10	0 27	
Sat.	28	Saturn rises at 4.23.	6 16	5 20	0 45	1 2	
Sun.	29	1st Sunday in Advt	6 17	5 20	1 21	1 38	
Mon.	30	St Andrew, Ap.	6 13	5 20	1 52	2 14	

CHRONOLOGY OF REMARKABLE EVENTS.

Tuesday 24th.—Peace with America, 1814.
Wednesday 25th.—Dresden surrendered, 1813.—Capture of Dwarka, 1820.—Sir Henry Havelock died at Lucknow, 1857.
Thursday 26th.—East India Company incorporated, 1700—Great storm in England, 1703.—First Battle of Nagpore 1817.—Capitulation at Kars, 1855.
Friday 27th.—Princess Mary of Cambridge born, 1838.—Admiral Brunt died, 1855
Saturday 28th.—Capt. D. Ross, died, 1849.—Cawnpore relieved by Sir Colin Campbell, and Gwalior Contingent routed, 1857.
Sunday 29th.—Battle of Argaum, 1808.—Polish Revolution commenced at Warsaw, 1830.
Monday 30th.—Tremendous hurricane, and inundation at Cuttack and around Calcutta, 1831.—Massacre of Sinope, 1853.

ABSTRACT OF METROLOGICAL OBSERVATION MADE AT THE GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY FROM THE 16TH NOVEMBER TO THE 22ND NOV. 1863.

Date.	Standard Barometer corrected. 10 A.M.	Standard Barometer corrected. 4 P.M.	Thermometer in the Air. 6 A.M.	Thermometer in the Air. 1 P.M.	Wet Bulb Thermometer. 6 A.M.	Wet Bulb Thermometer. 1 P.M.	Electrometer (Volta No. 1.) Maximum.	Rain in Inches.
Nov. 16	29.935	29.808	75 5	90 8	69 2	77.4	+ 20	None
,, 17	29 934	29 838	77.0	88 0	73.8	76.0	+ 14	,,
,, 18	29.970	29.853	76.5	90.2	74.5	75.7	+ 20	,,
,, 19	29.986	29.868	76 4	90.4	74.2	74.0	+ 18	,,
,, 20	29.980	29.845	76.5	90 0	71 5	74 2	+ 4	,,
,, 21	29.985	29.850	76.0	90.4	72.0	74.5	+ 6	,,
,, 22			Sunday					

Nov. 16—Partially clouded with cirri and cirro cumuli.
,, 17.—Clouded as before; dew fell in the morning.
,, 18—Do. Do. Do.
,, 19.—Cirri and cirro cumuli scattered about; dew fell in the morning; lunar-halo.
,, 20.—Clouded with cirri and cirro cumuli.
,, 21.—Partially clouded with cirri and cirro cumuli.

THE BOMBAY ALMANACK AND DIRECTORY FOR 1864.

THE FIFTEENTH ANNUAL PUBLICATION.

The Publisher of the above work, anxious to maintain and extend its reputation as a reliable book of reference, solicits the co-operation of the public in attaining that end.

Gentlemen whose names were omitted or incorrectly inserted last year, and Gentlemen newly arrived, will render us a service by forwarding their names and professions, together with the No. and name of the Street, or other description of the locality in which they reside, for insertion in the List of Inhabitants.

Bombay Gazette Office, 39, Medow Street, Fort.

NOTICE.

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR'S BAND, will play on the Esplanade every THURSDAY evening.

GODFREY CLERK, Brevet-Major,
Military Secretary.

Matheran, 22nd Nov. 1863.

LATEST DATES RECEIVED IN BOMBAY.

ADEN	Nov. 4	KURRACHEE	Nov. 14
AGRA	Nov. 14	LAHORE	Nov. 14
ALLAHABAD	Oct. 20	LONDON	Oct 19
AUSTRALIA	Mar. 25	MAURITIUS	Aug. 6
ALEXANDRIA	Oct. 7	MADRAS	Nov. 12
BANGALORE	Nov. 17	MALTA	Oct.
CALCUTTA	Nov. 14	MEERUT	Nov. 17
CAPE	Aug 3	OUDH	Nov. 17
CEYLON	Oct. 16	PUNJAUB	Oct. 17
COCHIN	Oct. 14	PENANG	Oct. 20
DELHI	Nov. 17	RANGOON	Sept 1
FRANCE	Oct. 6	SUEZ	Oct. 2
HONGKONG	Oct. 15	SINGAPORE	Oct. 24

THE

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 24, 1863.

WE call the attention of our readers to the curious French, or rather Russian pamphlet, so *naively* entitled, " How Russia and Persia may destroy English Influence in Asia," of which we gave a summary account in our issue of Saturday, and which will now be found below *in extenso.*

THE subjoined proclamation was re-issued to-day by the Bombay Government for general information :—

His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to republish for general information the following order, dated 21st instant, issued by the Honorable the President in Council :—

" With the deepest sorrow, the President in Council announces the death of the Right Honorable JAMES, EARL OF ELGIN AND KINCARDINE, K.T., G.C.B., and G.M.S.I., Her Majesty's Viceroy and Governor General of India. This great Public Calamity occurred yesterday, the 20th instant, at Darrumsala, in the Kangra Valley.

" The President in Council directs that the Flag at Fort William should be hoisted half-mast high from sun-rise to-morrow, and that it shall continue to be so hoisted until the evening of the 28th instant; on that day fifty-two Minute Guns will be fired from the Fort, the last gun to be fired and the flag to be dropped as the sun sets.

" Similar marks of respect will be paid at the respective seats of Government, and at all the principal Military stations in India.

" The President in Council directs that all Officers of Her Majesty's Civil, Military, and Marine Services, do put themselves into Mourning for a period of one month; and the President in Council invites all classes of Her Majesty's subjects in India to join in this token of respect for the Memory of the Statesman who has thus been prematurely lost to his Sovereign,—whom he had served for many years and in many countries, with distinguished zeal, wisdom, and success,—and to the people of India, whose happiness and prosperity he had constantly and earnestly at heart."

THE *Friend of India* says :—

" Dr. Franz Junghuhn, Superintendent of Cinchona plantations in Java, has in a pamphlet recently published, attacked the English mode of raising Cinchona trees in the Neilgherries. The extraordinary activity we have displayed in augmenting the number of plants is deserving of praise, but our method is unwise, as our plantations are situated on open heights, exposed to the full power of the sun. The consequence of this will be, that the Cinchonas will never go beyond the condition of shrubs each yielding only 4 or 5 lb. weight of bark; when, had similar plants as the Doctor recommends, been grown in the shade of a forest, they would continue to increase in height and thickness, until in 15 or 20 years the trunks alone would produce from 15 to 20 cwt. (Dutch) of bark. The yield of the Alkaloid is less also by our method. The Java superintendent's strictures are all controverted by Mr. Markham, the success of whose cultivation as regards the production of the bark, and the yield of the Alkaloid therefrom, are now established facts."

We certainly trust that there is no foundations for the fears expressed by Dr. Junghuhn; for the introduction of the Quinine yielding Cinchonas into India is one of the best acts of the British Government (a monument we might be prouder to leave behind us than even our railways), and which the periodical reports from Ootacamund have led us to anticipate would be completely successful. But at the same time we cannot make sure of the experiment until we have Cinchona trees growing freely at the Neilgherries, and we must confess our astonishment that considering the difficulties of getting the original plants to India, and the risks to which these are here exposed, that Government should have authorized such a lavish distribution from Mr. McIvor's nurseries to every one who has chosen to ask for plants. We believe that thousands have been given away, although the first stock did not exceed few dozens, while no thought seems to be taken of the suitability of the localities to which they are sent, for their propagation. The natural habitat of few plants is so circumscribed as that of the Quinine yielding Cinchonas. They are confined to a belt along the Andes from 10° North to 20° South, at an altitude from 3,000 to 9 000 feet, the mean annual temperature over this tract being 73° Farinheit, and the rainfall averaging 70 inches distributed through the twelve months. Geologically this tract is of granite and crystalline schists, associated with primary sedimentary deposits in Bolivia and with secondary stratifications in the country of the Marano. In this Cinchona region each species has its own peculiar limits also. Thus New Granada, Ecuador, Peru, and Bolivia have each their own Cinchonas, and not one species in common. There was, therefore, *prima facie*, the faintest chance of their naturalization in India.

From the success, however, that has attended Mr. McIvor's labours hitherto, it may, however, be presumed, that the cinchonas will thrive along the whole ghat line of Western India fairly within the influence of the two monsoons. This pretty well coincides with all that portion of the ghats formed of granite and crystalline schists. We may hope therefore to find Cinchona forests established ultimately, in favoured localities amongst the high lands of Western India so far North as the Belgaum and Goa districts. But until these invaluable trees are firmly established amongst the Neilgheries the greatest discrimination should be used in their distribution, or Government may have to repent, when repentance is vain, their too easy liberality.

We have been so successful in raising some hundred thousands of seedlings that we forget the risks before us, and the almost special Providence which brought the first plants safely to our shores. It is wonderful that a single plant survived the long voyage from Peru, via Southampton, and that so many did, proves how carefully Mr. Markham must have taken his measures. To his skill and those of his agents only do we owe the present bright prospects in view. But the crowning difficulty was to get at the Cinchona at all, and having obtained them, to remove them from their native country. The account Mr. Markham gives of this feat in his " Travels in Peru and India" reviewed in the last *Edinburgh Quarterly* reads like a romance of heroic times. And when at last the plants were placed on board the steamer at Islay, we believe Mr. Markham could not start for England until he had bribed the chief Secretary to the Government with ten dollars. We believe it was managed in this way :—The chief Secretary took the ten dollars, and then placed the pass for the Cinchonas before his superior with a lot of other papers for signature, and it was signed with the rest. Well, if Mr. Markham sinned, it was " a very little one," as the maid servant said in excuse for her mishap, and we have often wished that in Bombay a Chief Secretary to Government would be made to move on at so slight an expenditure. But here one must give the best year's of one's life in exchange for one inch of progress. A year in Bombay is, or was until lately but the tick of a clock. But the end we trust will fully justify Mr. Markham's means in this one ridiculous instance, and we trust that when the end is assured he may receive some substantial proof of the obligations under which his courage, ability and zeal have laid the Government of India.

His work in fact places him beside Jenner and the discoverer of the use of Chloroform, Dr. Simpson. The moral of our article is of course, that however promising the Ootacamund nurseries may look, that Government take care how they are disposed of, that they " look well before they leap."

HOW RUSSIA AND PERSIA MAY DESTROY ENGLISH INFLUENCE IN ASIA.

(Translated from the French for the " Bombay Gazette.")

IN the presence of the important events which are taking place in Asia, public opinion is excited and when the *Moniteur* of November 8th 1862 announced that the Afghan army, commanded by Anglo Indian officers, was directed against Herat, a universal feeling of vexation showed itself among all, who like ourselves, are enemies not of the English Government, of which France is proud to be the ally; but of her policy, which is hostile to the peace of nations.

From the beginning every one knew that the *coup de main* attempted by Dost Mahomed, King of the Afghans, belonged to a vast net-work of complications, which embracing the Khanats of Khivá and Bokhara, etc., extended to the country of Lahore.

The hand of England held the threads which her influence moved in the countries of Afghanistan, Sèistan and Beloochistan.

Now this influence which nothing justifies, but which, unhappily for Persia is an incontestible fact, tends still to increase.

In taking the part of Persia against British tendencies, we believe we not only support the rights of S. A. I. Hassar-Ed-Din-Shah, but also defend those of Europe which every day inquires where the devouring ambition of England will stop.

Any one who gives himself the trouble of analysing each of her acts, easily recognises the presence of a sentiment of egotistical personality, which betrays itself by the vivacity she employs in the realization of the idea which dictates her conduct. The end is scarcely attained when she hastens to throw off the mask and to cry with incredible audacity : Now for my share !—I have protected Greece, I must have the Ionion Isles ! Malta is delivered, I must have Malta !—the pirates of the Persian Gulf are destroyed, and with my aid the Beni-Ali and Beni-Hacan are humbled by L'Iman de Muscate : I must have Sakatora and Perim !—I was something in the Crimean War. I must have Karack. England has the genius of an accountant, her services and good offices are carefully inscribed on the book of Europe, and her great-est care is to balance the debtor and creditor account in her own favour. Nevertheless there are circumstances in which it is impossible for her to have herself indemnified for her co-operation by a cession of Territory; in these cases England proceeds differently.

She replaces the possession by a protectorate, or the concession by a right, or by the unnatural direction of her influence.

The Chinese are beaten, let them make haste and buy opium.

The Greeks send away their King, England at once moves heaven and earth to find them one, who will be completely submissive to her.

Then when the sword is not drawn from the scabbard, when neighbouring nations are unable to appreciate the advantages for them of making war in order to allow the English to sell arms and ammunitions, when Europe is at peace; England is uneasy, and thinks of the axiom, *In pace odora bellum*; in peace she suspects war. And she fortifies herself.

Or she turns her attention to Asia, and she sees with terror Russia advancing towards Persia, she reflects, and one fine day astonished Europe learns that the Afghans under the command of Dost Mahomed, have attempted to seize the independent state of Herat.

Certainly we understand a nation's endeavouring to protect what belongs to it, nothing is more just; thus, while regretting the sanguinary episodes of the revolution in Poland, we comprehend that Russia should support her rights by force, and, be it said in passing, if, the soldiers of the Dnieper and the Don may be reproached with some acts of inhumanity, one cannot repress a smile when these reproaches are addressed by the English, who during the Indian mutiny thought it quite natural to blow the prisoners from the guns. Let us ask again if those who formerly approved Lord Hastings have a right to accuse Mouravieff! But what we understand less, is that this protection is exercised to the detriment of a neighbour.

Why does England endeavour to obtrude herself on Persia, and why, does she seem to countenance the enterprises of the Afghans? It is this which we shall endeavour to fathom. Persia, that extensive and beautiful country of Southern Asia, is bounded on the North by Asiatic Russia, and Tartary, on the west by Turkey in Asia, and the Persian Gulf, on the south by the Indian Ocean, and on the East by India. Now, Afghanistan separates India from Persia. Is it necessary to say more? The possession also of the splendid Kingdom of Cabul is the dream of every true Englishman.

Every one knows that in 1838 this dream became a reality, the English seized on Afghanistan, and they were very nearly menacing Persia; happily for that country the covetousness of the Court of Directors made of Afghanistan, not a rampart to India, but a gulf in which treasure and soldiers were swallowed up. The English army left the country on January 6th 1842 and were so cruelly decimated by the nomadic tribes, that only a small number of soldiers survived the disaster. The lesson was severe, but it scarcely profited them, and while protesting their intention to stay on the line of the Indus, the English meditate a startling revenge. But more adroit now, instead of conquering Afghanistan, they are raising it against Persia, hoping to take the direction of the struggle as to time and place, and to make it turn to their own advantage.

Afghanistan is then the aim of England, who cannot console herself for having lost Kandahar; she might however, have expected it, from the barbarous manner in which her soldiers treated the inhabitants, after having made themselves masters of the town by means of Kohendal Khan in 1839. Seyid Mehemed Khan, who took the reins of the Government of Herat in 1852, on the death of his father, Yard Mehemed Khan, wisely placed himself under the protection of the Shah of Persia. The demand for this protection, which showed how much Afghanistan dreaded England, was a warning to Persia.

And although a treaty of alliance was formed between England and Dost Mahomed in 1855, it was easy to perceive that one day or other, England, anxious to establish the security of her possessions in India would overrun Afghanistan, or at least revolutionize it, and that the treaty itself was only a sort of clever precaution, destined to conceal the execution of a project for an invasion in Asia. But Russia kept watch.

Russia, who has no desire to seize upon Persia, but who is willing and ought, to unite with her in opposing an insuperable barrier to English domination, which very much disturbed in India, hopes to consolidate itself at the expense of Persia.

Russia, is the natural ally of Persia, not only on account of proximity, but above all by reason of the community of interest which unites the two nations as regards the obstacle they may oppose to attempts at encroachment.

For a long time, and with reason, the scheme has been attributed to the Russians, of extending their conquests in Southern Asia by approaching the Oxus and Khiva, of which they took possession in 1854. This design no one can deny; but in acting in this manner, has Russia injured the power of Persia? Evidently not. Persia has nothing to fear on the part of Russia, the danger is not on that side.

It is entirely on the side of Herat—coveted by England.

R. Shakspeare said " we have a garden which is India, its walls are the fortified towns of Tartary and Afghanistan, but the Russians have obtained possession of it, and our garden belongs to them."

English tactics are these. To make use of Russia as a scare-crow for Persia, and little by little, succeed in persuading her that the best means of opposing an obstacle to Russian ambition is to let England establish herself in Afghanistan.

The covetousness of the Indies! What matters it to Persia?

Afghanistan, which has made itself an independent country, would long since have become a Persian province without the interference of England, who, after the death of Yar Mahomed, obtained a formal engagement from Persia not to send an army against Herat, at least unless the town were menaced on the Eastern side, and the Government implored aid and succour. The snare was visible; nevertheless Persia, frank and loyal, allowed herself to be caught in it, and contracted the engagement. But it happened that unexpected circumstances overthrew the English plans.

Dost Mohomed, desirous of avenging the death of Seyed Mohamed Khan, his son-in-law, advanced on Herat, which induced Persia justly considering herself freed from her promise, to march resolutely to the help of Mohamed Youssouf Schah, who commanded Herat, and take possession of the town.

This did not suit the British lion, who hastened to send an army against her ally of yesterday.

One sees how England understands alliances!

Let us return to the projects attributed to Russia.

These were nothing less than that the Russians should possess themselves of the Caspian Sea, reach the Persian Gulf, and establish thus a way of direct communication between Asia and Europe by the Black Sea, that is to say, create an immense outlet for merchandise and Asiatic produce. This is the grievance set forth unceasingly by England, who knows well enough that it is not at all by force that Russia thinks of putting this programme into execution, but who appears to believe it, and maintains that there is only security for every one, as long as she alone continues to have the monopoly of a privileged navigation.

To arrive at this no promises are wanting, the Persians cockered up, adulated, and in case of need, protected against the enemies of England; are on her part objects of the most delicate attention, till the day when feeling the ground strong enough under their feet, the English show their teeth, strive to prove that they have become the indispensable support to Persia, that without them, that is to say, left to itself, this power, feeble and isolated, would be unable to defend itself against the Russian Colossus, and that, finally, it is their part to defend this beautiful country against its own impulses, and that the best way to be always sheltered by the protection of England, is to permit the English to instal themselves in Persia, and govern it. Persia has turned a deaf ear to this proposition and she has been right.

Had she committed the fault of yielding to English solicitations, the same would have happened to her, which has happened to India.

A long agony, ending in the complete absorption and death of a nationality, for the profit of a despotism a hundred times worse than that of the sword, the despotism of sordid interest.

In turning over the history of nations, we meet at every page with conquests and defeats, the power of the vanquished, the forced submission of the vanquished; with haughty sceptres broken and crowns shattered in brows bent before the God of battles.

This is in the rational order of things.

But what one can only see with a feeling of sadness and desolation is what the *mercantilism* of a trafficking people, devoted to the worship of gold, has made of the splendid Indies, of those radiant jewels which illuminated with so pure a lustre the crowns of the Kings of the Peninsula.

They were men whom Da Cunda, Vasco de Gama, and Albuquerque had to combat and to conquer.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 27 June, 2017

England has made them slaves; this Indian race, proud, courageous, daring, has become, thanks to the inflexibility of the rod of iron which rules it, a timid, or rather a gloomy wan vassal who sometimes glances stealthily at what remains to him of his primordial blood, this glance suffices to alarm England; she says to herself that, sooner or later, this glance charged with hatred will blaze forth; that a day will come when her soldiers will be powerless to hold India, and that that day will be the ruin of Great Britain.

And it is to avert that day, perhaps near, that England covets Afghanistan and Persia, that she envelopes them in an invisible net, that she watches, all attention, the moment when, harrassed by tributary states, deserted by Russia, she will be ready to throw herself in her arms to be stifled.

No! the influence which England has acquired and will acquire in Persia, is quite contrary to the interests of that country, and if we warn her of it, it is that we know that S. M. I. the reigning Schah, full of good faith and excellent intentions, is a sovereign favourable to the cause of progress and civilization, and that he has the happiness of his people in view.

This is why we venture to tell him that, with English alliance Persia rushes to her ruin.

With the Russian alliance she consolidates and fortifies herself.

What has she to fear from this power?

An invasion—in what end?

Let us first examine the situation of Russia in Europe and Asia, we shall see afterwards what serious advantages she would derive from a conquest she might owe to the success of her arms.

It is much more difficult to keep than to acquire: and examples of this abound. The treaties of 1815, in changing the map of Europe, in enlarging certain kingdoms to the detriment of certain others, gave them the care of watching unceasingly over the intentions of subjects, more disposed to free themselves than to submit, of treating them more favorably than their own subjects under penalty of seeing themselves accused of tyranny and abuse of power; in a word it often happens that such a circumstance is a revolutionary element introduced into a nationality, a perpetual centre of agitation which is placed in the middle of a peaceable state, of which each concession towards liberalism becomes henceforth a step towards disorganisation and anarchy. This is the history of Austria with Venice, of Russia with Poland, and many others. Poland is the cancer which preys upon Russia, thanks to the ardent, passionate, I will even say thoughtless sympathy of France; further excited by the pretended indignation of England, who will furnish willingly advice and arms, manufacture warranted, but who will take good care not to take part in the struggle otherwise than by meetings.

For England does not desire war, what she desires, what she intends, is to urge forward heroic and chivalrous France—always ready to espouse loyally all the quarrels in which glory is to be acquired.

Above all, it is to throw down, by the valorous soldiers of France, that granite colossus which she pictures to herself as a gigantic spectre, called Cronstadt.

But France will not allow herself to be caught in the snare of her dear ally.

Let us return to Russia, whose greatest fault is not wishing Poland to shape for herself a kingdom from her's; in opposing herself to this she has caused a certain discontent among the great powers; how would it be then if some day Russia had the idea of reaching India after having subjugated Persia?

She would excite a universal hue and cry, and the same great powers, who would see the increased importance of the Russian Empire with extreme displeasure, would oppose themselves, by all imaginable means to the aggrandizement of her territory, as they did in 1854, when the Czar turned his thoughts towards Turkey.

On the other hand, supposing that Russia, confiding in her own strength, thought she would be able to hold the opposition made to her as of no account; the uselessness of her conquest, which would place her in a state of continual warfare with a people essentially martial, and impossible to subdue, would arrest her.

One knows how much the Caucasian war cost in men and money to Russia.

And in short, since the personal interest of nations, like that of individuals, always goes for something in the actions of the one and the other, and too often the guide; to that purpose is it to make war, when peace and good external relations give preferrable results?

The invasion of Persia by Russia would be a struggle of which the dangers would be many, and of which the issue is not certain. It might be fatal to both countries, and would certainly lead to the intervention of England and India, whose affairs it would no doubt aid.

The Russo-Persian alliance is on the contrary favorable to the development of Persia, and advantageous to Russia, who establishes, by the means of the navigation of the Caspian Sea and the Persian Gulf, an inexhaustable source of profit for Persia and for herself, by pouring into Europe by the Black Sea, all the merchandise and wealth of India.

Persia was formerly a great and strong nation. If in the 18th century she has lost many of her provinces and much of her weight, she has preserved the sentiment of passive power, and when we see the impulse given to new ideas by the present Schah, S. M. I. Hasser-Ed-Din, we think that Persia is capable of much.

Just as much as the Turkish Empire, which is crumbling every day, which, to judge from the morbid signs which betray her hopeless condition, is approaching complete ruin; just so much is the Empire of Persia raising herself, and preparing for a new life.

For some years European customs, scientific discoveries, and ameliorations of all kinds have crossed her frontiers. The electric telegraph is working at Teheran.

A sort of trepidation is felt beneath the surface; in the sovereign will there is a tendency to seize again a splendour, which though passed, only demands resuscitation.

And what abundantly proves this, is less the sight of the symptoms of resuscitation, than the disquietude of England which divines them, and has only one desire, to stifle them.

But she will not succeed: the impulse is given, and the Russian alliance will aid Persia to destroy the influence of England, who attaches herself to her and devours her. Let her separate herself from this pernicious influence, and her independance will grow in the eyes of Europe.

And if, desirous of marching forwards, she dreams of the delivery of India, of which she is the boulevard, we still say, let her unite herself to Russia—"That empire, so large that it has no bounds,—so deep that it has no end," and the British Lion will cease to hold the East, which it is strangling under its claws. Perhaps the alliance we ask may exist already; what we understand by alliance, is an association of intimate views and thoughts, which, inspiring an equal desire to arrive at an end, knows how to evade all outward pressure, and while leaving to each contracting party his liberty of action, proceeds on, towards the same end.

The assistance offered by Russia to Persia against Afghan attacks, is a proof of the *entente cordiale* and of the favorable disposition of the Emperor Alexander towards a friendly nation.

But this is not enough.

The capture of Herat could only be an accident—what the Afghans wish is to serve England.

It is for Persia to prevent this. We have said how she can oppose it. It is for her to reflect; she has with her the sympathy of all those who believe in the high political destiny which the future reserves for the antique Empire of Cyrus.

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

(*By Electric Telegraph.*)

MADRAS, 22*nd Nov.* 6-25 A.M.
Steamer *India* anchored from Calcutta.

TUTICORIN, 21*st Nov.* 9-30 A.M.
Steamer *Penang* anchored from Bombay.

TUTICORIN, 21*st Nov.* 6-8 P.M.
Steamer *Penang* sailed for Colombo.

MASULIPATAM, 21*st Nov.* 10 A.M.
Steamer *India* anchored.

CALCUTTA.

21*st Nov.*

Government Paper, Four per Cent., two rupees and half to three quarter discount

Five per Cent. four to four rupees and quarter premium

Five and-half per Cent fourteen to fourteen rupees and quarter premium.

Exchange on London, first-class credits, two shillings one penny, and seven-sixteenths to one and half penny.

Freight to London, dead weight, fifty to sixty-five shillings.

Jute, ninety-five shillings.

Seeds, eighty five shillings.

Grey Shirtings, fourteen by thirteen, seven pounds forty inches, ten rupees twelve annas to fourteen annas per piece

Nominal Madapollams thirteen by eleven, three pounds, thirty-two inches, four rupees twelve annas to fourteen annas per piece.

Nominal Mule Twist, number forty, good seconds fourteen annas per morah

Nominal Market, for Piece Goods, nothing doing owing to light money market.

Market for Twist, very quiet buyers.

LOCAL.

THE MINSTRELS.—The Concert for the benefit of Mr. W. Collins, which was postponed from yesterday will take place this evening (Tuesday).

WEATHER REPORT.

At 9 hours of the 23rd November 1863.

BROACH.—Fine, easterly wind.
BULSAR.—Clear.
CANNANORE.—Fair.
GALLE.—Calm and fine. Ther. 80.
GOA.—Cool, light easterly wind.
KOLAPORE.—Fair, light N. W.
KURRACHEE.—Cool N. W.
MADRAS—Fine S W. Ther. 80 Baro. 30·31.
PAUMBEN.—Rainy, strong N. W. wind. Ther. 81.
SURAT.—Fair.

BOMBAY, BARODA, AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

OPEN 185¼ MILES.

Statement of Traffic, Week ending 1st *Nov.* 1863.

COACHING.

Number of Passengers, 19,241.				
Amount	Rs.	18,996	10	1
MERCHANDIZE.				
Amount	,,	14,265	1	8
Total...	Rs.	33,261	11	9

Corresponding Week last year, open 167½ *Miles.*

COACHING.

Number of Passengers, 18,405.				
Amount	Rs.	13,400	3	0
MERCHANDIZE.				
Amount	,,	5,705	12	7
Total...	Rs.	19,105	15	7

BANK OF BOMBAY.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank on the 21st November 1863.

Liabilities.

Proprietors' Capital	Rs.	52,25,000
Subscriptions on account of new Capital	,,	3,84,000
Public Deposits	,,	27,44,600
Other Deposits	,,	1,26,31,496
Bank's Notes and Bills outstanding	,,	4,29,770
Rest	,,	7,84 658
Rupees...		2,21,99,524

Assets.

Loans on Deposit of Govt Securities	Rs.	52,55,662
Credit Accounts on do. do.	,,	27,54,059
Bills Discounted	,,	71,26,927
Dead Stock	,,	4 91,348
Balances with Branches and Agents	,,	1,26 93 959
Cash and Currency Notes	,,	38,77,569
Rupees...		2,21,99,524

By order of the Board of Directors,
JAMES BLAIR.
Secretary and Treasurer.

The preceding statement, when compared with that of last week shows the following results:—

An increase in the Subscription on account of new Capital	4,500
An increase in public Deposits of	5,23,090
A decrease in other Deposits of	4,11,974
An increase in Bank's notes and Bills outstanding of	3,005
An increase in the Rest of	10,732
A decrease in Loans on Deposit Government Securities of	38,100
A decrease on Credit accounts on Do. of	1,73,089
A decrease in Bills Discounted of	20,89,698
An increase in Dead Stock of	136
A decrease in Balances with Branches and Agents of	5,08,542
An increase in currency notes of	19,99,143

CORONER'S INQUESTS.

An Inquest was held yesterday at Loharchal, upon the body of one Pandoorung Jugganauth, who was killed under the circumstances below mentioned. Appajee Narrayen said, the deceased was his cousin, and was fifty years old; he saw deceased yesterday evening at 8½ o'clock; he was then insensible and had a wound in his head; he was a man of sober habits and had gone to arrange for a contract in connection with the gas works now being erected at Lall Baugh.

Govind Ballajee, a sub-contractor on the gas works said he was there yesterday when blasting was going on and saw a large piece of stone blown up, and afterwards fall down in pieces, one of which fell on the deceased; witness ran to him and found him insensible; good warning was given by the muccadum of the works before the blast took place.

Succaram Janardhun, a clerk at the gas works corroborated the statement of the last witness, and further said, the public road is about 300 yards from the place where the blasting took place and that the contractor had authority from the commissioner of Police to carry on blasting; deceased was about a hundred yards from the blast.

Moreshwa Janardhun, graduate of Grant Medical College, attended the deceased, and was of opinion that death was caused by compression of the brain.—"Verdict accidental death."

FOUND DROWNED.—An Inquest was held yesterday, at the Mombadevy Chowkey, on view of the body of one Nana Vujgovun. From the evidence of one Bhailall Bhugwandass, it appeared that the deceased had been suffering from fever for the last ten days. On the evening of Saturday last, when he returned home he found the deceased missing, and therefore made enquiries up to the morning of yesterday, when he heard Battakee beaten, and went to the Mombadevy tank, where he found the body of the deceased. It appeared from the evidence of a policeman named Essoo Amroot that, on the morning of Sunday last, when he came to the tank he found the turband and umbrella produced before the Coroner lying on the edge of the tank. He made enquiries as to whom they belonged, but he did not find any one to own them, whereupon he took them to Mr. Woods, European Constable. Yesterday morning when he came to his duty, he discovered the body of the deceased floating on the water.—VERDICT "found drowned."

BOMBAY POLICE INTELLIGENCE.

FORT POLICE OFFICE.—*Saturday, 21st Nov.*
(BEFORE N. W. OLIVER, ESQ.)

DRUNK ON DUTY.—Robert Bell, a Guard employed on the G. I. P. Railway, was placed at the bar charged with being drunk when on duty.

Mr. Crawford appeared for the Railway Company.

Mr. Barton for the defendant.

William Nicker, Station Master at Boree Bunder, said.—I know the prisoner, he is a probationer Guard, he was on duty on the 17th instant, as Assistant Guard with the train which leaves Boree Bunder at 5 36 P.M. to run through from Bombay to Kussara, and on this day troops were in the carriages. In consequence of what the head-guard told me I went to the brake van and there found defendant in a state of intoxication, I ordered him out of his "brake," and in getting out he stumbled and fell between the carriages and platform; the train was in motion at the time, the driver was signalled to bring the train to a stand and defendant entered his brake a second time, and was removed by the station havildar.

Edward Ellis, a carriage examiner, said he saw the defendant being dragged along by the carriage of which he had hold, the train being then in motion and was of opinion the prisoner had been drinking, and did not consider him in a fit state to take charge as guard.

Frederck Otto, being sworn said, I am a guard in the employ of the G. I. P. Railway Company; I was in charge of the 5-35 P.M train on Tuesday, Bell was my assistant, I saw him on that occasion and found he was intoxicated; he smelt very strongly of liquor and was staggering about. I spoke to him but he did not answer. I have no doubt that he was dumk, and unfit to take care of his train.

David Langdon, a guard also in the company's employ deposed to having been ordered to take defendant's place and when in the train asked defendant for his papers, he refused to deliver them, and was quite sure the defendent was drunk.

For the defence three witnesses were called, two of whom walked with defendant from the Fort gate to the station; they both swore he was perfectly sober; this was shortly after 5 o'clock.

James Lockley, European constable, deposed to having received the prisoner unto his custody at about 8 P.M. and that he then was in liquor. His Worship said that there had appeared a great deal of hesitation on the part of the witnesses for the defence, to swear positively on their cross-examination that the defendants was perfectly sober, and with the evidence of Mr. Lockley before him he could have no hesitation in deciding that the defendant was drunk on duty; it was a very serious offence, and subjected the defendant to a fine of Rs. [illegible], but as he had incurred the expense of counsel the fine would be reduced to Rs. 30.

Monday 23rd November.
(BEFORE N. W. OLIVER ESQ.)

AN OLD CUSTOMER.—Ali Hossein, a seedee was charged with stealing money from the person of one Mannieter Govind Mehta who stated that yesterday he went to the green market, at that time he had Rs. 2-10-8- tied in a corner of his head cloth, which was hanging from his shoulder, shortly after reaching the market the policeman brought the prisoner, and asked prosecutor if he had lost any thing, on looking at his cloth he missed the money.

Mahomed Hyab, Police Constable No. 200 said, yesterday at 5 P.M. in the green market I saw the prisoner untie a knot in prosecutor's head-cloth, and take some money, I caught him by the wrist and found in his hand Rs. 2-10-8, the amount stated by prosecutor to have been lost by him, was the exact sum found by me upon the prisoner. The prisoner admitted the theft, and was sentenced to six months hard labour in the common Jail.

Sixteen former convictions were proved against him, and his worship said in the event of his appearing again before him, he should deem it his duty to commit the prisoner to the High Court for transportation.

DRIVING RASHLY.—Bhawoo Bappo appeared to answer a summons for driving furiously along the road to the danger of the public, and thereby injuring one Guzja woman, this occured on the 3rd instant, the injured woman having since been in hospitul.

Crustna Luxamon Police Sepoy said, that on Tuesday the 3rd instant at a quarter to seven P.M., he saw the prisoner driving a Shigram, from the direction of Colaba towards the Fort, with his horse at a gallop, witness called to him to slacken his speed but he did not, and a short distance further the shaft of the Shigram struck the woman and she fell. Another sepoy corroborated the statement of the last witness.

Gunga (a very old and decrepid woman) said she was going along the Colaba causeway when she was struck down by a Shigram, the sepoy ran and picked her up, she had been in hospital since that day. The prisoner said he was not driving fast, he saw the woman and called out, the last time he called very loud she heard him and being frightened, fell, the Shigram did not touch her. His worship said that furious driving amongst shigram and buggy drivers appeared to be very much on the increase, it was a very serious offence as human life was thereby endangered, he should therefore fine the prisoner in the sum of Rs. 15 and in default six week's imprisonment in the house of correction. A portion of the five to be paid to the woman.

(BEFORE H. E. LEEKE, ESQ.)

SAGACITY IN MAN AND BEAST.—Sorabjee Manockjee was charged with stealing a she-goat.

Burjorjee Bomonjee, stated that he lived in Hornby Row. At 6 P.M. yesterday the goat was safe in the verandah of his house; at about 10 o'clock he was aroused by a knocking at the door and upon opening it, found a police sepoy, with prisoner and a goat which he recognised as his.

Police constable No. 473, said last night about 9 o'clock I saw the prisoner leading a goat along Bazar gate street; he could not give any satisfactory account of how he came by it, and I took him into custody, he failed to point out his house, and on passing prosecutor's house the goat began calling out and tried to go to the verandah, I thought the goat might belong to the house and called prosector, who claimed it. Prisoner had nothing to say, and was committed to the House of correction for twenty one days, with hard labour.

LAW.

HIGH COURT.

Business for disposal this day.
(BEFORE THE HON'BLE THE CHIEF JUSTICE AND THE HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE COUCH.)
Suits for further hearing and final disposal.

296 Pestonjee Jewanjee *vs.* Dadabhoy Manuckjee (part heard.)

322 Babool Ramjee Mestree *vs.* Chimabai (part heard.)

(BEFORE THE HON'BLE SIR JOSEPH ARNOULD.)
Suits for further hearing and final disposal.

377 Ludha Tullancy *vs.* Pragjee Purshotum.

386 Moorarjee Mooljee *vs.* Dulsookroy Ramlall.

397 Khoja Mahomed Chunda *vs.* Coozoon Abdoolla.

380 Cullianjee Pettamber *vs.* Shah Bhanabhoy Dwarkadass.

412 Manockjee Mooljee *vs.* Sittenund Chillaram.

H. GAMBLE, Deputy Registrar.
Prothonotary's Office, 23rd Nov. 1863.

SMALL CAUSE COURT.—21*st November.*

(BEFORE N. SPENCER, ESQ.)
Withul Gopall vs. *Ardaseer Byramjee.*

In this action the plaintiff sought to recover from the defendant the sum of Rs. 130-7, being the amount for boarding, lodging and buggy hire.

Mr. Pandoorung, appeared on behalf of the plaintiff.

Mr. Peile, for the defendant.

Mr. Pandoorung stated that on the 25th of June last, the plaintiff who is a resident of Nagotana, came to Bombay for some business, and on the 26th of the same month, the defendant caused a summons to be served on him to take his evidence in a certain cause, then pending on the original Jurisdiction side of the High Court, wherein the defendant sued one Jamsetjee Aderjee. The plaintiff commenced attending the Court from the 30th June till the 13th day of August last, on which day the case was disposed of. Mr. Pandoorung, further stated that his client was thus detained for a period of about three months, during which time he incurred Rs. 130-7 as his expenses for boarding, lodging and buggy hire.

Mr. Peile, contended that under Section 151 of the Civil Procedure Act (Act VIII of 1859) the Court had no jurisdiction to entertain this action.

His Honor.—Mr. Pandoorung how could this action lie?

Mr. Pandoorung.—Plaintiff had suffered a great loss by being detained here.

His Honor.—There was no implied contract.

Mr. Pandoorung.—He was entitled to his expenses.

His Honor.—Plaintiff was bound to attend before the Court. He must show some contract. Was there any contract between the parties? Mr. Pandoorung should show some authorities in support of his case.

Mr. Pandoorung.—There was no authority.

His Honor.—An action would lie on a contract.

Mr. Peile.—The plaintiff made an application to the Judges of the High Court, and they refused it.

Mr. Pandoorung.—He applied to the High Court, but as his evidence was not taken, the application was refused.

His Honor.—Unless there was a special contract the Court could not maintain the action.

Mr. Pandoorung.—In *Addison* on *Contract* it was stated that when there was an express contract, the remuneration was paid to witnesses.

Mr. Peile.—Plaintiff was in Bombay, and therefore he was not entitled to any expenses.

His Honor.—Plaintiff must show that there was a special contract.

Mr. Peile—The Court had no Jurisdiction. The man was in Bombay at the time.

His Honor.—Mr. Pandoorung said that the defendant promised plaintiff to remunerate him.

Mr. Peile.—He should apply to the High Court. This Court had no Jurisdiction.

His Honor.—He was detained in consequence of giving his evidence and he would prove that.

Withul Gopall, sworn.—I was summoned by the defendant in a cause then pending in the High Court; on the 26th of June I was served with a summons. In consequenc of that summons I was detained in Bombay. On that day I was to go to Nagotana. On the 25th of June last I came to Bombay for some business. At the time the summons was served or me the defendant did not come. On the the 28th of the same month. I went to the defendant's shop, when I asked him why he had detained me. Defendant said my future expenses should be paid. From the 30th of June. I commenced to attend the court, till the 13th of August on which day the case was disposed of.

(The witness here gave some accountof the expenses incurred by him).

His Honor.—There was no contract proved. The Judge cited a case in which a party brought an action against a witness for not attending in court to give evidence, there the action was maintained, but the present case was quite the contrary.

Mr. Pandoorung elected a *non suit* and reserved leave to move the full court. Plaintiff *non-suited.*—Costs certified.

TRICHINOPOLY.

POST OFFICE ROBBERIES AT NEGAPATAM.—We are curious to know whether the complaints of fradulent abstraction and misappropriation of Bank Notes and Hoondies enclosed in letters passing through the Post Office at Negapatam have attracted the notice of the Post Master General; and if so whether Colonel Pears intends to adopt measures to prevent this nefarious practice, and thus not only put a stop to the shameful scandal now prevailing in that locality, but restore the postal communication to that degree of confidence which the public have a right to expect.

In addition to the case noticed in our issue of the 24th ultimo there wss that in which Mr. Antonio was said to be implicated and another which the latter individual himself brought forward and which, it appears, is still pending before the Session Court. The frequency of these frauds and the difficulty attending their detection warrant us in presuming that there is a well organized agency at work, and judging from the fact that the Head Assistant Magistrate made a sudden visit to the Post Office the other day, to satisfy himself upon a material point without giving the parties time to tamper with the witnesses,—not to speak of the part played in Antonio's case by the delivering peon and one of the writers—gives us good grounds for arriving at the conclusion that all is not exactly fair and above board at this Post office and justifies us in suggesting that the removal of every servant of that office each to a different place, would prove a benefit to the people of Negapatam and conduce to the public interests in no small degree. It is far from our purpose to impugn the honestly of any of these servants, not even of poor Antonio, in particular who is probably himself the victim of a deep laid combination,—but where it is so difficult to trace the fraud satisfactorily, we think that one step towards an improvement might be effected by pursuing the course above suggested. Writers, Peons, and even runners, if they have access to the wallets, should be at once transferred individually to other localities and then we shall wait with curiosity to see the result.—*Trichinopoly Journal, Nov.* 14.

OUDH.

H. M.'s SHIP *Hornet*, which had been riding in the Hooghly for some days, left on the 12th instant to look, it is said, after American Privateers in the Bay of Bengal; but nothing certain appears to be known of her mission, or destination.—*Oudh Gazette, Nov.* 13.

WE would rectify a mistake, that appeared in our last issue, mentioning the advent of Colonel [illegible] instead of Colonel Hodgson, as the Government Consulting Engineer, to supervise the operations of the Oudh Railway.—*Id.*

REDUCTION and retrenchment being still the order of the day, it has, we are informed, been determined on to abolish the Garrison Surgeoncy of Chunar, and to appoint an Assistant Surgeon to discharge the medical duties of that station, to effect a monthly saving of Rupees 250. Assistant Surgeon Young, of the 39th Native Infantry, at Allahabad, has in consequence been directed to assume the medical charge of Chunar, and to relieve Assistant Surgeon Sheppard, of the Royal Artillery, who has been officiating since the death of Surgeon Major Diaper.—*Id.*

FROM a private letter, from Calcutta, we learn that, the 33rd Native Infantry, under the command of Major Langmore, are still encamped on the glacis of Fort William; that the corps presents a very sickly and shabby appearance, after its late sojourn in Assam; and that it is far below strength, requiring three hundred men to make up its complement, and having seventy in hospital. It was arranged that the Regiment should proceeded by Rail, up country, in three detachments; the first to leave on the 13th instant. Our correspondent does not say much for the appearance of the 35th Native Infantry on duty, from Barrackpore, at Government House. It is to be hoped that Captain Tytler, V. C., their new commanding officer, will bring about a change for the better. The 1st detachment of H. M.'s 20th Foot, 2nd battalion, under command of Captain Meares, arrived on the 12th in the steamer *Lawrence*, and do not seem at all to like their change of destination to China.—*Id.*

NORTH-WEST PROVINCES.

ALL the visitors to Cashmere, save one, have returned to British territory. The rose left blooming alone is Sir Mordaunt Wells.—*Lahore Chronicle, Nov.* 14.

WE regret to announce the death, on the 9th instant, of Lieutenant Colonel Robert Warburton, Commanding Royal Artillery at Peshawur.—*Id.*

WE are glad to hear there is a probability that the office of Director General of Post-offices in India will be abolished, and each Post Master General be supreme within his own province.—*Id.*

AN earthquake was felt at Peshawur at the same time as a similar shock was experienced at Lahore. Whether it was one and the same disturbance, or whether one had no connection with the other, we are unable to say.—*Id.*

A LETTER from Meean Meer of the 14th says:—"The Commander in Chief arrived here on Thursday evening, but what his future plans may be no one knows. The greater part of yesterday he spent with Sir R. Montgomery. His flying camp is coming up rapidly from Dhurrumsalla, and I am told the Head Quarter Staff who remained at Simla, have been telegraphed to join him immediately, so the general impression is that His Excellency will go up to the frontier, as soon as possible.

A very general impression prevails here that under the late altered position of public affairs generally there will be no camp of exercise here after all: but possibly a reserve camp of observation at Rawul Pindee.

A letter yesterday from Chamberlain's force says, that they were snug and quiet, though being hard worked, and soon anticipating a advance out of the Umbeyla pass."—*Delhi Gazette, Nov.* 17.

A COMMUNICATION from Umritsur, dated the 12th November, informs us that the Commander in Chief who was expected on the 10th, and for whom a cavalry escort was waiting at the Meean Meer Station of the Railway on that day, had not arrived up to noon on the first named day. It was believed His Excellency had been detained by the very serious illness of the Governor General which had prevented Lord Elgin from moving the camp from between Dhurrumsala and Noorpoor in the Kangra valley.

"Owing to the prepared state of our authorities and the warning arrests that had taken place the Dewalee passed off without any disturbance whatever. The illuminations were brilliant, the town, or the show portions of it, picturesque, and the visitors from Lahore, European and Native, very numerous. A Company of Her Majesty's 19th have left this for Julundhur, to do duty there during the absence of Her Majesty's 94th, the whole of which has now, as well as the left Wing 10th Bengal Cavalry, been ordered on to Lahore. A Battery of Artillery accompanies there.—*Id.*

WE have for several months past taken no notice of what has appeared in the *Delhi Gazette*, for reasons we have already given, but we cannot suffer the following paragraph to pass without entering our protest against such indecency.

UMRITSUR 13TH.

"Sir Hugh Rose passed through Umritsur yesterday, and reported the Governor General was not expected to last many hours when he left him. Taken leave of his family, made his will, and desired to be buried at Dhurrumsalla. In the event of his death, Lady Elgin proceeds at once to Calcutta with Doctor MacRae, and Sir W. Denison becomes acting Governor-General. Camp at Puttankote broken up.

Supposing the above be true, was it decent to publish it? It is, however, not only indecent, but it bears upon its very face falsity, and is nothing more or less than a disreputable *Bunao*. Let us take point by point. Is it likely, or probable that Sir Hugh Rose travelled through the country, and indiscriminately divulged to all he met, what he knew respecting Lord Elgin's death, in order that it might find its way into the columns of the *Delhi Gazette*? Is it likely that Lord Elgin's wishes in case of his death would be scattered abroad to the public, before the spirit had taken its departure from its tenement of clay? We scout the idea. No gentleman would ever divulge whatever he knew regarding the private affairs of another gentleman, and what he must have known would pain the feelings of a family. But some of these newspapers in India, desirous of having a priority of intelligence on important matters, resemble the vultures in the Desert, which hover the prostrate camel; and before the breath is out of the body, descend and commence their voracity. In the words of Dean-Swift:

They strip the hide; they pick the bones,
Regardless of the dying groans.

Let them wait until Lord Elgin be really dead, and then write what they wish to say, either in praise or blame.—*Mofussilite, Nov* 17.

THE REVD. D. O. ALLEN, D.D.

(*Bombay Guardian, Nov.* 21.)

WE heard recently with much regret of the death of the Rev. D. O. Allen, D.D. formerly a missionary connected with the American Board's Bombay Mission. He came to this country in 1827 and returned to America in 1853. On the occasion of his departure from Bombay he addressed a letter to the General Secretary of the Bombay Auxiliary Bible Society, from which we take the following extract:

"In no part of my missionary labors have I enjoyed more pleasure, or now contemplate with more satisfaction, than what I have been able to do in the work of translating, revising and printing the Scriptures. In the revised and complete edition of the (Marathi) Scriptures now in the Press, and which has chiefly occupied my time for 2½ years past, I have felt a deep interest, and it was my daily prayer that my health and faculties might be preserved to see it completed."

From the Bible Society's Report for 1853 we take the following notice of Dr. Allen:

"Your Committee have much regret in reporting the removal (temporary at least) of the Rev. Dr. Allen from the scene of his long sustained and useful labors. The following resolution (moved by the Rev. Dr. Wilson, and seconded by the Rev. J. S. S. Robertson) was unanimously adopted. The Committee, in receiving Mr. Allen's letter of resignation rendered necessary by the state of his health, resolved to record it in full in the minutes of this meeting; to express their deep-felt gratitude to him for his most important and valuable services to the Society for the last quarter of a century, first as member of the Committee, and for the last 13 years as one of the Secretaries, and principal editor of the Marathi Scriptures; and to commend him to the divine blessing during the further course of his life, in whatever circumstances and situations he may be placed by Divine Providence."

Throughout the period of his residence in India, Dr. Allen, though for a long time in charge of the American Mission Press, continued to preach the Gospel statedly and occasionally; he also performed a number of itineracies in the Concan and in the Deccan; was Secretary of the Tract and Book Society at the time of its formation and for several years subsequently, and constantly a member; was the author of the *Summary of Scripture Doctrines* and other useful Marathi works; excited himself not a little to promote the cause of temperance among Europeans and Natives; was a man of a Catholic and a kindly spirit; and engaged in a high degree the confidence and respect of the community. He died in August last at the age of 63, surviving his [illegible] son about two years.

THE FRONTIER WARFARE.

(*Mofussilite, Nov.* 13.)

My wife, my Spaniel, and my Walnut tree,
The more I wop 'em the better they be.

HAD that jolly, kent farmer of the shadowy period, the author of the sentiment, lived in these our latter days, with the Mahabun mountain in these our latter days, with the Mahabun herds, his sweeds and mangle wurzel, he looks and his heart have added: "And them blows from villains to boot!" It may afford consolation, however, to the "Interloper" that as yet the British stock feeder has not risked his corporation in those parts, nor has Sir Neville Chamberlain amongst his other anxieties, that of looking after so unworthy a member (in future) of the Punjab community.

It has grown into an undoubted fact that a hornet's nest of very imposing bulk has been stirred up—"up yonder"—and we naturally turn about to have a look at our position and prospects, now that it is said that the force is pulled up in the middle of its successful and dashing career. We feel neither surprise or fear—either at its present position, or the ultimate result. We only regret the lives that have been and will be necessarily sacrificed in effecting the demolition of the Sitanees, and the subjugation of the other tribes who have been fools enough to listen to the voice of the Mahomedan charmer, and so have placed themselves in antagonism to us.

Last advices say that General Chamberlain's force is halted pending reinforcements (which are within easy call), and thus as we write, there is on the Mahabun and in its Passes a corps d'armee which, if it be not of sufficient strength to advance further into the disturbed hills, is still more than enough, not only to hold its own, but to punish, as we already have such convincing proofs, any and all who attempt to push it from its place.

We must, however, bear in mind that these Hindostanee fanatics derive a strong source of aid even from the wealthy and bigotted Moslem of Hydrabad and the Deccan. Their head priest, who is also their secular ruler, is a Wahabee, and the influential amongst themselves are all members of the same extreme form of the Moslem creed. Their collectors, for though in the garb of fakeers they really represent that character, wander over the whole of Hindustan, in regular intervals, making money collections for the subsistence and propagation of this, to us most annoying fanatic colony. The Sitanees are also at the present time largely strengthened by the debris of the greatest blackguards who effected their escape from British vengeance, after the rebellion of 1857 had been finally crushed. Amongst these we may include the rebels of the old 55th N. I. It will be recollected that these men were driven by the bayonet from our little frontier fort of Murdan, occupied by the 55th N. I. for a time, when the gallant corps of Guides, whose permanent head-quarters it is, proceeded on its historical march to the walls of Delhi. Amongst the fanatics may also be found dribblets from the Peshawur, Sealkote and Jhelum deserters, not to mention those who from time to time, and singly, crept along the lower ridge of the Himalaya, when too keenly sought after on account of the part taken by them in the mutiny. We need not say that all these men are thoroughly hostile to British rule. It would startle political officers in distant States of India were they to learn the names of some of these persons. The perpetual ferment that it is the evident policy of the Moulvie to encourage, even in comparative quiet, is undoubtedly at the present time at its highest point.

We are neither astonished, nor, we must add, deeply concerned to hear, when we consider the vast numbers of troops we have at hand available to crush them, that this fanaticism and corruption are extending over a larger circle of the tribes in those parts than any one accustomed to the tranquillity of other parts of India would suppose probable. It has even been said that the inhabitants of the fat and fertile valley of Peshawur have been more or less brought under the influence of the agitation at present at work. But this need not cause any uneasiness. There are troops sufficient to deal with any number of the tribes, and it were wiser to read them all such a severe lesson now, that there should be no necessity for any further demonstrations against them for many years to come. The larger the force employed the better; the more lasting will be the impression, and the greater the probability of the restoration of permanent tranquility.

THE WEEK IN CALCUTTA.

(*Indian Empire, Nov.* 14)

A sad gloom was cast over society by the sad accounts we received of the health of His Excellency the Viceroy. We had hoped that it was a mere idle report, but as day after day but gave strength to the rumour, we began to feel it must be found on fact. We had hoped from the antecedents of Lord Elgin, that his rule would have been distinguished, for beneficent measures, vast improvements, well matured reforms and a wise economy, and his first acts on assuming the reigns of government confirmed us in our expectations. We fear that the immense amount of mental exertion he has undergone and the severe domestic affliction with which he was visited not long since have but aided the inroads which the climate of Bengal too surely makes on who somewhat advanced in years, comes within its influence.

The guns from the ramparts of Fort William on Saturday last announced the return of Sir R. Napier. We hope that our contemporaries will prove correct in their surmises, that no ordinary amount of good will result to the places visited, and that the glaring evils which must have come under the observance of his eye will be swept away by the measures to be introduced into Council. We confess however that we are not so sanguine. It more frequently happens that when a high and mighty personage does condescend to visit some far off spot in his dominions, all are so eager to receive him with proper respect and attention, that oppressor and oppressed have but one idea present with them to let every thing appear *en coleur de rose.*

It is said there will be a vacancy in the office of Director General of Post offices, and that Colonel Broome is the favorite for the appointment. We suppose his best qualification for it is that having studied closely the best mode of propelling shot and shell, he will know how to put activity into the leaden heads and ponderous matter in the various post offices and make them traverse the longest distances within certain moments. Or it may be that dust and neglect have so encumbered the officials of these places, that they can only be swept away by a well tried broom. Whatevre may be the motive, though the appointment may be otherwise unobjectionable, we cannot but with our contemporaries protest against it. The appointment is really a sinecure, and therefore in these days of vigorous crusade against sinecures ought to be abolished. The Post Masters General, in the different provinces, are we think frequently hampered in their action by the fear lest their acts should not afterwards obtain the sanction of the Director General, and thus the onus of the ill success of the measures suggested by them. Let all responsibility be thrown upon the different Post Masters General, deprived them of the Director's ægis, and we shall have good cause then, though we have it not now to laud the efficiency of our Post Office.

Our contemporaries have been indulging in some facetious remarks on what they consider the vagaries of the Honorary Magistrates. Though we cannot quite approve of their decisions in one or two instances, yet they are on the whole doing good service. And it is a great thing in this money making age to find men, deeply engaged in commercial and other time engrossing pursuits, sacrificing so much of it for the good of the public and cheerfully undertaking duties not very agreeable even to those who are well paid for their performance.

Another batch of the 20th foot have been landed and housed at Dum Dum. It is time that the Blenheim with head quarters should be announced. We do not suppose that many days will elapse before she is signalized as being in the river. We entertain no fears that this fine regiment will have embarked on the Nubia by the day appointed. But should there be a delay of even 5 or 6 days the demurrage, at Rs. 500 a day, will be as nothing compared with the advantages that will result from landing the whole battalion at once where it is so urgently required.

We beg to call particular attention to the chapter on the English constitution among our European selections. It is our intention to contine the series, for we think it will be of material assistance to those of our readers, who are preparing for examination for degrees in law from the university of Calcutta.

We have just received the following from Rangoon to which we give prominent place:

Up to the eve of despatch of the steamer "Chedubah" hope had been entertained of recovery of the mails from the wreck of the Baltic. That hope however is dissipated by a report received yesterday from the Deputy Commissioner of Bassein, that the mails have been totally lost. Captain Antram the Master Attendant having just returned (31st October) from a second unsuccessful attempt to save them and reporting that the wreck had disappeared having been washed off the reef and sunk in deep water close to it.

We have received, but too late to acknowledge with more than thanks, "Delhi and other Poems by C. A. Kelly B. C. S." published by Messrs. G. C. Hay & Co.—and the 1st No. of the Revenue, Judicial and Police Journal, published by Messrs. G. Wyman & Co.; they shall be properly noticed in our next.

THE TROOPS ON THE FRONTIER.

(*Mofussilite, Nov* 17.)

We should like to know what arrangements have been made for the supply of food and other necessaries of life for the troops on the frontier—whether the old Commissariat are to be called into action, or whether Sir Hugh Rose will manage the business himself. If he do, he will make just the same sort of mess of it as was made in the Crimea, when the troops were half-starved and less than half-clad. Our troops must be well-fed; for without their stomachs full, they are not particularly thirsty for glory. It is very true what Don Quixotte said to Sancho when that illustrious personage was about to take charge of his Government: "If you go to battle, Sancho, keep your men's bellies full, for the belly supports the body, the body supports the heart, the heart supports the mind, and gives courage." Whatever fighting is likely to take place will take place in a cold region. We will thorfore be excused for inquiring whether sufficient supplies of warm clothing have been ordered, as well as woollen gloves, and strong boots, [illegible] shawls. Such boots, for instance as cricketers wear. What our troops suffered in the Cabul campaign is well-known. Very many of our European soldiers lost the use of their hands legs for life; [illegible] frost bitten. As for the native troops fingers and [illegible], hundreds of them lost their [illegible] whilst others, in large numbers, were actually frozen to death. Sir William McNaghten had a servant that was not maimed. We will at once take the liberty of inquiring whether the medical department is in an efficient working order for a protracted campaign, or any campaign at all; be it remembered that during the first Sikh campaign the stock of medical supplies was so small in proportion to the requirements, that we lost many men who might have been saved. We also hope that quantities of port and other wines will not be forgotten, and the proportionate quantity of quinine. Beasts of burden of every description should be arranged about in good time, and not left till the very last moment; and forage for them should be looked to; for there is no use in buying Elephants, Camels, Bullocks &c., if they are to starve, die and stink in the various camps and on the sides of the roads, thus creating a pestiferous atmosphere. As for the matter of grain, &c. we have it on the very best commissariat authority that there is an abundance in the Punjaub and in these provinces. Let it not be forrgotten that Lord Gough had once to halt several weeks, all in consequence of the Government not having listened to the suggestions of the Commissariat Officers. This was not the fault of Colonel Parsons, or of any of his subordinate officers. We would also bring to the notice of the authorities that those essential things called rupees, should be in the various treasuries, not only for the purpose of making advances to contractors, but also for the purpose of promptly paying the troops. Sir Dudley Hill, when he commanded the reserve force in Jullundur, was placed in extreme difficulties. There was no money in the chests, and the Native Infantry Regiments grumbled and growled most unpleasantly; and had it not been for a friend of the Government coming to his aid in the very nick of time, replenishing the Military coffers, a very serious affair would have occured. Sir Dudley's Reserve would have been in a state of mutiny. To this Sir Dudley Hill himself deposed voluntarily and truly. We make these remarks in consequence of the Indian Government being always behind hand, and warranting all other nations in believing that the Government had no such a word as precaution in its vocabulary. It seems to be doubtful whether Sir Hugh Rose will take command of the troops, now gathered and gathering on the Frontier. Most of our correspondets say that he will. We hope that this is not the case; for much as we admire and respect the gallantry of Sir Hugh Rose, and the good service that he has done the State, we are led to believe that he is now used up, and that he would only become the latest edition of General Elphinstone, bound in vellum, or a Sir John M'Caskill, whom poor William Mayne used so graphically to describe, sitting beneath a fig tree, devouring the fruit, and when informed in a stentorian voice of a victory, feebly replied. "*Glad to hear it take of a fig.*" Which Mayne interpreted thus: "A fig for your victory." These worn out Generals are of no use in this country. We went men in the prime of life and of vigorous intellect, and men acquainted with the locality in which battles are likely to be fought. We therefore think it would be better for Sir Neville Chamberlain to be suffered to go on untrammeled, uncontrouled, and in no way interfered with. Sir Neville is an Officer of great mental ability, great courage, dash and daring, and possessed of a marvellous power over the native soldiery. The only blemish we know of in his character is a temper somewhat too warm. Sir Hugh Rose had, therefore, better keep away from him, and comfortably keep his court and his camp by way of a reserve, in some pleasant spot, within our own boundries.

CAPE.

THE CONFEDERATE AND FEDERAL CRUISERS

(*South African Advertiser, Sept.* 19.)

THE U. S. ST. 'VANDERBILT.'

The intelligence we have to convey to our Home readers this month respecting the Confederate and Federal cruisers is, on the whole, even more romantic and exciting than that of our last summary for England. Since the departure of the mail-steamer *Cambrian*, scarcely a day has passed without some fresh excitement being caused by the reports and rumours spread in Cape Town about them. A Confederate leaves Simon's Bay, and has not got many miles out to sea when a Federal cruiser makes his *debut*, to find, however, that he is just in time to be too late. The Federal on hearing this immediately proceeds to sea, in search of the Confederate, and after the lapse of a day or two returns to port after an unsuccessful cruise. After taking in supplies, the Federat again takes his departure; but has not been many days away, when his place is again taken up by the very foe he is in search of the redoubtable *Alabama.*

The Federal cruiser we allude to is the renowned paddle-wheel steamer *Vanderbilt*, which the well known New York millionare, of that name presented as a gift to the United States' Government—and which was appointed to the special service of clearing the ocean of the Confederate privateers. The *Venderbilt* had been last heard of on the Brazilian coast, and was upposed to have been thrown off the scent of her legitimate game, and gone round the Horn to protect the homeward bound Californian crafts, when she unexpectedly made her first appearance in these waters on the morning of the 30th August. at 7 a.m. She was seen from the Lion's Hill signal Station Cape Town, as a powerful paddle-wheel steamer bound eastward. In the afternoon she entered False Bay, and was making for Simon's Bay following in the wake of an English ship, the *Lancashire Witch*, to whom a pilot from the port was on his way. The *Venderbilt* hailed him for the news, and was informed that the Confederate steamer *Georgia* had gone out only the preceding evening, and probably with the intention of pursuing the Yankee bark *Urania*, which had left Table Bay on the Friday night for New York. Capt. Baldwin, of the *Vanderbilt* merely took time to pen a brief note to the American Consul, telling him to expect his return to port in about ten days, and immediately stood out again for sea in search of the pirate now evidently so near his grasp.

A few days after, the *Vanderbilt* again made her appearance off False Bay, performing the charitable service of towing in a "lame duck, in the shape of a Dutch bark, the *Johanna Elizabeth.* This vessel was from Batavia bound to Amsterdam, with a cargo of sugar and tobacco, and also about fifteen passengers on board. When off the Cape she experienced very heavy weather and was dismasted. The *Vanderbilt* fell in with her, and immediately towed the helpless vessel from L'Agulhas to the entrance of False Bay. After performing this charitable service, she proceeded to sea again in search of her arch foes. The Dutchman subsequently reached Simon's Bay in safety.

Taking advantage of the *Vanderbilt's* appearance off the coast, and in evident retiance upon her protection and part convoy, no fewer than three American vessels left Table Bay on the 2nd ult. on their respective voyages—the bark *Kedron* to Baltimore, the whaling schooner *Charles Colgate* to Desolation, and the splendid ship *Antelope*, which put into Table Bay for supplies, from New York to Shanghai; the chances are therefore but even whether any of these may fall into the hands of the Confederate privateers.

In the meantime, the citizens, of Cape Town and Simon's Town were all alive and anxiously expecting to hear of a terrible sea-fight, which they thought was to come off somewhere near the coast, between the Federal and Confederates,—when, on the morning of Thursday, the 3rd instant, the *Vanderbilt* again put into Simon's Bay, bringing the startling intelligence of great loss of life and property—not by her, however, but by an earthquake at Manilla. This news she received from the American ship *Nabob*, from Manilla, bound to New York, which vessel she boarded off the coast. The *Nabob*, being long out, was snort of provisions, and was supplied with some by Capt. Baldwin.

The *Vanderbilt* has been most unfortunate in the chase of the Confederates hitherto. Since she was commissioned, some ten months ago, she has been in pursuit of them, following their track over some thirty thousand miles, but in no instance was so close upon their heels as now. When she was at Bahia, the *Alabama* and *Georgia* had been gone a week or two; and no one had the slightest idea of the route they had taken. Captain Baldwin at once proceeded from Bahia to Trinidad, under the supposition that the *Alabama* had gone in that direction; but on finding that there was no intelligence of her at the Island of Trinidad, he turned back to Rio and St. Helena, where he was told of the Confederate doings at the Cape. At this time however, the *Vanderbilt* was run out of coal, and there where only 400 tons at St. Helena, (inferior quality that had lain exposed for four years), for which the sum of £6 per ton was charged. Capt. Baldwin had no choice but to take in the coal in order to follow up the Confederate cruisers, and after filling up with this coal, he came on at once to the Cape. Although he cruised about along the way, he saw no vessels until he got here, and found that the *Alabama* was gone, and that the *Georgia* had left port about sixteen hours before! Had it not been for the trip to Trinidad and the delay at St. Helena, the *Vanderbilt* would have arrived here in time to overhaul or blockade the three Confederate vessels which recently visited us.

The *Vanderbilt* is a large and powerful vessel, well known as a mail-boat on the Atlantic. Her hurricane-deck house and beam-engines certainly do not look suited for a war vessel, but her hull is a model of cemetry and her size, strength, machinery, and entire build show her to be a magnificent specimen of naval architecture. Her length is 340 feet; breadth, 80 feet and height of paddle-boxes, 50 feet. She was contructed under the personal superintendence of her former owner, Mr. Vanderbilt, an American millionaire and was intended to compete with the most powerful steam vessel afloat. Her timbers were of the most substantial kind; her sides are planked with oak, and bound together with iron straps. Her stem is also of immense strength, being one solid [illegible] of wood and iron, [illegible] any ball. When under full steam, she would be able to run down a much larger vessel than the *Alabama*. The steamer's weight with coals is 7000 tons, and when propelled at the rate of 17 or 18 knots an hour (which her engines can easily do) would have a force which no enemy could withstand. It would be about equal to a cannon ball of 10 feet diameter going at the usual velocity of cannon-shot.

It has been said that the working beams of the engine on the hurricane-deck, as well as the paddle-wheels would be vulnerable; but an examination of their immense strength, and the consideration that while in motion an enemy's fire would have little chance of effecting them, gives assurance that these suppositions are groundless. The story that this portion of the vessel is covered over with cotton bales as a protection is untrue; and the only part where any shield is placed is around the engine-house, where about a hundred tons of coal are piled in sacks. The engines are of 2000 horse power; her cylinders are 90 inches, with 12 feet stroke. The engine, worked by four boilers, which are heated by 32 furnaces, are [illegible] in number, and are disconnected. Her ordinary distance run is about 350 nautical miles; but her best day's work has been 375. Her smoke pipes, or funnels, are immense things, and her consumption of coals is about from [illegible] to 100 tons per day of twenty-four hours.

Her armament consists of 12 9-inch Dahlgren broadside guns on the gun-deck, and 2 swivel rifled guns fore and aft on the main deck; the former carry 100 lb. shot, and the rifled guns are capable of driving a conical shell through a [illegible] inch iron plate at five or six miles range. The crew on board, including marines, number about 300, and are daily practised at the guns, and appear to be as active and plucky a set of fellows as we have ever seen out of Her Majesty's ships.

The following is a list of the names of the officers of the *Vanderbilt*;—Chas. H. Baldwin, commander; J. D. Danels, 1st lieutenant and executive officers; John. Germaine, acting chief engineer; Wm. H. Parker, lieutenant of Marines; A. M. Keith, Chas. E Hawkins, E. S. Keyser, and Samuel Belden, acting masters; James E. Tolfue, acting asst. paymester; J. A. Hamilton, acting asst surgeon: L. H. Willard, do.; Wm. H. Golden 1st asst. engineer; Wm. Wells, 2nd do.; John Freany 3 do.; Geo. Germaine do. do.; John O'Niel, do. do.; John Hyslop do. do.; Martin Glenon, do. do.; Thos. P. Wilson, gunner: Jasper Coghlan, boatswain; Oliver W. Griffith, acting carpenter; Jno. W. Sanderson. Chas. E. Sanenhower, Henry Wyman, and Writer S. Jhons, acting master's mates; Henry V. Zimerman, paymaster's clerk.

Captain Baldwin, the commander of the *Vanderbilt* has served for a considerable time in the United States, Navy, chiefly in the Mediterranean squadron. He is a smart, intelligent, gentlemanly man, in the prime of of life, being about forty years of age. We believe he was specially selected by the United States' Government for the peculiar service on which he is now engaged, and the want of success which has hitherto attended his cruise has been anything but satisfactory to himself or his officers. During the whole time he has been in commission in the *Vanderbilt*, he has never got so near to the Confederates as while at the Cape; and as yet, even fortune favours the latter in a most wonderful manner. Had the *Vanderbilt* been engaged in the blockade on the American coast during the past twelve months, she would have been far more useful than in chasing one or two vessel from continent to continent on the wide ocean.

Some of our readers may remember the interesting story told in one of English papers of the *Florida* escaping from the *Vanderbilt* by turning over her smoke stacks and disguising herself as a sailing ship. The officers of the *Vanderbilt*, how ever, deny the truth of that story, and by reference to their log prove that on the date referred to they were 400 miles away from the latitude where the escape of the *Florida* is described as having taken place.

Commander Baldwin, of the *Vanderbilt*, has declined accepting any salvage for the assistance he rendered the Dutch ship *Jahunna Elizabeth*, which was met 70 mile off the Eape in a disabled, condition and charitably towed into port. The following correspondence on that subject has passed between the American and Dutch Consuls:—

Consulate General of the Netherlands,
Cape Town, Sept. 8, 1863.

To WALTER GRAHAM, Esq, Consul of the United States of America for Cape Town.

Sir,—Having only returned from a week's tour into the country late last night, I learned this morning from my Vice-Consul how readily Commander C. S. Baldwin of the United States' Corvette *Vanderbilt*, bad rendered assistance to the Dutch barque *Johanna Elizabeth*, Capt. Junius, when the latter vessel was in distress from loss of topmasts, yards, and sails, and a broken rudder, off L'Agulhus, by towing her to the entrance of False Bay, a distance of one hundred miles, and thus enabling her to reach and safely anchor in Simon's Bay on the evening of the 1st instant.

I beg through you to express to Commander Baldwin my acknowledgments for the aid thus rendered by him to a Dutch merchant vessel in distress, and to assure him that the readiness with which that assistance was granted, and the disinterestedness evinced by Commander Baldwin in waiving all claims to salvage, are not only highly appreciated both by the master of the *Johanna Elizabeth* and myself, but will be duly brought to the notice of His Netherlandic Majesty's Government.—I have the honor to be, with the highest consideration sir, your most obedient servant,

O. J. TRUTER,
Consul-General of the Netherlands for all the British Possessions in South Africa.

United States' Consulate,
Cape Town, Sept. 9 1862.

O. J. TRUTER, Esq., Consul-General of the Netherlands, Cape Town.

Sir,—I am requested by Charles S. Baldwin, Commander U. S. Navy, now in command of the *Vanderbilt*, to acknowledge the receipt of your thanks to him, for an act of humanity towards a vessel in distress belonging to a merchant of a friendly nation.

Having informed the master of the *Johanna Elizabeth* a day or two ago, that Commander Baldwin had authorised me to waive all claims to savage under the circumstances, especially as the vessel belonged to a nation which had never closed its ports against American warships under any circumstances, I have only to add that he feels highly gratified that providential circumstances put it in his power to render the required assistance. When I alluded to this matter at an interview I had with him recently, he said that had he been going westward at the time he spoke the barque, the assistance would hardly have been deserving of thanks, as it would not have decreased the speed of his vessel more than two knots an hour; but as it was important that he should proceed eastward just at that time, the assistance rendered interfered with his plans. He added, however, that looking at the condition of the vassel, which had been drifting about for over five weeks, and crossing her own tracks frequently as her charts showed, he could not resist the impulse to aid her as he did, however much it might interfere with the course he had previously marked out.

Hoping that this kind act of his may help to perpetuate the long existing amity between the Netherlands and the United States of America,—I have the honour to be, sir, your most obedient servant,

WALTER GRAHAM, U. S. Consul.

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Banks.

CENTRAL BANK OF WESTERN INDIA
HEAD OFFICE, BOMBAY.
CAPITAL, ONE MILLION, STERLING.
PAID UP CAPITAL SIX HUNDRED THOUSAND.
RESERVE ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND.

OFFICES IN INDIA.
Calcutta. Surat.
Madras. Ahmedabad.
Sholapore. Indore.

INTEREST ALLOWED.
On Current Deposit Accounts above Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 50,000, repayable on demand, at 2 per cent. per annum.
On Deposits for 3 months certain 3 per cent. per annum.
Do. „ 6 „ „ 5 „ „
Do. „ 12 „ „ 6 „ „

EXCHANGE.
Bills on London, at 6 months' sight 2s. 1d. per Rupee.
Do. at 4 do. 2s. 0¾d. do.
Do. at 3 do. 2s. 0⅝d. do.
Do. at 2 do. 2s. 0½d. do.
Do. at 1 do. 2s. 0⅜d. do.
Do. on Demand do. 2s. 0¼d. do.
Scotland and Ireland. do. 2s. 0¼d. do.
Drafts at 6 months' sight are not granted for less than £5 and amounts under £20 are only drawn for payable on demand

COMMISSION.
On the sale or purchase of Government and other Securities ½ per cent. on the amount realised or invested.
The Bank receives Government and other Securities for safe custody, free of charge, the Interest or Dividends thereof being credited to account or remitted home in the Bank's Bills also without charge.
On Interest or Dividends, or on proceeds of Securities by Sale, ¼ per cent. commission charged, if the amounts be paid in India; if remitted home by the Bank, no commission charged.
On returning Securities out of safe custody ¼ per cent. Commission
Hours of business ....10 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Saturdays ....10 A.M. to 1 P.M.
EDWIN HEYCOCK.
Bombay, 18th Nov. 1863. Manager.

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.
Incorporated by National Decrees of 7th and 8th March 1848 and by Imperial Decree of 20th July 1854.
PAID-UP-CAPITAL.—Francs 40,000,000 (£1,600,000.)
RESERVE FUND.—Francs 8,940,168 (£357,606.)
Head Office—14 Rue Bergère, Paris.
Agencies at Bombay, Calcutta, Hongkong, Shanghai Bourbon (Reunion), and Saigon.
London Bankers.
UNION BANK OF LONDON; MESSRS. C. J. HAMBRO AND SON

BOMBAY AGENCY.
Offices—2, Military Square.
THIS Agency grants Drafts and Letters of Credit, and purchases or collects Bills on the abovementioned places, as also on the principal Towns of Continental Europe, on Madras, Pondichery, Kurrachee, Ceylon, Mauritius, Singapore, Sydney and Melbourne.

EXCHANGE.
Drafts granted as follows:—
On London 6 months' sight ....2s. 1½d. per Rupee.
3 Do. Do. ....2s. 1d. „
On Demand ....2s. 0½d. „
On France 6 months' sight...frs. 2·66 cts. „
3 Do. Do. ... „ 2·63 „ „
On Demand......... „ 2·58 „ „

DEPOSITS.
Interest allowed on Current Deposits when not less than Rs. 1000, nor exceeding [illegible] Current Deposits for fixed periods as may be specially arranged

DISCOUNTS, LOANS, &c.
The Agency discounts approved Local Bills, grants Loans on Government Paper, Bullion, Bank Stock, and approved Shares and other Securities.
Any further information as to rates of business, &c., may be had at the Office, or on application by letter to the undersigned, to whom all remittances should be made payable.
T. R. R. DAVISON, Acting Manager.
Bombay, 17th November 1863.

CHARTERED MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LONDON, AND CHINA.
EXCHANGE.
THE Bank grants Drafts on London, Scotland, and Ireland, Circular Notes negotiable in Egypt, Syria, and the principal Towns of Europe, at the following current rates of Exchange:—
On London, at 6 ms' sight above £50 2s. 1d. per Rupee.
„ 4 do. ...... 2s. 0¾d. „
„ 3 do. ...... 2s. 0⅝d. „
„ 2 do. ...... 2s. 0½d. „
„ 1 do. ...... 2s. 0⅜d. „
On demand
On Scotland do. } 2s. 0¼d.
On Ireland do.
Circular Notes for the use of Travellers on the Continent and to Europe Overland at 1 day's sight... } 2s.
The Bank purchases Bills and grants Drafts payable in Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, Hongkong, Shanghai, Singapore, Penang, and Mauritius.

INTEREST ALLOWED.
On Current Accounts .... 2 per cent.
Deposits for 3 months .... 3 „
Do. do. 6 do. .... 4 „
Do. do. 12 do. .... 6 „
No interest allowed on Current Account Balances under Rs. 1,000, or over Rs. 50,000, unless by special agreement. No cheques paid or cash received under Rs. 20.

COMMISSION.
The Bank takes charge of Government Securities, Shares in Banks and other Companies, without charge, and realizes Interests and Dividends thereon on the following terms:—
If to be remitted in Bank's Drafts, without charge.
If to be paid in India, a Commission will be charged of ¼ per cent.
On returning Government Paper, or Share Certificates out of safe custody, or when sold on paying the proceeds of such sale in India, a commission will be charged of ¼ per cent. But if proceeds are remitted on the Bank's Drafts, without charge.
Commission charged on purchase and sale of Government Securities.
All letters should be addressed and all Hoondees made payable to the Agent, Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China. H. J. MARSDEN,
Bombay, 30th October 1863. Acting Agent.

THE BANK OF HINDUSTAN, CHINA, AND JAPAN, (LIMITED.)
CAPITAL ONE MILLION STERLING, IN 10,000 SHARES OF £100 EACH.
Head Office—16, Cornhill, London.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
JAMES NUGENT DANIELL, Esq. *Chairman.*
RICHARD SPOONER, Esq., (late Commissioner of Customs, Bombay,) *Deputy-Chairman.*
WILLIAM FREDERICK BARING, Esq.
THOMAS COTTERELL, Esq.
J. HENRY REYNELL DE CASTRO, Esq.
PHILIP SHORE FLETCHER, Esq.
WILLIAM HARRISON, Esq.
DEANE J. HOARE, Esq.
HENRY YOUNG, Esq., (late Chief Secretary to the Government, Bombay.)

Bankers.
LONDON.........The Bank of England.
Do. ....The Alliance Bank of London & Liverpool, (Limited,) 5, Lothbury.
LIVERPOOL ....The Alliance Bank of London & Liverpool. (Limited.) "The Albany."
SCOTLAND ....The National Bank of Scotland.
IRELAND ....The National Bank.

The Bombay Branch has been opened for business in the premises lately occupied by the Bank of Bombay.
The Manager grants drafts at the following rates of Exchange:—
On London or Liverpool at 6 months' sight 2s. 1½d. per Rupee
„ „ „ „ 4 do. 2s. 1⅜d. do.
„ „ „ „ 3 do. 2s. 1¼d. do.
„ „ „ „ 2 do. 2s. 1⅛d. do.
„ „ „ „ 1 do. 2s. 1d. do.
On Scotland / On Ireland } On demand...2s. 0⅞d. do.
Circular Notes payable in Egypt and the principal towns on the Continent of Europe ....2s. 0¼d. do.
Drafts on *the Bank of England*, on *Scotland* or *Ireland* re-issued payable on *demand* only.
To prevent disappointment to persons at a distance who may purchase the Bank's Bills on Europe, the Manager will, whenever so desired, forward the first of exchange direct on being furnished with the address of the person to whom the Bill is to be sent. *In all instances where a Bill is required in favor of a lady, her Christian name must be given in full.*
The Bank is prepared to negociate drafts payable in London or Liverpool, and will also purchase or grant Bills payable in Calcutta.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS.
Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on balance exceeding Rs. 500 and not more than 50,000, and one per cent. per annum on balances exceeding Rs. 300 and not more than Rs. 500.
Interest is not allowed on balances of more than Rs. 50,000, except by special arrangement.

FIXED DEPOSITS.
Subject to 12 months' notice of withdrawal 6 ⅌ cent ⅌ annum.
do. 9 do. do. 5½ do. do.
do. 6 do. do. 5 do. do.
do. 4 do. do. 4½ do. do.
do. 3 do. do. 4 do. do.
Notice of withdrawal may be given either when the money is deposited or at any future time. If the deposit be taken in the Bank's draft on Europe, the notice of withdrawal will *generally* be dispensed with.
The Bank reserves to itself the right of paying off or of modifying the terms of Fixed Deposits, on giving one month's notice.
Deposits of Rs. 100, and not exceeding Rs. 50,000, are received by the Bank subject to 15 days' notice of withdrawal on either side, and interest allowed thereon at 2 per cent. below the Bank of Bombay minimum rate of discount, rising or falling therewith, but in no case will a higher rate than 5 per cent. be allowed on Deposits of this class.
Unless money shall have been lodged 15 days prior to the Notice of withdrawal, no interest will be allowed.
Government Paper and other Securities received for safe custody, and the interest remitted by the Bank's draft free of charge.
The Bank will procure enfacement of Government Paper on account of Constituents, and forward the same to the Head Office without charge.
It is particularly requested that all orders or Hoondees may be made payable to, and all communications addressed
"The Manager, Bank of Hindustan, (Limited.) Bombay."
R. R. W. BAKER, Manager.
Rampart Row, 23rd October 1863.

BROKERS' LOAN, DISCOUNT AND BANKING COMPANY, (LIMITED.)
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the Bank is opened for the transaction of local banking business.
LOANS AND DISCOUNTS.
The Bank discounts Government and Private Bills and Hoondies, and grant loans on the Security of Government Paper, goods, &c.
DEPOSITS.
Interest allowed at 2 per cent per annum on current deposits when not less than Rs. 500, nor exceeding Rs. 50,000, unless as may be specially arranged.
On the sale or purchase of Government Paper, Bank Stocks, and other Securities ¼ per cent., on the amount realized or invested.
On interest or dividend ¼ per cent.
The Bank receives Government and other Securities for safe custody free of charge, the interest or dividends thereon being credited to account.
On returning Securities out of safe custody ¼ per cent commission charged.
ARDASEER BOMANJEE, Manager.
Bombay, 26th September, 1863.

Banks.

THE AGRA AND UNITED SERVICE BANK, (LIMITED.)
Incorporated by Royal Charter.
ESTABLISHED IN INDIA, 1833.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL, £2,000,000 (TWO MILLIONS STERLING.)
PAID-UP CAPITAL, £1,000,000 (ONE MILLION STERLING.)
RESERVED FUND £192,658 17s. 8d. (Rs. 19,26,588 13as. 4p.)
Head Office ....LONDON. | Branch Office ...EDINBURGH.
BRANCHES IN INDIA—CALCUTTA, BOMBAY, MADRAS, AGRA, LAHORE, AND KURRACHEE.—BRANCHES IN CHINA—SHANGHAI, HONG-KONG.—BRANCH IN NEW SOUTH WALES—SYDNEY.

THE BOMBAY MANAGER grants drafts on London, also Circular Notes negotiable in Egypt and the Continent of Europe.
The following are the current rates of Exchange:—
On London at 6 months' sight...... 2s. 1½d. per Rupee.
„ 4 do. ...... 2s. 1¼d. do.
„ 3 do. ...... 2s. 1⅛d. do.
„ 2 do. ...... 2s. 1d. do.
„ 1 do. ...... 2s. 0⅞d. do.
„ On demand .... 2s. 0¾d. do.
Circular Notes .... 2s. 0½d. do.

INTEREST ALLOWED.
1. On Floating, or Current Deposits, payable on demand of not less than Rs. 1,000 or more than Rs. 50,000, 2 per cent. per annum.
2. On fixed deposits at 3 months' notice, 3 per cent. per annum.
3. On Fixed Deposits at 6 months' notice, 4 per cent. per annum.
4. On Fixed Deposits at 12 months' notice, 5 per cent. per annum.
Fixed Deposits may generally be availed of for the Bank's Bills on London without notice.
The notice of withdrawal can be given at the time of depositing the money, or at any time thereafter.
Interest is credited to Deposit accounts half-yearly.
No interest allowed on Current Account Balances under Rs. 1,000 or over Rs. 50,000, unless by special agreement.
The Funds of all public bodies connected with the Services and of such other Societies as the Directors may consider eligible for the same privilege, will be received by the Bank at its highest rate of interest for the time being subject to modified conditions.
The Bank reserves to itself the right of paying off all interest Deposits, and of modifying the terms thereof, on giving one month's notice.
Parties making remittances to the Bank should specify distinctly the Account or Accounts to which the same are to be credited.

COMMISSION.
The Bank takes charge of Government Securities, Shares in Banks and other Companies without charge, and realizes the Interests and Dividends, for which a charge will be made of ½ per cent,
On returning Government Paper or other Securities out of safe custody, a charge will be made of ½ per cent.
On the purchase or sale of Government Securities and Bank or other stock, ½ per cent.

REMITTANCE.
The Bank realises Drafts or Hoondees payable in the Presidency for remittance to Europe in the Bank's Bills on London.
To obviate disappointment to parties at a distance, it is hereby notified that the Bank will, whenever so requested, transmit the first of Exchange direct, on being furnished with the correct address of the party at Home to whom the remittance is to be sent, if to a lady, her Christian name or names should be given in full.
Parties are requested to address "*The Manager of the Agra and United Service Bank, (Limited), Bombay*," and to make all orders or Hoondies payable to him.
RICHARD BARNES, Manager.
Bombay, 16th November 1863.

THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.
Paid-up Capital—£644,000.
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.
London Bankers, { The Bank of England / The City Bank.
Branches and Agencies—Singapore, Batavia, Bombay, Kurrachee, Calcutta, Rangoon, Hongkong, and Shanghai.
BOMBAY AGENCY.
THE Bank's Agency grants Bills of Exchange on The Chartered Bank, London, at the following rates, viz:—
6 months' sight (not under £50) at 2s. 1½d. per Rupee.
4 Do. .... at 2s. 1¼d. „
3 Do. .... at 2s. 1d. „
2 Do. .... at 2s. 0⅞d. „
On demand (Head Office) .... at 2s. 0⅞d. „

DEPOSITS.
Interest is allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNTS at 2 per cent. per annum, on the daily balance, and on Fixed Deposits, as follows:—
Repayable in one sum, at 3 months' notice, 3 per cent.
Do. 6 do. 5 „
Do. 12 do. 6 „
No Interest allowed on Current Account Balances under Rs. 1,000, nor on Deposits above Rs. 50,000, unless by special arrangement.

REMITTANCE.
The Bank's Agency realizes Drafts or Hoondies on the Presidency for remittance to Europe in the Bank's Bills on London without charge.
All Drafts, or Hoondies, forwarded for realization, to be made payable to the "Chartered Bank of India, Australia, and China, or order."
When a remittance is to be made to a lady, her Christian name must be given.

COMMISSION.
On the sale or purchase of Government Paper, Bank Stock and other Securities, ½ per cent.
The Bank receives Government and other Securities for safe custody, free of charge, the Interest or Dividends thereon being credited to account, or remitted home in the Bank's Bills.
On Interest or Dividends, or proceeds of Securities by sale ¼ per cent. commission charged if the amounts be paid in India; if remitted home by the Bank, no charge.
On delivering up Securities, deposited for safe custody, ¼ per cent.
Office hours 10 A.M. to 4 P.M.; Saturdays 10 A.M. to 1 P.M.
ANTHONY MORRISON,
Bombay, 16th November 1863. Agent.

BANK OF INDIA.
Capital Sixty Lacs of Rupees in 40,000 Shares of Rs. 150 each.
HEAD OFFICE BOMBAY.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
Hon'ble ARTHUR J. LEWIS, Advocate General, Chairman.
WILLIAM COOPER, Esq., (Messrs. Fulcher, Cooper & Co.)
H. FORMAN, Esq., (Messrs. Leckie & Co.)
MERWANJEE NUSSERWANJEE BHOWNUGGUR, Esq.
KESSOWJEE NAIQUE, Esq.
GHELLABHOY PUDDUMSEY, Esq.
ALLADINBHOY HUBIBHOY, Esq.
CASSUMBHOY DHURRUMSEY, Esq.
PEERBHOY CASSUMBHOY, Esq.

EXCHANGE.
The Bank grants Drafts on the London Joint Stock Bank at the following rates:—
At 6 months' sight .... 2s. 1d. per Rupees.
4 do. .... 2s. 0⅞d. do.
3 do. .... 2s. 0¾d. do.
2 do. .... 2s. 0⅝d. do.
1 do. .... 2s. 0½d. do.
On demand .... 2s. 0¼d. do.

DEPOSITS.
Interest will be allowed as follows:—
On Current Accounts.......... 2 per cent.
Deposits for 3 months certain .... 3 „
„ 6 „ ... 5 „
„ 12 „ ... 6 „
No interest allowed on Current Account Balances under Rs. 1,000 or over Rs. 50,000, unless by special agreement.
The Bank furnishes Cheque and Pass Books, and it is particularly requested that Constituents will refrain from making entries in their Pass Books, and from drawing Cheques on any but the forms supplied.
Cheques on which any alterations or erasures have been made cannot be paid.
The Bank collects Bills, Cheques, &c. payable in Bombay but, in case of dishonoured Bills, does not take the Notarial step unless instructed.
All Accounts balanced half-yearly, viz., on 30th June and 31st December.

ADVANCES.
The Bank grants loans against Government Securities, &c., and discounts Government and approved Private Bills and Hoondies.

COMMISSION.
On the purchase or sale of Government Securities, Bank or other Shares ½ per cent.
Government or other Securities received for safe custody, and Interest or Dividends thereon drawn free of charge.
On returning Securities out of safe custody ¼ per cent.
Orders and Hoondies should be made payable, and all letters addressed, "To the Manager Bank of India."
Office hours.............. 10 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Saturdays.............. 10 A.M. to 1 P.M.
R. D. PEEBLES, Manager.
Bombay, 16th November 1863.

COMMERCIAL BANK OF INDIA.
HEAD OFFICE, BOMBAY.
INTEREST ALLOWED.
ON Current Deposit Accounts above Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding 50,000, repayable on demand .... 2 per ct. per ann.
Fixed Deposits for 3 months .... 4 do. do.
Do. Do. 6 do. .... 5 do. do.
Do. Do. 12 do. .... 6 do. do.
No Cheques paid, or Cash received, under Rs. 20.

CASH CREDITS.
On Government Securities ....11 per cent.
On other Securities ....12 do.

EXCHANGE.
Bills on London at 6 months' sight ......2s. 1½d. per Rupee
Do. 4 do. ....2s. 1¼d. do.
Do. 3 do. ....2s. 1⅛d. do.
Do. 2 do. ....2s. 1d. do.
Do. 1 do. ....2s. 0⅞d. do.
On demand..............2s. 0¾d. do.

COMMISSION.
On the sale or purchase of Government Paper, Bank Stock, and other Securities, ½ per cent. on the amount realised or invested.
The Bank receives Government and other Securities for safe custody, free of charge, the Interest or Dividends thereon being credited to account, or remitted home in the Bank's Bills, also without charge.
On Interest, or Dividends, or on proceeds of Securities by sale ¼ per cent. commission charged if the amounts be paid in India; if remitted home by the Bank, no commission charged.
On returning Securities out of safe custody, ¼ per cent. commission.
Hours of business ....10 to 4 o'clock.
Saturdays ....10 to 1 do.
JOHN CARDNO, Manager.
Bombay, 23rd November 1863.

SELECTED TEAS FROM CHINA.—Messrs. TREACHER & Co. (Limited) have made arrangements with Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co., China, for CONSTANT SHIPMENTS of the BEST TEAS selected by J. M. & Co.'s tea-taster at Canton.
Flowery Pekoe
Souchong
Best mixed Souchong and Pekoe
Do. do. do. and Hyson,
Do. Orange Pekoe,
Do. Green Teas.
} in 7 lbs. boxes, and 1 lb. packest expected.
MOCHA COFFEE and CRYSTALIZED SUGAR of the best to hand.

Business Announcements.

FLETCHER AND MITCHELL beg to announce their new arrivals of
Cast Iron, Wrought Iron and Lead Pipes.
Galvanised Corrugated Iron with Rivets and Washers.
Weighing Machines, Beams and Scales.
Fire Engine by Shand and Mason, also spare Leather Hose.
Fire Plugs, Stop Cocks, &c.
Portable Steam Engines, Force and Lift Pumps.
"Howards" Patent Ploughs.
Engineers' and Contractors' Tools.
Bar, Plate and Sheet Iron.
FLETCHER AND MITCHELL, Metal Mart, Boree Bunder.

THE RED BOOT MART, established, 1845.—The undersigned has just received a very extensive supply of Boots, Shoes, and solid Leather Portmanteaux.
N. B.—Constituents at Out-stations are respectfully requested to send a fitting boot or shoe of the size required, otherwise self-measurements will be at the risk of the sender.
R. P. regrets that, in consequence of so many gentlemen failing to remit the amount (after they have received the goods) according to promise, he cannot execute any order unless accompanied by a remittance or reference for payment.
Less 10 per cent. allowed for cash.
RICHARD PARTRIDGE.

JACOB AND COMPANY.
CIVIL, Military, and Outfitting establishment, Bombay, always on hand a large assortment of Black, Blue and Scarlet West of England Cloths.
Black Blue, and Oxford Mixed Doeskins and Venetians.
A variety of Fancy Cassemeres, Scotch Tweeds, Heather mixtures and Fancy Flannels, for Suits.
Drab, Brown, and Oxford mixed Corded Angolas, admirably adapted for Riding Trowsers.
Black and colored Silk Alpacas.
White Fancy Quiltings for Vests.
Best English Longcloth Shirts and Linen Collars.
Fancy Silk and Lace Neck Ties, and Scarfs.
Black Silk Hats, from the best manufacturers.
Ellwood's Patent Ventilating Felt Helmets, and every other description of Hats, at present in vogue in London, suited for all purposes, lately arrived.
Angolas, Gauze, and Thread Under-Shirts.
Brown and White Thread and Angola Socks.
Gentlemen's Boots and Shoes.
Trunks, Portmanteaus, Carpet Bags, Railway Wrappers, Fancy Soaps and Perfumery.
Eureka Shirts, Ellwood's Air Chamber Helmets and Felt Hats
Double Barrelled Pistols and Revolvers.
A good supply of Ready made Coats, Vests, and Trowsers, of every description, and Flannel Shirts, always on hand.
Cashmere, Nemegerry, and Cabul Shawls, Scarfs, Coats, and Dressing Gowns.
Bombay and Malabar-work and Persian Carpets.
A large assortment of China Shawls, Work Boxes, Fans, and Curiosities.
A small assortment of real Meerschaum Pipes.
Water-can, foot-tub and hip baths.
Patterns and Instructions for measurement sent Post Free.
N. B.—The Tailoring Department is under the superintendence of a thoroughly competent European Cutter. [illegible] Gentlemen may rest assured that all orders will be [illegible] in a proper manner. [illegible] will find the
Ladies and Gentlemen proceeding to England [illegible] them above cheaper than any other House [illegible] by a remittance
Orders from Out-stations should be ac[illegible] or reference for payment in Bo[illegible]

JUST LANDED. *Golden Lawn*—
[illegible] with Apron........................ Rs 28
Single Perambulator...... best .... „ 33
Do. Do. ...... Imitation Cane Sides.......... „ 36
Do. Do. ...... Carpet lined.......... „ 40
Do. Do. ...... with Hood, best .... „ 60
Do. Perambulators, with Apron .... „ 32
Do. Do. .... Do. .... „ 35
Do. Do. .... best .... „ 38
Do. Do. .... Imitation Cane Sides...... „ 40
Do. Do. .... With Hood, best ...... „ 65
Do. Do. .... best Imitation Cane Sides. „ 54
CLOCKS.
American 1-day Clocks .... Rs. 8
Do. 8 „ .... „ 15
Do. 1 „ Tudor Clocks with Alarm.......... „ 14
Do. 8 „ Do. do. .... „ 20
Gentlemen's Tool Chests from Rs. 16 to 44 each.
Hook Hazel Sticks, Peel'd Oaks, White Thorns with Boxwood Hook, MalaccaSticks, Partridge Sticks, &c., Child's Trap Bat and Ball, Foot Balls, Painted Balls, &c. &c.
McCOMBIE & WRIGHT.

FRESH STORES.—DUKE & SON'S CRICKETING MATERIALS—

Best Treble Balls	Rs.	5	0
Do. Double do.		3	12
Do. Youth's do.		3	0
Do. do. do.		1	8
Do. All Cane, Spring Handle Bats		11	0
Do. Malacca, do. do.		8	0
Do. Men's Mate No. 1 do.		5	0
Do. Boys' Bats, various prices.			
Do. Men's Match Stumps, Brass Ferruled		6	8
Do. Boys' do. various prices.			

MAGNETIC MACHINES, Rs. 25 to 70 each.

CHUBBS' PATENT LOCKS.
TILL OR DRAWERS size 2¼ and 2½ in., each......Rs. 10 0
CUPBOARD.
STRAIGHT; *To screw on Flat.*) ** (CUT; *To let in Flush.*) 3,3½ & 4, ins. ea... 10 8
BOX OR CHEST. 2½, 3 and 3½ in., each......Rs. 11 to 12 0
PAD LOCKS, 2¼, 2½, 3 and 3½ in., each...... „ 14 to 17 0
SAFE with Patent Locks..................Rs. 175 0

CHUBBS' JAPANNED BOXES.
Each fitted with Patent Detector Lock and Two Keys.
CASH BOXES.
Toilet — 6 long, 3½ wide, 2¼ deep ......each...Rs. 18 0
No. 00 — 7½ „ 4½ „ 3 „ ...... „ 20 0
No. 1 — 9 „ 5½ „ 3½ „ ...... „ 21 0
No. 2 — 9¾ „ 6 „ 3½ „ ...... „ 23 0
No. 3 — 10½ „ 6 „ 4 „ ...... „ 25 0
No. 4 — 12 „ 7 „ 5 „ ...... „ 28 0
No. 5 — 13 „ 8 „ 5½ „ ...... „ 32 0
PAPER BOXES.
No. 1 — 14½ long, 9 wide, 5½ deep ......each...Rs. 25 0
No. 2 — 15½ „ 9½ „ 6½ „ ...... „ 28 0
No. 3 — 17½ „ 10½ „ 7½ „ ...... „ 33 0
No. 4 — 19 „ 12½ „ 7½ „ ...... „ 39 0
DEED BOXES.
No. 1 — 13½ long, 9½ wide, 8½ deep ......each...Rs. 23 0
No. 3 — 16½ „ 12½ „ 11 „ ...... „ 30 0
No. 6 — 23½ „ 16½ „ 16½ „ ...... „ 45 0
FLAT DEED BOXES.
No. 3 — 16½ long, 12½ wide, 6 deep......each...Rs. 32 0
MOROCCO DESPATCH BOXES.
JAPANNED PALANQUIN BOXES.
RUSSIA WRITING DESKS, fitted.
COMMERCIAL, LETTER and NOTE PAPERS.

Per Overland Mail.
The usual stock of HAMS, CHEESES, and BACON, OX TONGUES, &c.
PHOTOGRAPHIC CHEMICALS of all kind
BEST ALBUMENIZED PAPER.
PIANOFORTES.—The best going, and the lowest prices.
MUSICAL BOXES with and without DrumsBells.
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS for Military Bands.
MESS STORES of all kinds.
WINES of very superior quality.
Apply to McCOMBIE & WRIGHT.

LONDON HOUSE.
WATCH, CLOCK, AND CHRONOMETER MAKERS, JEWELLERS, OPTICIANS AND ENGRAVERS.
THORNHILL, BROTHERS & Co., beg to draw the attention of their patrons and the public in general, to their new stock of JEWELLERY, WATCHES, &c.
T. B. & Co., have received per Mr. A. C. THORNHILL the newest pattern Gold Bracelets, set with Diamonds, Rubies and Emeralds, Gold Brooches, set with Diamonds, Rubies and Emeralds, Necklets, Studs, Sleeve Links, Collar Studs, Earrings, Gold and Jet Solataires, Alberts and Neck Chains, Lockets, Keys, Vinegarettes, Match Boxes, Gold and Coral Charms, Swivels, Hooks, Wedding and Guard Rings, Pencil Cases, Scarf Pins, Mourning Rings, Hall-marked Silver Egg Frames, Christening Mugs, Mug, Knife, Fork, and Spoon, in Morocco case, Regatta and Rifle Match Cups, Thimbles, Butter Knives, Silver Alberts and Neck Chains, Nickle Silver Cruet Stands and Breakfast sets.

WATCHES.
Best made Gold Hunting Watches, by Thornhill Brothers, warranted for two years .... Rs. 225
Do. Do. Do. second class .... „ 200
Best made Silver Hunting Watches, by Thornhill Brothers, warranted for two years .... „ 90
Do. Do. Do. second class .... „ 75
Gold Hunting Watches, by John Jones, 338 Strand, London. .... „ 185
Do. Do. Do. second class .... „ 175
Silver Hunting Watches, by John Jones .... „ 80
Do. Do. Do. second class .... „ 65
Best made Gold Hunting Lever Watches, by Benoit, warranted .... „ 85
Do. Do. Do. second class .... „ 75
Best made Silver Hunting Lever by Benoit .... „ 40
Do. Do. Do. second class .... „ 35
Best made Gold Levers, by Petee .... „ 60
Do. Do. Do. second class .... „ 55
Best made Silver Watches, by Peteck .... „ 35
Do. Do. Do second class .... „ 30
Geneva Watches, Gold and Silver, by other makers from..........Rs. 15 to „ 30
Railway Time Keepers.
Ladies' Gold, Silver, and Gilt Waist Buckles.
Large assortment of Palinquin Carriage Clocks, from Rs. 30 to „ 60
Round Tent Clocks, to go in any position, 3½ inch in diameter .... „ 25
Ladies and Gentleman's Dressing Cases.
Gentleman's Canteens, with Goblet, Knife, Fork and Spoon, complete.
Musical Cigar-holders, a very pretty article.
Opera Glasses, Spectacles, Eye-Glasses, Meerschaum, and Brier Wood Pipes, Tobacco Pouches, Perpetual Calenders, Paper Weights, Silver Salt and Mustard Pots, Spoons, &c. &c.
Ladies' Companions in mother-o'pearl from Rs. 10 to 25.
Ivory Pencil Cases, with knives attached, Purses, Ladies Combs for Balls, Snuff Boxes, Babies' Whistles with Coral handles, Small Musical Boxes playing two tunes for the pocket, Perpetual Inkstands patented only six months, Paper Machie goods in great variety.
American Flycatchers.
Clocks of every descriptions from Rs. 10 to Rs. 500. Musical Boxes of the very best make with Drums and Bells, selected by Mr. A. C. THORNHILL when in Geneva.

FREEMASONRY.
Knight Templar Suits .... Rs. 30
Royal Arch do. .... „ 30
Master Masons' Apron .... „ 15
Do. „ Sash. .... „ 15
Rose Croix Jewels. .... „ 10
German Silver Kt. T. Star in case .... „ 20
Kt. T. Pattee Cross .... „ 10
Royal Arch Border Locket Jewels .... „ 30
Kt. of Malta Cross white Enamel .... „ 15
Pearl Mark Jewels Silver Hangings and case.......... „ 14
Ribbon from 1½ to 2½ inches, Skins, Rosettes, Tassels, &c.
Terms—Cash.
Bombay, Established, 1851.

COMPETITION.
Mr. A. C. THORNHILL begs to inform the Public in general, that he has made arrangements with his Brothers in London to make Watches for the Bombay market (only), which enables him to sell their first-class Silver Watches, (Priced Rs. 90) for Rs. 75. Second-class proportionally reduced, warranted the best made Watches imported into this country and specially made for the climate.
CONDITION OF SALE,
To be exchanged within twelve months if the performance be not good, or to be kept in repair for that time, without charge, saving accidents or dirt.

Wines, Spirits, Beer, etc.

BASS'S BEER in Quarts and Pints, bottled by J. J. Stone. For sale at the godowns of McCOMBIE & WRIGHT.

J. & C. WHITE & Co.'s WINES, as follows:—
Sherry, quarts, in 2 dozen Cases.
Port, quarts, in 2 dozen Cases.
Port, pints, in 4 dozen Cases.
THOMAS HINE & Co.'s BRANDY in—
2 Dozen Cases Vintage 1854 Rs. 32.
2 Do. do. do. 1858 „ 26.
2 Do. do. do. 1860 „ 23.
Apply to GEORGE S. KING & Co.

FOR SALE.—The Undersigned has just received the following SELECT WINES, &c., from the well-known house of ACTION & WORTHINGTON of Dublin:—
Sparkling HOCK, Superior ....at per doz. Rs. 40
Do. MOSELLE, ... do. „ 36
SHERRY, Superior Pale dry .... do. „ 30
Do. Excellent Golden.......... do. „ 28
Do. Excellent Pale.......... do. „ 26
PORT, Old, very superior.......... do. „ 30
GUINESS' STOUT, in cases of four Dozen Quarts .... do. „ 8
FROM BORDEAUX DIRECT.
MADEIRA, a Select Wine.......... do. Rs. 28
RED HERMITAGE, Burgundy... .... do. „ 25
St. GEORGE, Do. .... do. „ 22
CLARET, good Dinner Wine .... do. „ 24
Do. do. Breakfast do. .... do. „ 20
Do. do. do. .... do. „ 18
Do. do. ST. ESTEPHE (Bombay bottled) .... do. „ 15
OLD COGNAC, superior.......... do. „ 25
Orders for the above promptly executed. Apply to
Forbes Street, 9th July 1863. ALBERT VINAY.

FOR SALE at the Godowns of the undersigned:—
Per Cask
Salt & Co.'s India Pale Ale in Casks of 5 doz. Qts. at Rs. [illegible]
„ „ 6 „ pints „ 14
„ Porter „ 3½ „ [illegible] „ 16
Barclay & Perkin's London Stout „ 4 „ pints „ 20
„ „ 8 „ [illegible]
Per Case.
Marzetto & Son's Cyder [illegible] „ Qts. at Rs. 9
„ [illegible] 2 „ pints „ 11
Field & Sons Sherry [illegible] 1 „ Qts. „ 12
A. Motelay's Cognac [illegible] 1 „ „ „ 12
ROBERT FRITH & Co.

FOR SALE.—at the Godowns of the undersigned:—
[illegible] a very old fine Cognac, 1851.
H. De Robert, Vincent & Co.'s Champagne Cognac, Personnage of the vineyards of France.)
(united growth) & Co.'s Vieux Cognac,
L. O. [illegible] 1858 Vins.
Chambread & Co.'s Extra Stout in Quarts,
Guinness and Son's Extra Stout, in Quarts, (bottled by [illegible]ymington and Miller.)
STEVENS BROTHERS & Co.

FOR SALE.—Messrs. Nathaniel Johnston & Sons' Superior CLARETS, at the undermentioned greatly reduced prices, to close an account:—
No. 2, a rich Dinner Claret, in Quarts Rs. 21 0 per dozen
„ „ Ditto in Pints .... 11 8 „ „
„ 3, a full flavored Do, in Quarts .... 16 8 „ „
„ „ Ditto in Pints .... 9 0 „ „
„ 4, a light Breakfas Do. in Quarts... 12 8 „ „
Apply to LEGGATT & Co., Rampart Row

FOR SALE at the Godowns of the undersigned:—
CHAMPAGNE.
Fleur de Sillery, Ernest Irroy & Co... at Rs. 36 per doz. quarts
Do. Joseph Perrier Fils & Co. „ 32 do. do.
Sillery Mousseux superior do. ...... „ 32 do. do.
Do. do. Adolphe Collin „ 32 do. do.
Do. do. do. .... „ 17 do. pints.
Bouzy Mousseux do. .... „ 34 do. quarts.
Do. do. .... „ 18 do. pints
Champagne extra good quality, Benjamin & Eugene Perrier .... „ 34 do. quarts.
Do. do.......... „ 18 do. pints.
Cliquot .... „ 36 do. quart.
MOSELLE AND RHENISH WINES.
Blume de Moselle, C. A. Kupferberg...at Rs. 40 per doz. quarts
Sparkling Mosselle 1st quality .... „ 35 do. do.
Do. do.......... „ 18 do. pints.
Sparkling Hock 1st quality .... „ 35 do. quarts
Do. do. .... „ 18 do. pints.
Hockheimer 137 .... „ 25 do. quarts
CLARET.
St. Julien 1856. Monthenil Franc-fils ainé .... at Rs. 35 do. do.
Do. 1858 Do.......... „ 30 do. do.
Chateau Margaux 1856. Do.......... „ 35 do. do.
Do. 1858. Do.......... „ 30 do. do.
Fine Claret 1858. Aug. Meller & Co. .... „ 16 do. do.
Chateau Milon Hernozant .... „ 16 do. do.
Do. Leoville Do. .... „ 22 do. do.
Do. Lafitte Do. .... „ 35 do. do.
VOLKART BROTHERS.

Business Announcements.

TO LETTER PRESS PRINTERS, AND OTHERS—FOR SALE.—
Brass Column and Heading Rules.
2,000 lbs. Small Pica, second-hand, but in good condition.
INK, Red and Green.
For Terms, &c., apply to the Manager *Bombay Gazette.*

RAFFLE.
ON A HOUSE OF 3 STORIES and a Garret, situated within the Fort, not far from the St. Thomas's Cathedral, No. 12, measuring 106 by 14 feet, and yielding a monthly rent of Rs. one hundred (100). There will be 250 numbers of Rs. 100 each, tickets for which will be obtained from the undersigned and *Bombay Summachar* office, Messrs. Menesse & Co., Francis & Co., Sudanund Shrirushna & Co., Auctioneers.
DINSHAW HORMUSJEE & Co.

IMPORTANT TO LADIES.
NEW MILLINERY JUST ARRIVED.
MESSRS. BANAJEE MERWANJEE & Co.,
(Next door to Henderson & Co.)
RESPECTFULLY beg to call attention to their fresh and varied stock of new and fashionable MILLINERY, just to hand per Overland Mail, consisting chiefly of—
Ladies and Children's Hats and Bonnets of the best quality and latest style, trimmed and untrimmed.
Embroidered Grenadine and Spanish Lace Shawls.
Victoria Skeletons, and Shawl Improvers.
Colored and White Organdi Muslin Robes.
Alexandra Coronets, and Back Bows.
Tortise Shell Back Combs of the latest style.
Fancy Hair Nets.
Fancy Rich Silk Parasols.
Black and White Glace Silk.
Flowered French Gauze, for Ball Dresses.
White and assorted Colord Kid Gloves.
White, Black and assorted Colored Silk Gloves.
Flower Wreaths, with Bouquet, to match.
Assorted Colored Rose Buds.
Fancy-worked Book Marks.
White and Colored Grenadine Bournouse Mantles.
Boots, Shoes, and Slippers, of all sizes.
Babies Embroidered White and Drab Cashmere Cloaks and Hoods, to match, Air Tight Japan Tin Boxes, and other Goods too numerous to mention. An early inspection of which is solicited.

FASHIONABLE MILLINERY.
MRS. LAKE,
No. 7, BYCULLA ROAD, BOMBAY.
JUST RECEIVED, and now on view, the following, NEW AND FASHIONABLE GOOD viz.:—
Kid Gloves, very superior.
Ladies' Black and White Kid Gloves.
Gentlemen's White Kid Gloves.
Rich Moire Antiques.
Colored Glace and Check Silks.
Black and White Glace Silks.
Fancy Silk Robes.
Pink, Blue, White and Black Satin.
White, Black, Blue and Pink Tulle.
Areophane Crape, "in all colors."
Colored Muslin Dresses.
Silk Grenadine Dresses.
Black Barege and Mohair.
Black Silk Grenadine.
Riding Belts for Ladies.
White Flowers.
Fine and Coarse Book Muslins.
Plain White Grenadine.
Plain and Striped Black Muslins.
Half Mourning Muslins.
Black and Colored Cloth for Ladies.
Colored French Lawns.
Pink, Blue, White and Maize Tarlaton.
Black Silk Velvet.
ALSO,
Daily expected, a large and choice assortment of Millinery, &c., per *City of Carlisle* and Overland.

ROSSELET & Co. have on hand a new and large, stock of Riding Whips, Walking Sticks, Umbrellas Sponges, Hair Brushes (Gosnell & Co.), Towels, Looking Glasses Thermometers, American Stereoscopes for 12, 25, and 50 views, and a great variety of fancy goods, which deserve to be seen.

ROSSELET & Co. have just received some nice Jewellery, consisting of Gold Necklets, 18 Carats for Rs. 50.
Gold Sleeve Studs, 18 Carats from 20 to 35.
Do. Rings set with Pearls, Rubies, Turquoise, from 4 to 0.
Silver Snuff Boxes, elegantly chased and engraved, from 20 to 25.
A large stock of Gold Charms and Lockets from 25 to 30.

NEW GAMES FOR IN AND OUT-DOOR AMUSEMENT.—
Croquet
Armstrong Gun
Conjuring Tricks in Boxes
Circassian Puzzle
Parlour or Lawn Bowls
The Chinese Imperial Game (of Frogs and Toads)
Boxes of Puzzles
Troco or Lawn Billiards
Bowling Green Bowls
The Boat Puzzle
The Tournament
The "In statu quo Chessboard"
The Portable B. C. D. Board
Staunton Chess Men
Cannonade or Castle Bagatelle
German Billiards
Historical Loto
Numerical Puzzle
The Game of Squails
„ „ Non Plus
„ Decimal Puzzle
The Rotatory Gammon
„ Aunt Sally
„ Ringolette
„ Russian Bear Hunt
„ English Loto
„ Targetta
„ Red White, and Blue
„ Merelles, or Nine Men's Morris
„ Game of War
„ Puff and Dart
„ Schimmel or Bell and Hammer
„ Gwalior
„ Hard Lines
„ Traveller's Dodecahadron, or a Voyage round the World.
„ Oxford University Boat Race
Brass and Steel Quoits of different weights
Received by TREACHER & Co., (LIMITED,) Bombay (Fort and Byculla,) and Poona.

LAMPS.
THE UNDERSIGNED have on hand a large supply of the following:—
Tucker's Solar Lamps.
Reading do.
Tent do.
Argand do.
Wall do,
Bull's Eye Lanterns.
Hand do.
TREACHER & Co., (Limited.)
Bombay, the Fort, Byculla, and Poona.

HERBERT & Co. RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.
PRESENTATION CARTE DE VISITE ALBUM
A SPLENDIDLY bound volume, in Red Russia with rims in dull gold, clasp, Lock and Key, Portraits four in a Page, and made to contain about
TWO HUNDRED PORTRAITS.
The above volume is filled with a beautiful selection of the choicest and most highly executed plain Cartes de visite, Rs. 250 net Cash.
N. B.—Including most of the crowned heads of Europe, the leading Statesmen, the most celebrated of the Church, and, in short, it is a collection replete with interest in every respect.
Rampart Row, Bombay. HERBERT & Co.

NOTICE.—Owing to the extent to which the disgraceful practice has been carried, of palming off inferior, indistinct, and inartistic productions as being original Photographs, HERBERT & Co. inform their correspondents that almost all genuine portraits bear the name of the Photographer or of the Publisher on the back or the front of the picture; where such guarantee is not to be found, the Portraits, almost without exception, are utterly spurious.
HERBERT & Co. can guarantee that every portrait sold by them is a genuine production, and they solicit an inspection of their unequalled and interesting collection of Original Portraits both plain and exquisitely colored.

CARTES DE VISITE.
AMONGST numerous other portraits of eminent men and those celebrated for any peculiar gift or accomplishment, HERBERT & Co. here enumerate a few of those that have been just received. To prevent disappointment an early inspection is solicited.
Price 12 Rupees per dozen. Plain.

Professor Airy.
Sir Archibald Alison.
Duke of Athol.
Duc d' Aumale.
Auber.
Marie Amelie.
Cardinel Antonelli.
The Japanese Ambassadors, at present in England.
Dr. Babington.
M. W. Balfe, Esq.
T. Benedict, Esq.
Sterndale Bennett.
Mons. Berryer.
Sergeant Bodkin.
Rosa Bonheur.
Sir David Brewster.
Shirley Brooks.
Sir Benjamin Brodie.
The late I. K. Brunell.
Captain Burton.
Bruce, Lord Chief Justice.
Sir Edward Lytton Bulwer.
Rev. J. M. Bellew.
Baron Bunsen.
Sir James Brook.
Blondin.
Serjeant Ballantine.
John Bright.
Lord Brougham.
Sir John Burgoyne.
Louis Blanc.
Buckstone.
Mrs. Billington.
Mademoiselle Bressant.
Agnes Boucicault.
Duke of Buccleuch.
Sir James Bowring.
Lord Cowley.
Duke of Cambridge.
Duchess of Cambridge.
Princess Mary of Cambridge.
Richard Cobden.
Lord Cranworth.
Eliza Cook.
Michael Costa.
George Cruickshank, Esq.
Professor De Morgan.
Late Lord Canning.
The late Lady Canning.
Rev. Dr Cumming.
Sir James Clerk.
Earl of Carlisle.
Miss Cottrell.
Madame Celeste.
T. P. Cooke.
Wilkie Collins.
Madame Carvalho.
Miss Kate Carson.
Duke of Devonshire.
Duleep Singh, the Maharajah.
Earl Ducie.
Professor Donaldson.
Du Chaillu.
Lord Dufferin.
Alexandre Dumas.
Charles Dickens.
Mrs. C. Dickens.
Lord Dundreary.
Sir Herbert Edwards.
Sir Charles Eastlake.
Lord Elgin.
Paris Conference, comprising 14 original portraits (with key) of the Ambassadors of Europe.
Fairbairn, W.
Professor Faraday.
Fechter.
Count of Flanders.
W. P. Frith, R.A.
Princess Elizabeth of France, (from a picture in the Louvre) friend of Marie Antoinette.
Lord Gough.
Signor Giuglini.
W. E. Gladstone.
Miss Arabella Goddard.
Colonel Greathed.
General Sir Patrick Grant.
Dr. T. E. Gray.
Rev. C. Gresley.
Madame Grisi.
George Grote.
Guizot.
Signor Gordoni.
Sir Hope Grant.
Earl Granville.
Lord Ellenborough.
Lord Gomm.
Gibson, R.A.
Lord Grosvenor.
Duke of Hamilton.
Duchess of Hamilton.
Charles Halle.
Haliburton, T.
Sir John Herschell.
Dr. Hofman.
Rev. Dr. Hook.
Thomas Hughes.
Professor Huxley.
D. D. Home.
Miss Heath.
The late Lord Herbert of Lee.
Baron Humboldt.
Mrs. S. C. Hall.
Miss Herbert.
General Sir John Ingis.
Captain Hope Johnstone.
Rev. Dr. Jelf.
The late Douglas Jerrold.
Mrs. Charles Kean.
Charles Kean, F.S.A.
Sir Fitzroy Kelly.
Kinglake.
Rev. Charles Kingsley.
Charles Knight.
Louis Kossuth.
Rev. Sheridan Knowles.
Princess Lamballe, (from a Picture in the Louvre) friend of Marie Antoinette.
Lord Lansdowne.
Lord Lyndhurst.
H. W. Longfellow.
Sir John Lawrence.
Lady Lawrence.
Earl of Lucan.
A. H. Layard.
Mark Lemon.
Abraham Lincoln.
Dr. Livingstone.
Longfellow, H. W.
Sir C. Lyell.
John Leech.
Dr. W Lawrence.
Mons. Lesseps.
Miss Lousia Leclercq.
Miss Carlotta Leclercq.
The late Lord Macaulay.
Daniel Maclise, R. A.
Duke of Manchester.
Duchess of Manchester.
Signor Mario.
Baron Martin.
Rev. Henry Melville.
Meyerbeer.
T. E. Millais, R. A.
Count de Morny.
Countess de Morny.
Miss Fanny Marston.
Mazzini.
Baron Marochetti.
Rev. Hugh McNeil.
Rev. Dr. Manning.
Mrs. Alfred Mellon, formerly Miss Woolgar, of the English Stage.
Celine Montelan.
Charles Mathews.
Mrs. Charles Mathews.
Frank Mathews.
The late Genl Sir C. Napier.
The late Adm. Sir C. Napier.
Ex-King of Naples.
Ex-Queen of Naples.
Miss Florence Nightingale.
Marquis of Normanby.
Lawrence Oliphant.
General Sir James Outram.
Professor Owen.
Bishop of Oxford
The O'Donogha
Captain Sherard Osborne.
Miss Oliver.
Lord Palmerston.
Lord Palmerston at the age of 29; taken from an excellent portrait in oil, in his Lordship's possession.
Rev. Punshon.
Sir F. Pollock.
Late Sir Robert Peel and the Duke of Wellington.
The present Sir Robert Peel.
Colonel Peard.
Paris Conference comprising 14 original portraits, (with key) of the Ambassadors of Europe.
Count Persigny.
Miss Louisa Pyne.
Mademoiselle Patti, in the celebrated "Shadow Song," from Dinorah, with three other Cartes of her favorite characters. These are specially interesting.
The late Madame Rachel.
Professor Ramsay.
Sims Reeves.
Madame Ristori.
Mr. F. Robson.
Signor Rossini.
Duchess of Roxburgh.
The Duke of Rutland.
The late Rev. F. W. Robertson of Brighton.
Rarey.
Earl Russell.
Duke of Richmond.
Roupell.
Lord Redcliffe.
Miss Ada Swanborough.
Madame Sherrington.
George A. Sala.
Sir Walter Scott.
Shakspeare
Mrs. Stirling.
Earl of Shrewsbury.
Tom Sayers.
Earl of Shaftesbury.
Countess of Shaftesbury.
General Sir C. Straubenze.
Mrs. Beecher Stowe.
Lindsay Sloper.
Stanley, Vocalist.
S. G. O.
The late Albert Smith.
The late Robert Stephenson.
Duchess of Sutherland.
Miss Carlotta Leclercq.
Miss Louisa Leclercq.
Sir Emerson Tennant.
Professor Tennant.
Miss Lydia Thompson.
Alfred Tennyson.
Thackery, W. M.
Mademoiselle Titiens.
Anthony Trollope.
F. M. Tupper.
Tom Taylor.
M. Thiers.
Tamberlik.
Professor Tyndall.
Signor Verdi.
V. Wallace.
Mrs. Windham.
Lord Westbury.
Duchess of Wellington
Professor Willis.
Sam Warren.
Spencer Walpole.
Rev. Dr. Whewell.
Professor Wheatstone.
General Windham.
Cardinal Wiseman.
Wagner.
Marie Wilton in four or five different characters.
General Williams, of Kars.
Dr. Trench.
Sir Charles Wood.
The late Rev. Dr. Wolff.
Mr. Yelverton.

ORIGINAL CARTES DE VISITE
THE ROYAL FAMILY OF ENGLAND.
Price 12 Rs. per dozen, Plain.
Her Most Gracious Majesty The Queen.
H. R. H. The late Prince Consort.
H. R. H. The Prince of Wales.
H. R. H. The Princess Royal.
H. R. H. Princess Alice.
H. R. H. Prince Alfred.
H. R. H. Princess Helena.
H. R. H. Princess Louisa.
H. R. H. Prince Arthur.
H. R. H. Prince Leopold.
H. R. H. Princess Beatrice.
HERBERT & Co. can supply all the above Royal Portraits exquisitely colored by the first artists. Colored Rs. 25 per dozen.
Rampart Row, Bombay. HERBERT & Co.

CARTES DE VISITE OF ROYAL AND DISTINGUISHED PERSONS.
HERBERT & Co. have also received a rare and beautiful assortment of Colored Photographs, a few of which are enumerated. Price, Colored Rs. 25 per dozen.
H. I. M. The Emperor of the French.
H. I. M. The Empress of the French.
There are five different Photographs of the Empress; one in out-door costume; one attired for the drawing-room; one arm-in-arm with the Emperor: and two in evening dress, all of them very beautiful.
Emperor of Russia, Empress of Russia.
H. R. H. The Duke of Cambridge.
H. R. H. The Duchess of Cambridge.
H. R. H. Princess Mary of Cambridge.
The King and The Queen of Holland.
The Ex-King and The Ex-Queen of Naples.
The exquisite Photograph of this beautiful lady is available in *four* different styles; one sitting, two standing, and one arm-in-arm with the Ex-King.
N. B.—The above were taken in Rome, July 1862.
The Grand Duchess of Baden.
The Prince and The Princess Leinigen.
Duchess of Wellington, Duchess of Manchester, Duchess of Roxburgh, Duchess of Sutherland, Grand Duchess St. Michael, and Princess Hohenzollern.
H. R. H. Prince Louis of Hesse.
The Crown Prince of Prussia and the Princess Royal.
The Duchess of Orleans.
October 1863. HERBERT & Co.

ASSORTED VEGETABLE SEEDS FOR INDIA, as selected by Assistant Conservator of Forests, India.
Large Purple Knolkhole.
Curled Cress.
Green Curled Endiv
Bedinain's Imperial Peas.
Green Windsor Beans.
Butlers's deep Crimson Beet.
Early Champion Cabbage.
Large Drumhead Cabbage.
Thyme.
Turner's Dwarf Incomparable Celery.
Stadtholder's Cauliflower.
Extra Curled Parsley.
French Beans.
Artichokes.
Asparagus.
Scarlet Runners.
Brocoli.
Brussel Sprouts.
Carrots.
Celery.
Cucumbers.
Vegetable Marrow.
Lettuce.
Mustard.
Onion.
Parsnip.
Radish.
Sea Karl.
Spinach.
Turnip.
And various others procured to order.
TREACHER & Co. Limited.
Bombay (the Fort and Byculla) and Poona.

For Sale.

FOR SALE.—The Clipper Ship, 3/3 in "PERITAS," Lancastrian, lately sailed for Liverpool. For particulars apply to LYON, BROTHERS & Co.

Auction Announcements.

MESSRS. FRANCIS & Co.
THIS DAY, TUESDAY, the 24th inst., Messrs. FRANCIS & Co. will sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, at their Rooms, at 1 P.M. Turkey Red Shirts, White Jaconets, 50 Dozen Children's Socks, 1 Case Concertinas of 10 and 20 keys, 1 Case containing 50 Dozen Neck Tie Pins, 1 Case Shoe and Hair Brushes, Salad and Castor Oil, Table Lamps, Toys, Ladies and Gentlemen's Riding whips, a few Cwt. of Tarred Coils, and Sundry other articles.

AUCTION SALE OF MARBLE, ALABASTER AND AGATE ORNAMENTS.
Messrs FRANCIS and Co have received instructions to dispose of by PUBLIC AUCTION, on the 2nd and 3rd December next at the exhibition Rooms, No 5 Forbes Street, next door to Messrs Bennett, and Co.'s Auction Rooms, the selected collection of the most beautiful Italian ornaments in Marble, alabaster agate and Verde di Prato, consisting of handsome flower Vases, Baskets, Canopies. Fruits such as Pears, Apples Grapes. Animals such as Lions Cows, Horses, sheep, Dogs and Birds, &c. &c.
The ornaments which are now on view and may be seen daily at the exhibition Rooms between 10 and 5; will be sold to close account.

FOR SALE ON COMMISSION.
Saddlery by Wm. Mirrlees & Co. of Glasgow, Cherry Brandy and Cherry Cordial in Pints, Sherry by Stewart, in Quarts and Chillingworth's and Sons Crown Sherry, in Cases of 3 dozen each, Holland Gin in cases of 15 Bottles, Port Wine in Quarts and Pints, Cider in Quarts.
N.B.—Messrs Ritchie, Steuart & Co. have kindly permitted us to state that reference may be made to them.
FRANCIS & Co.
Forbes Street, Bombay, 24th November 1863.

BENNETT & CO.
WEEKLY SALE.
On SATURDAY, next, the 28th instant, Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will sell by PUBLIC AUCTION at their rooms, a quantity of Grey and other Piece Goods, Twists, &c., &c.
AT 1 P.M.
One English-built Buggy with Horse and Harness complete.

AN EXTENSIVE SALE OF ELECTRO-PLATED, EARTHEN AND GLASSWARE, SADDLERY, GUNS, &c. TO CLOSE AN ACCOUNT.
THIS DAY, TUESDAY, the 24th inst. Messrs. BENNETT & Co will sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, at their rooms, comprising, Best Electroplated Tea Services, Cruet Frames, Cake Baskets, Liquor and Pickle Frames, Pint and Half Pint Drinking Cups, Silver Mounted Salvers, Butter and Marmalade Pots, Mappin's Knives and Forks in Cases, Ditto of Brooke Brothers & Co Salt Cellars and Mustard Pots, Silver Mounted Buggy and Riding Whips, Papier Mache Tea Trays, Japan ditto, 5 Brass Bed Steads, 4 Iron ditto Japan Cash Boxes, Walking Sticks, Engravings, Cut Wine Glasses, Tumblers and Decanters.
1 Case 20 Enfield Rifles, Government Pattern with Bayonet, 2 Double Barrell Guns and Rifles in Case.
7 Assorted Musical Boxes.
1 Case Superior Double Photographic Albums, Plated Mounted Carriage Lamps.
18 Crates Earthenware, of newest pattern.

AUCTION SALE OF NEAT AND MODERN ENGLISH MADE, HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, PIANO &c. At MOSELEY HOUSE, FALKLAND ROAD, TARDEO.
TO-MORROW WEDNESDAY, the 25th instant Messrs BENNETT & Co. will sell by PUBLIC AUCTION at his residence as above, the handsome Household Furniture, plated Glass and Crockery-ware, &c., of Moss C. Cohen, Esq., (proceeding to Europe), the same comprises rich cut glass ware, handsome Dinner, Breakfast and Tea Set, Silver Bread Basket, rich Papier-Mache Tea Trays, etc., handsome English Drawing Room Walnut wood Suit in first rate condition, consisting of a S fa, Six Chairs, and an Easy Chair covered with rich blue Silk Damask, a pair of Chiffoniers, Card Tables, centre oblong Table, 2 Chess do, a Canterbury Music Stand, four pairs of Whatnots, a brass English Rocking Chair, handsome English solid Mahogany Side Board, Round Table, Writing Cabinet, with plate glass doors, Dressing and Washing Tables, with rich Toilet Services and fixed looking Glass, and Marble tops Commodes, Towel Horses, a Brass Bedstead, a 3 light plated hanging Argand Lamp with drops, a magnificent Cottage rosewood Pianoforte made expressly for Bombay, by the celebrated makers John Broadwood and Sons, Engravings in frames, a Chubb's Fire proof Safe, English Brussels Carpets a small quantity of carved blackwood Furniture a Pier Glass in gilt frame Flower Vases, a pair of real china and Gilt flower Jars on carved stands, Copper Cooking Utensils, and Dispense articles &c. &c.
2 Brass Bedsteads. Sundry Wines, spirit and Beer.
Unless previously sold.
3 Ponies.
1 Phaeton by Antone, Byculla.
4 Seated English Built Broughams Saddles, Bridles, &c. &c.
No catalogues, and the property is now on view.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, CARRIAGE, HORSE, &c. &c., At No. 74, UPPER COLABA.
On THURSDAY, the 26th instant, Messrs. BENNETT & Co are instructed to submit to PUBLIC AUCTION at his residence "Light House Lodge" Upper Colaba, the Household property of W. H. PAYNE, Esq., proceeding to Europe; the same comprises a set of rich cut Glass Ware, Quart and Pint Decanters, Fruit Dishes, a White and Gold Dinner and Breakfast Services, a Green and Gilt Dessert ditto, a set of 6 Plated Dish Covers, Plated butter Vegetable and Muffin Dishes, Soup Tureen, Tea Set, Water, Flute Pot, Bread Baskets, Cruet, Pickle and Egg Frames, a set of Spoons and Forks for 12, a set of Dessert Knives and Forks for 12. Fish Knife and Fork handsomely Carved Blackwood Furniture such as Dining, Circular, Pier, Work Camp and other Tables, Reclining Easy, Drawing Room Arm, and other Chairs, Conversation and Reclining Couches, Book Cases, Teapoys, Folding Chairs and Cot for district Travelling, Iron Chair and Couch, Bengal Cots, Dressing and Wash-hand Tables, Toilet Glass, Rosewood Chests of Drawers, a handsome full-toned Semi Cottage Piano, with zinc case, in good condition and made to order, 6 chamber Colt's Revolver, Double Barrel Fowling Piece, Enfield Rifle, Sword, Dressing Case, Medicine Chest, Flute, Time-piece, Bronze and Plated three-light and other Lamps, with and without Drops, by "Tucker" and "Nash," Pictures, Carpets, Bronze and Plaster of Paris Figures, Table Ornaments, Gent's Tool Chest, Telescope, Oak Plate Chest, Jubbulpore Tents, Copper Cooking utensils, Dispense articles, Books and a number of other articles.
AT 1 P.M.
A four-seated open Carriage with Pole and Shaft for one or two Horses, fitted with glass windows for the rains.
A handsome Bay Arab Horse adapted to either single or double draught.
A set of Brass mounted double Harness.
No Catalogues, and the property on view.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE AND GENUINE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c., AT MALABAR HILL.
On MONDAY, the 7th and TUESDAY the 8th December next, Messrs. BENNETT and Co., have been honored with instructions to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, at his residence, at Malabar Hill, the very valuable and genuine Household Furniture, Plate, Plated, Glass, and Porcelain Ware, &c, of the Hon'ble Sir JOSEPH ARNOULD, Knt.; the same consists of
OBJECTS OF ART AND DECORATION.
1st.—A Marble Statue of a Recumbent Nymph mounted on imitation scagliola pedestal, a very beautiful object of art.
2nd.—Two large Groups in white parian "The Finding of Moses" and "The Meeting of Isaac and Rebecca"
3rd.—Two very beautiful Gold Seivres Porcelain Vases from "Chamberlain" of Bond Street.
4th.—Two groups under glass covers, from the same, in tinted and gilt parian, style of Louis XIV.
5th.—A parian Centre Ornament for the Dinner Table—Three Female Figures supporting a tinted glass Bowl for Flowers.
6th.—Two very handsome large China Jars, mounted on richly carved Blackwood Stands.
7th.—Large Oil Color Copy, executed in Italy, with rich antique Italian frame of Domenichino's Famous Sybil.
8th.—Small Original Picture in superb Italian frame of the Madonna and Child.
9th.—Three Engravings by "Vincent Biondi," etc., of "The Holy Family," after Raphael and other Engravings, Marble Vases, etc.
10th.—An artistically designed superb large Central Table Ornament of "Elkington & Co," with Plateau, and which can be formed a six or seven light Candelabra with 2 large side Candelabras of four lights each with frosted glass Shades and Cases complete.
11th.—1 very handsome 8 Day Clock, with Black Marble Pedestal, and Bronze Roman Figure.
THE BUTLER'S ROOM
Contains a valuable Plate Chest fully supplied with a Service of Silver Shell-pattern Spoons and Forks for 12, Silver Sugar Basin, Cream Jug, Dessert Knives and Forks, Salt Cellars, Cutch worked Muffineers, &c., "Elkington's" best plated Spoons and Forks for 42 persons, sets of Dish Covers and Hotwater and Vegetable Dishes, Tea Kettle Cake Basket Waiters, Tea Tray, Dolphin Salt Cellars, Dessert Knives and Forks, Fish Knife and Fork, Cruet and Egg Frames, etc., best Ivory-handled Table Cutlery for 36, etc.
CHINA AND PORCELAIN WARE.
Handsome Porcelain Dinner, Breakfast, Tea Dessert and Coffee Services by "Gould" of South Audley Street.
CRYSTAL CUT TABLE GLASSES.
Very tastefully frosted Glass Dessert Service, a Silver-mounted Claret Jug, richly cut Decanters, Wine and Finger Glasses, etc.
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.
DINING ROOM contains three sets of Blackwood Dining Tables, viz., the longest to dine 26 persons, Round Table to dine 16, smaller do. to dine 12, Sideboard Dumb Waiter, Cane-backed Arm Chairs, Hanging Punka, Screens, Carpets, etc.
DRAWING ROOM comprises elegantly carved Blackwood Centre and Pier Tables, two Lounging Ottomans, Teapoys, Conversation Sofas and Chairs with damask, two very handsome richly carved Blackwood Cabinets, two ditto ditto, Chiffoniers, Ladies' beautifully carved Blackwood Davenport Desk made to order. Flower and Ornament Stands, China Japanned Easy Chairs, Persian Carpets, etc., etc.
Also Grand Square Pianoforte by "Broadwood & Sons," manufactured expressly for India.
LAMPS.—Plated three-light and single Hanging Argand Lamps with Drops, a glass stem Sideboard Lamp, a variety of other Hanging Argand Lamps, a very handsome large Portico Entrance Lamp by "Walker" of Bombay, with powerful reflector light.
BED AND DRESSING ROOMS are amply furnished with a handsome extra size carved Blackwood four-post Bedstead with spring Mattress, several Camp Cots, large Cheval and Toilette Glasses with Side Sconces for lights, Ladies' Washing and Toilette Tables with handsome China Furniture, Presses, Wardrobes, and a great variety of other articles of Furniture, etc., etc.
DISPENSE AND COOK ROOM
Comprises the usual requisites in general use.
GARDEN
Contains a few choice Plants in pots, Gate and Garden Lamps with Hooks and Post, etc.
Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view from Wednesday, the 2nd proximo.

FOR SALE ON COMMISSION.
Just landed per Ship *Canova*, two first rate English-built new Malvern Dog Carts, finished in the very best manner, with handsome Plated Lamps, one set of very superior Plate on German Silver Single Harness, with handsomely-chased Mountings, Ornaments and Registered Pattern, Saddle Cloths, Gentlemen's, Lady's, and Child's Saddles, with Furniture and Bridles complete. Prices moderate to effect quick sales.
A powerful Grey Riding Horse, 14-1.
An English-built open Carriage, by Silk and Brown.
An English-built Buggy by "Kinross." Price Rs. 800.
Pale Brandy in cases of one dozen each.
Good Sherry in quarts.
Holland Gin, 15 large square Bottles in a case.
A high caste Arab Bay Riding Horse, 7 years old, 14-2½ in height to be seen on a day's notice. Price Rs. 1,000.
BENNETT & Co.
No. 5, Forbes Street, Bombay, 24th November 1863.

Auction Announcements.

CRAWFORD & Co., 3, Marine Street, Bombay.
SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.
On SATURDAY, the 28th instant, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, at his residence, Napean Road, Malabar Hill, Plate, Plated, Glass, and Porcelain Ware, Carved Furniture, &c &c., of G. S. JUDGE, Esq. Full particulars will appear hereafter.

FOR SALE ON COMMISSION.
The Yacht *Sunbeam*, Cutter Rigged, Coppered and Copper-fastened, about 12 tons burthen, together with her Anchor, Cables, Sails, Stores, &c.
She is now hauled up on the shore at Sewree, and can be inspected by any intending purchaser.
Sherry, of very superior quality, quarts Rs. 21 and 27-8 per dozen.
Port, of very superior quality, quarts and pints Rs. 22 and 12 per dozen.
Brandy, "Martell's" quarts Rs. 27 per dozen.
London Stout, of the very best quality, at Rs. 3-8 per doz.
Bombay, 24th November 1863. CRAWFORD & Co.

DINSHAW HORMUSJEE & Co.
WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.
On WEDNESDAY the 25th instant, Messrs. DINSHAW HORMUSJEE & Co., will sell by PUBLIC AUCTION at their Rooms the following goods, namely
6 Cases of Hardware consisting of Hinges of Sizes, Copper Scales of Sizes, Double Jack Plains, Augurs, Hooks and Eyes, Thimbles, Hair Pins, Pins, and Brushes.
Large Gilt Frame.
A few Bales of Wall Papers.
Brass Bedsteads, Child's cradle, and Iron Baby's Cot.
A few Beam Scales of Sizes.

AN AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE GLASS, PORCELAIN, AND PLATED WARE &c., AT UPPER COLABA, NEAR THE MESS HOUSE.
THIS DAY, TUESDAY, the 24th inst., Messrs. DINSHAW HORMUSJEE & Co. will submit to sale by PUBLIC AUCTION, at his residence, Upper Colaba, near the Mess-house, all the valuable Household Furniture Plated, Glass, and Porcelain Ware, &c., the property of Doctor MAHAFFY, H. M.'s 103rd Regiment, (leaving the Presidency), the same comprises Cut Glassware, Dinner and Breakfast Sets, Plated Curry Dishes, Cruet and Pickle Frames. Plated Tea Set, Spoons and Forks, Candlesticks, Salvers, a Set of Knives and Forks, &c., and Carved Blackwood Furniture, such as Circular, Dining, Camp, and Card Tables, Teapoys, Screens, Arms and Easy Chairs, Cleopatra and Conversation Couches, Book Stands, Camp Cots, Clothes and Gown Presses, Wardrobes, Chest of Drawers, Carpets, Hanging, Argand, and Table Lamps, Copper Cooking Utensils and Dispense Articles, &c. &c.
AT 1 P.M.
One Office Shigram, with white Arab Horse.
No Catalogues, and the property is now on view.

AUCTION SALE OF TENTS &c. ON THE ESPLANADE (WITHOUT RESERVE)
TO MORROW WEDNESDAY, the 25th instant, Messrs. DINSHAW HORMUSJEE & Co. will sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, at 2 P.M. on the glacis to the North of the Church gate Sally Port, the undermentioned Tents, viz:—
5 Double-poled Tents, and 5 Single-poled Tents.
3 Bhichobas, and 2 Rowties, measuring 16-14 and 12 feet each.
To be seen from Monday, the 23rd instant.

AN AUCTION SALE OF CARVED FURNITURE, &c., IN FORT (NEXT TO ROMAN CATHOLIC CHAPEL.)
On SATURDAY, the 28th instant, Messrs. DINSHAW HORMUSJEE & Co. will sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, in the Fort. (Next to the Roman Catholic Chapel) all the remaining Carved Furniture, &c., the property of the late Dossa Samjee, deceased, and by order of Samjee Lalljee; the same comprises Circular, Pier, and Dining Tables, Side Board, Cheffoniers, Teapoys, Screens, Conversation, Half Backed, and Reclining Couches, Rocking Chairs, Flower Stands, Hatstands, Cheval Glass Towel Horses, Card and Sofa Tables, Book Cases, Wardrobes, Presses, &c. &c.
No Catalogues, and the property will be on view 3 days before the sale.

FOR SALE ON COMMISSION.
One English Built Buggy by "Wm. Kinross."
One 6 inch Theodolite with Stand and Mahogany Case, by "Elliott Brothers."
DINSHAW HORMUSJEE & Co.
Bombay, 24th November 1863

Business Announcements.

BEST FRENCH KID GLOVES.
(Just received)
J. & W. WATSON & Co.

ANDERSON & Co.,
English Boot and Shoe Manufacturers,
No. 4, MEDOW STREET,
OPPOSITE "BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE.

STAMP ENGRAVING.
HAND STAMPS of Brass for ENDORSEMENTS, ACCEPTANCES &c. engraved to order; also Seals, Door-plates, Sepoy's Belts, &c. at a REDUCED MODERATE charge.
23, Apollo Street. S. D'ESPERANCE.

TO SMOKERS.
Bristol Birds Eye ....in ¼ lb Tin and Packet.
Returns Do. Do.
York Rivers Do Do.
Latakia Do. Do.
Virginia Shag Do. Do.
Taddy's Smoking mixture Do. Do.
All in Prime condition. Meerschaum and Briar-wood Pipes, Cheroot Holders in the greatest possible variety, and every other Smoker's requisite.
TREACHER & Co., (LIMITED.)

DINNEFORD'S PURE FLUID MAGNESIA has been during twenty-five years emphatically sanctioned by the Medical Profession, and universally accepted by the Public, as THE BEST REMEDY FOR ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE, GOUT, AND INDIGESTION, and as a MILD APERIENT for delicate constitutions, more especially for Ladies and Children. Combined with the ACIDULATED LEMON SYRUP, it forms an *agreeable Effervescing Draught*, in which its aperient qualities are much increased. During HOT SEASONS, and above all, in HOT CLIMATES, the regular use of this simple and elegant remedy has been found highly beneficial. Manufactured (with the utmost attention to strength and purity,) by DINNEFORD & Co., 172, NEW BOND STREET, LONDON. And sold by all respectable Chemists throughout the World.

HAM, FLITCH, BACON AND CHEESE, &c. &c. received via the OVERLAND ROUTE MONTHLY to ensure perfect freshness.
In cut at 1½ per lb. { York and Westphalia Hams. Wiltshire Bacon in Salt and Sugar. Neats' Tongues. Bath Chops and Pigs Cheek. } At 1½ per lb.
CHEESE.
Chedder, Stilton, Pine, Somerset, Gueere / Parmesan, Gunese, Richmond, Berkley
ALL PERISHABLE PROVISIONS RECEIVED OVERLAND which are guaranteed by the undersigned
TREACHER & Co., (LIMITED.)
Bombay Fort, and Byculla) and Poona.

BILLIARDS. Messrs. TREACHER & Co. (LIMITED,) have just received a supply of BILLIARD KIT by THURSTON & Co., comprising Superfine Cloth with Pockets and Covers for Cushions, complete in tin case.
Best Ash Cues in tin cases.
Pool Balls of the fin at Ivory and warranted (sizes 1⅞, 2, 2⅛, 2¼ and 2⅜.)
Billiard Balls, (sizes 1⅞, 2, 2⅛, 2 1-16th, and 2⅛.)
Bagatelle Balls.
French Tips and Cement, Wax, and Chalks.
ALSO,
The NEW GAME OF GERMAN BILLIARDS, and numerous other new and interesting Games.
TREACHER & Co., (LIMITED.)
The Medical Hall, Byculla, Fort and Poona.

PHOTOGRAPHY.—Messrs. TREACHER & Co., (LIMITED,) OPERATIVE CHEMISTS, &c., the Medical Hall Byculla, Bombay, beg to draw the attention of Amateur and Professional Photographers to their extensive and well selected STOCK OF APPARATUS, CHEMICALS, and every other requisite for the practice of Photography; and they are now in a position to execute orders most favorably having recently extended this branch, and, to facilitate its working, fitted up Rooms especially adapted for the nature of the stock, at their commodious premises at Byculla, and further have placed a PHOTOGRAPHIC CHEMIST of GREAT EXPERIENCE in charge of this branch.

RAGOO SHAMJEE.
JUST RECEIVED per last Overland Mail of the latest fashion and make, of the best London Season.
Ladies Rich Silk Mantles and Cloaks, Kid and Silk Gloves of all colours, Cotton and Thread Stockings, Linen Collars, Garters, Fancy Muslin Bodices, Colored Berlin Wool of 12 thread with Canvas to Match, Childrens' Stockings, embroidered long Robes and Frocks, Cashmere Cloaks and Hoods, Gentlemens' Collars of the London Season, as also Silk Scarfs, of all fancy colours, Irish Linen for Shirt Collars, Scotch Lawn Prince of Wales Handkerchiefs hemmed, Masonic Aprons in improved Cases as also Ribbons for Royal Arch and Master Mason's Clothing, &c., &c.

EUROPEAN PENSIONERS' AND WIDOWS' HOME, TARDEO.—Supported by Voluntary Contributions.—Donations to the above Institution of Clothes, of Books (suitable for the Pensioners' Library), will be thankfully received and duly acknowledged by the Secretary.
Major J. T. ANNESLEY, Treasurer.
Captain TURNER, Secretary.

Insurances, &c.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.
CAPITAL £2000,000.
FIRE Premiums for year 1858............£196,148
Do. do. 1859............ 228,314
Do. do. 1860............ 262,977
Do. do. 1861............ 292,402
RESERVED FUND, £1,66,015.
Policies covering risks on Merchandise and Buildings in Bombay continue to be granted by the above Company through their Agents. DETACHED BUNGALOWS AND HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE insured on very favourable terms.
ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.
LIFE BRANCH.
The undersigned, under instructions from the Head Office, are prepared to receive Proposals for Life Assurance with the above Company from Residents in India, and will be happy to afford every information regarding Rates of Premium. Participation in Profits, &c. &c., to intending applicants for Insurance
CAMPBELL, MITCHELL & Co.
Agents Royal Insurance Company.
Bombay, 14th October 1860.

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